MORVI STATE.

ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION

REPORT.

1902-03 to 1909-10

For the year ~~1903-04~~.

00134892

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To,

HIS HIGHNESS SIR WAGHJI BAHADUR,

G. C. I. E.,

Thakore Saheb of MORVI.

May it please Your Highness.

I have the honour to submit the following annual report of the State for the year 1902-1903.

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INTRODUCTION.

Area

2. The area of the State is 913 square miles from which may be deducted the area of the villiages of Janghi, Amardi' Chandrodi and Laliana Pati ordered to be tranferred to Cutch.

Delhi Darbar

3. The most important event of the year under report is the Grand Darbar at Delhi held by His Excellency the Viceroy on the first of January to celebrate the corronation of his Most Gracious Majesty King Edward the VII, Emperor of India. All the leading Chiefs in India including Your Highness were invited by His Excellency to take part in the various functions of this memorable and auspicious occasion. Your Highness left here for Delhi on the 21st of December reaching there on the 25th Idem accompanied by principal officers and Hazuris. The functions in which Your Highness took part may be mentioned below:—

1 Grand Darbar at Amphitheatre.
2. Opening of the Art Exhibition.
3. Chapter of the orders of the Star of India and of the Indian Empire in Dewan-i-am.
4. Review of troops and parades.
5. Assualt at arms in the Amphitheatre.
6. Polo
7. Review of Native Chiefs' retainers at the Amphitheatre.
8. Fire works.
9. Ball at the Dewan-i-am.
10 Evening party in the Viceroy's camp.
11. Departure of His Excellency the Viceroy.

All functions were brought to a close on the 10th January when His Excellency the Viceroy left Delhi. Your Highness started on the 11th, reaching Morvi on the 13th.

Establishment of a port at Navalakhi

4. Another event which demands a prominent notice is the establishment of a port at Navalakhi. In order to open a route between Cutch and Kathiawar which may be available at all hours, instead of at tides only, Your Highness at a large cost made a tram road across the mud and mangrove swamps

to a place where there is water at all hours. This change of landing place, or what may commonly be called a new port was recognized by Government on your Highness' letter No. 330 of the 29th March 1902. (*Vide* Agency Notification No. 2 9 published at page 125 of the Agency Gazette of 1902). The construction of the road has unfortunately been interrupted by a temporary injunction issued by the Court of the Political Agent Hallar, on a suit by Jamnager regarding certain lands near this Bandar. This State has appealed against this order to the Agent to the Governor who has transferred it to his Judicial Assistant who will shortly dispose of it. If it were not for this interruption the road would have been completed to its terminus and would have been more useful. This route has, since the establishment of the port, been adopted by the Postal Department for His Majesty's mails to and from Cutch, which are carried by the Tram Department from Morvi to Khari Roher and *vice versa* under a contract with the Postal Department. To facilitate the carriage of mails your Highness has, in addition to the Steamer Alexandria, purchased steamer Asyent and also one more named " Scud. " This latter has not yet arrived from England and is expected shortly. The steamer service is however not a paying concern, so far, owing to the Cutch passengers coming from Khari Rohar being not allowed to travel by it.

Paneli water works

5. The Water works at Paneli referred to in the last year's report served as a good source of irrigation in the surrounding country. The total cost on the works and aqua-ducts upto the end of the year under report came to ₹ 4,66,634. The rains were not sufficient to fill up the tank to its full capacity. However it irrigated 451¼ acres of land with the crops as under.

Crops	Acres
Sugar	24
Wheat	427¼
Total...	451¼

Wooden flooring

6. The test wooden flooring referred to in the last year's report has stood very well but owing to want of funds the project of extending it on main roads has had to be put off till more favourable times.

Changes in the personnal of the staff

7. It is with regret that I have to record the death of our late experienced and energetic acting Dewan, Azam Amarchand Jhaverchand who after an illness of several months breathed his last in the beginning of March at the age of 62 years. His permanent place was that of Nayeb Dewan and as such he was the head of the Revenue

Department. On his death the work of the Revenue Department has been temporarily entrusted to Azam Pragji M. Patel B. A. in addition to his duties as the Superintendent of Educational Department. The work of the Dewan's office is done by me in addition to my duties as Hazur Personal Assistant, other miscellaneous work being entrusted to the Private Secretary.

Appreciation of Azam Amerchand's services.

8. In appreciation of Azam Amerchand's service's Your Highness have been pleased to appoint his eldest son Mr. Mayashanker in the Revenue Department giving Mr. Mayashanker's place in the Railway to his brother Mr. Keshavlal.

Resignation by Dr. Banaji

9. Dr. Banaji, the Chief Medical Officer resigned his appointment towards the end of the year in order to have private practice at Colombo. His work was temporarily entrusted to his Senior Hospital Assistant Mr. Narayenrao. Recently Dr. Krishnarao Narayan Bam L. M. &. S. has been appointed to this place on three months' probation.

Plague

10. The dire demon of plague from which Morvi was absolutely free upto now, unfortunately made its appearance in February. As soon as it was declared, the people began to evacuate the town and as this was the only safe weapon to fight with, Your Highness encouraged the evacuation with the result that there has been total evacuation and consequent suppression of the development of plague. Some of the surrounding villages to which the town people emigrated were infected a little but the measures adopted for removing the plauge cases at once to the plague house have effectually arrested its progress and this terrible disease is now altogether stampted out.

II GENERAL CONDITION AND RESOURCES.

Rain fall

11. The rain last year was very scanty with the result that the land revenues almost failed during the year under report. This year there was no timely rain. It only commenced in the month of Shrawan and was just about the average in Morvi and Adhoi while it fell short of average in Tankare as will be seen from the following table.

Mahal	1901-1902.	1902-19
Morvi	6·69	20·26
Tankara ...	8·26	11·46
Adhoi	11·20	18·86

12. The rains being untimely and uneven as stated above and there being lack of one late rain, the revenues this year are expected to be about ten annas in the rupee.

Famine

13. While the effect of the last famine was not at an end, the year under report turned out equally bad. As stated in the last year's report the sowing operations proved abortive owing to very scanty rain and so relief operations had to be continued.

Relief to agriculture.

14. The following table will show the relief given to agriculturists as such.

Nature of relief.	Quantity mds.	Amount.	Remarks.
	*	Rs	
Food grain.	39628	41858-0-0	*This grain was left to the cultivators for their food, instead of being recovered towards the advances made during famine.
Seeds.	16336½	26450-5-4	
Bullocks.	...	25935-0-0	
Total.	55964½	94243-5-4	

Charitable relief.

15. The relief given to orphans and to in-capaciated persons came to Rs 20134 while private relief given to respactable poor came to Rs 900.

Relief works.

16. Several works were carried on by the Public Works Department which supplied relief to all classes of labourers and artisans. The total amount spent by this Department during the year under report is Rs 2,26,788-6-10. Out of these the following may be mentioned as proper relief works for labourers.

Name of works.	Cost during year under report.	Remarks.
	Rs	
Water works and irrigation canals	2400-0-0	
Bunder road ...	84545-9-1	
Tankara line ...	2000-0-0	
Total Rs	88945-9-1	

17. The assistance given to Bhayats, Girasias and other land-holders in the shape of loans on the security of their lands, amounted to Rs. 148133 and in the shape of purchase money of a portion of their holdings amounts to Rs. 20530-7-2. The advance made from time to time in anticipation of the execution of deeds came to Rs. 11323-3-11.

18. Thus the amount spent, exclusive of those mentioned in the preceding para, on relief operations during the year under report came to Rs. 204222-14-5.

Public Health.

19. The general health was on the whole good until the month of February when plague broke out as stated in para 10 supra. The chief ordinary disease during the year was fever. The mortality during the year under report was 2741 against 1777 births. Out of the number of deaths recorded, 62 were caused by plague.

Manufacture and trade. Spinning and Weaving Mill

20. The chief articles of manufacture are cotton and woolen country cloth. For manufacturing better kind of cloth and also for giving labour to Morvi subjects, a Spinning and Weaving Mill was established by the State as a trial but as the price of cotton rose and the demand for cloth was, owing to famine, slackened, the Mill had to be stopped. The intention was to resume it during more fabourable circumstances which have not yet manifested themselves.

Export and Import.

21. The import trade by land and sea was of the total value of Rs. 1798739-9-7 and the export trade of Rs. 225697-11-10 as compared with the preceding year during which they came to Rs. 825908-13-10 and Rs. 573567-7-7 respectively. This shows that there was a large increase in imports and a very large decrease in export. This result is due to the failure of revenues during the year under report owing to absolute drought.

22. The chief articles of export from this State in ordinary years consist of Cotton, Oil, Ghee, Cotton-Seeds, Molasses, Wool almost all sorts of Grain, Bones, Horns, Hides &c. while the import trade consists of Timber, Cotton, Woolen and Silk cloth, precious and other metals, Sugar, Kerosine-oil, Coal &c. During the last four years grain became an article of import to a very large extent owing to severe scarcity.

Gas Factory.

23. Gas factory continues to be closed for the reasons given in the last year's report, the prospects having not improved during the year undor report.

Ginning Factory.

24. There is a Gienning Factory and Full Press in Morvi. But it was hard to find work for them owing to the last famine as also to the leanness of the year under report.

III REVENUE.

Land Revenue.

25. The land revenues chiefly consist of Khatabandhi. The last famine necessitated the entire remission of the Khatabandhi in the year 1900. The famine was succeeded by a lean year and so the State had to resort to Bhagbatai system where the Ryots were unable to pay the fixed assessment. The year under report turned out to be worse and very much like the famine, and so the Khatabandhi had to be abandoned and wherever there were slight revenues a share in kind was taken out of them, the value of which came to only Rs. 73827-6-2 as against 305325-4-1 realised during the previous year. It may be mentioned for the sake of comparison that the fixed Khatabandhi comes to about six lacs and a half on average. Thus the year under report may fairly be said to be a total failure so far as land revenues are concerned.

Irrigation.

26. Besides the Paneli water-works noticed in the beginning of this report the sources of irrigation are wells to which the State had, during the recent famine, devoted its best energies and funds. In fact the work of excavating wells was started at once as they served two purposes, one as relief work and the other as a means of irrigation. The number of wells at the end of the last year was 4249 to which 5 were added during the year under report making a total of 4254. As regards the existing wells I may observe that the large outlay on wells, incurred during the famine year, did not prove of much use when the rains were not sufficient in-as-much as in some there was lack of water while in others water turned out brackish. In the year of good rains however most of these wells are expected to serve well as a source of irrigation.

Other Revenues.

27. Other sources of revenues to the State are Mandvi, Bham, other farms Salt, Dan, Jama, Judicial receipts and other miscellaneous levies.

28. The following table shows the gross revenues of the State as well as the expenditure, for the revenue year ending with September as compared with those of the preceding year, excluding of course the Railway and Tramway concerns which are uncertain items and cannot be entered as constant items of State revenues:—

	1901-1902	1902-1903	Increase	Decrease
Revenues.....	653363-7-7	287680-7-7	...	365683-0-0
Expenditure.....	913433-4-10	631428-13-4	...	282004-7-6

29. The above shows that the year under report was meagre in the extreme verging parctically to a second famine at the top of the famine of St. 1956 and of the subsequent lean year. The expenses as in the last year exceeded the revenues by Rs. 343748-5-9 and this illustrates the difficulties which the State has had to meet. It was accordingly obliged to request for a suspension of tribute remaining due and Government were pleased to grant the request. With this exception the State has managed to stand upon its own legs in conducting the administration which it may be noted, is not a little satisfaction, especially when works of public utility including relief works are not overlooked.

IV RAILWAY.

30. The Railway line works well as hitherto and reflects credit on the management. The gross earnings of the year were Rs. 305058 as against Rs. 358663 of the preceding year. The main causes of decrease in gross earnings are:—

(1) Block rates in goods traffic levied by the B. G. J. P. Railway from 15th April 1902 to the detriment of the Morvi Railway as under.
   (a) Decrease of rate on grain and Jaggree by 4 pies via Dhola section
   (b) Increase of terminal charges from 4 pies to 8 pies for goods via Morvi Railway.
   (c) Levy of transhipment charges 4 pies per maund by the B. G. J. P. Railway at Rajkot Junction although it does not cost one pie in addition to the moiety of actual expenses paid by the Morvi Railway. The Government of India viewed these charges with disfavour and although the Manager B. G. J. P. Railway was addressed on the subject on several occasions he does not withdraw them which is detrimental to the revenue of this Railway and the Railway Manager thinks the matter is one which should be taken up by Government.

(2) Plague in Rajkot during the second half of the year.

(3) Importation of goods into Kathiawar by sea from Karachi.

(4) Reduction made by the B. G. J. P. Railway in 3rd class passenger fares between Wadhwan Junction and Jetalsar via Dhola route.

There was a slight increase in sundry traffic chiefly due to hire of waggons lent to the Morvi State Tramway.

The decrease in cotton traffic is chiefly due to less out turn of the same on account of failure of the rains.

Working expenses

31. The working expenses amounted to Rs. 191759 as against Rs. 233129 of the preceding year. The decrease is due mainly to the less train mileage run owing to less traffic. The net earnings came to Rs 113299 on a capital of about Rs 25,00000 which gives about 4½ per cent on the outlay. This percentage is of

course low when compared with that of the previous years and this is due to the dire famine of st. 1959 and subsequent bad years. It may however be said to the credit of Mr. Burke, the Officiating Manager, that this percentage is due to his very careful and economic management marked as it is by the deep personal interest he has been taking.

32. The work of conversion did not proceed further to any appreciable extent during the year under report. The preliminaries &c. were arranged they cost Rs 3271 during the year under report, which being added to the amount spent on the conversion work upto the last year came to Rs 185900. It is however expected that the work which is now being pushed on will be finished by the end of 1904 provided the required funds are forthcoming for which Your Highness is arranging.

V TRAMWAY.

33. The experiment of the Mallia branch of the Tramway having failed the Tramway authorities proposed to remove it. The Mallia Taluka protested against it and the matter was pending befor the Agency as stated in the last year's report. Recently the subject has been disposed of by the Agent to the Governor under instructions from Government permitting the removel of the said branch.

34. The Tankara line has had to be temporarily taken off as the permanent way was required for the Bunder road and will be restored as soon as the rails are available.

35. The gross earnings of the Tramway system were Rs 70038-13-1 and the working expenses came to Rs 37050-8-6¼ leaving a net earning of Rs 32988-4-6¾ on a capital of about 5,00000 which gives about 6½ percent on the outlay.

VI PRINTING PRESS.

36. As stated in the last year's report the State Steam Press was consumed by fire on the 20th of November 1901. It is intended to establish a new Press, but owing to want of funds the intention has not yet been carried out. It is however expected that the Press will be restored before long.

VII CIVIL AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

37. Eor the administration of civil and criminal justice there are the following Courts in the State.

1. Hazur Court.
2. Dewan's Court.
3. Sir Nyayadhish Court.
4. Dewani Nyayadhish Court.
5. Small Cause Court.
6. First Class Magistrate Court, Morvi.
7. Adhoi Mahalkari's Court.
8. Tankara Mahalkari's Court.
9. Wawania Thandar's Court.
10. Jetpur Thandar's Court.
11. Tankara Thandar's Court.

38. The Court of the Mahalkaris and the Thandars (7 to 11) are specially established to ensure speedy justice to the village people in petty cases and with this object in view they are invested with the powers of a third class Magistrate and in civil cases with powers to hear suits up to Rs 50. For greater facility to the Adhoi people, the powers of Adhoi Mahalkari have been raised to those of the second class Magistrate.

39. The following table shows the amount of original civil work performed by the several courts during the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year.

No.	Courts.	Balance of 1901-1902	Filed during the year 1902-1903	Total		Disposed of		Balance		Remarks.
				1901-02	1902-1903	1901-02	1902-1903	1901-02	1902-1903	
1	Sir Nyayadhish Court ..... Small Cause Court.	6	81	140	87	134	80	6	7	
2	Diwani Nyayadhish Court ..... Small Cause Court.	68	637	866	705	798	629	68	76	
3	Adhoi Mahalkari C.	1	16	17	17	16	17	1	...	
4	Tankara Mahalkari Court	...	38	82	38	82	38	...	...	
5	Tankara Thandar's Court	...	82	52	82	52	78	...	4	
6	Wawania Thandar's Court	...	53	38	53	38	53	...	...	
7	Jetpur Thandar's Court	...	92	92	92	92	89	...	3	
	Total ...	75	999	1287	1074	1212	984	75	90	

40. The total number of suits filed during the year under report was 999 against 1236 of the preceding year showing a decrease of 237 and the number disposed of was 984 against 1212 which also shows a decrease of 228 as compared with the previous year. The decrease is due to the leanness of the year which affected the judicial business also.

41. The appellate civil work done during the year under review as compared with that of the preceding year is given below:—

No.	Tribunals	Balance.	Filed during the year.	Total,		Disposed of		Balance	
				1901-1902	1902-1903	1901-1902	1902-1903	1901-1902	1902-1903
1	Hazur Court..... (Special Appeal)	8	11	19	19	11	17	8	2
2	Diwan's Court ..... (First Appeal)	7	32	36	39	29	30	7	9
3	Sir Nyayadhish.....	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...
	Total ...	15	44	55	59	40	48	15	11

42. The above table will show that the number of appeals disposed of during the year is 48 as against 40 disposed of during the preceding year and this result is, as Your Highness will observe, satisfactory.

Value of suits.

43. The Total value of original suits disposed of during the year under report was Rs 21414-9-9 and of appeals Rs 101602-10-7 making a total of Rs 123017-4-4 as against Rs. 83114-15-6 of the preceding year showing an increase of Rs. 39902-4-10.

Execution decrees.

44. The total number of decrees executed during the year was 1182 as against 1069 of the preceding year showing an increase of 113.

45. The number of cases committed to the sessions during the year under report was 16 which with the balance of the last year viz. 3 came to 19 which all were disposed of during the year. The number of accused implicated in the 19 cases disposed of was 39 of whom 36 were convicted and sentenced and 3 were acquitted and discharged.

46. The number of cases disposed of by all criminal Courts was 767 involving 1199 persons during the year under report against 871 cases involving 1505 persons of the last year indicating decrease of 104 cases with 306 persons involved in them.

47. Of the total number of 1199 brought to trial 805 were convicted and sentenced and 394 were acquitted and discharged. The number 394 includes persons against whom the charges brought were either compounded or withdrawn.

48. The number of persons sentenced to more than six month's rigorous imprisonment was 54, the number sentenced to a less punishment was 395 and the number fined only was 338; and 18 were whipped. Last year they were 48-568-361 and 85 respectively.

49. Fines to the amount of Rs. 8975-4-0 were inflicted as against Rs. 5413-6-0 in the preceding year. The amount realized was Rs 1507-0-9 as against Rs 2828-10-1 last year.

50. The total number of offenders during the year was 1212 as against 1505 last year

51. The subjoined table gives the amount of criminal work during year.

Offences reported		Persons dealt with							Persons tried.						
			Brought to trial in 1902-1903				Total.								
1901-1902	1902-1903	remaining at the end of the previous year.	Arrested by Police	On Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily surrendered.	Received by extradition	1901-1902	1902-1903	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining untried at the end of the year.	No. of cases remaining undisposed of at the end of the year.
1109	953	40	683	44	466	3	9	1505	1212	190	204	805	4	9	7

52. The undermentioned table shows the appellate criminal work disposed of during the year.

No.	Tribunal.	No. of appellants.	Appeals rejected	Number of persons.						
				sentence.			Proceedings quashed.	Further inquiry ordered.	Referred.	Pending.
				Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.				
1	Hazur Court	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
2	Diwan Court	11	...	6	2	3	...	...	...	...
3	Sir Nyayadhish Court ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	12	...	6	2	4	...	...	...	...

53. Besides the appellate work the Hazur Court exercises the powers of revision and reference in regard to the decisions of the subordinate courts in civil as well as criminal cases and the following table shows its working in the exercise of those powers.

	Last year's Balance	Filed during the year	Disposed of	Balance.
Civil revision	6	20	23	3
Criminal revision	3	7	9	1
Criminal reference ...	...	3	3	...
Total...	9	30	35	4

VIII. JAILS and LOCK-UPS.

54. There is one Jail in Morvi with four lock-ups at Tankara, Wawania, Jetpur and Adhoi.

55. The tabular statement given below gives the total number of prisoners remaining in the Jail and Lock-ups at the end of the last year as well as the number admitted during the year under report with cost of their maintenance.

No. of Jails and lock-ups.	Number of prisoners.			Remaining at the end of the year	Daily average.		Cost of maintaining prisoners.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total		1901-1902.	1902-1903.	
5	124	642	766	110	132·24	115·806	5314-8-4

IX. POLICE.

56. The following table shows the present strength of the police, foot and mounted including village police.

	Mounted	Foot	Total	Remarks.
Stipendiary	43	899	942	
Pasaitas enjoying lands ...	...	138	138	
Total...	43	1037	1080	

57. This is exclusive of the Police Superintendent, Assistant Police Superintendent and five Thandars who are all mounted.

58. The total cost of maintaining the stipendiary force is Rs 65127-14-0.

59. The following table shows the working of the police during the year.

Offences reported		Accused arrested		Accused sent for trial		Accused convicted		Accused acquitted or discharged		Percentage of convicted to accused arrested		Percentage of convicted to accused sent for trail	
1901-1902.	1902-03.	1901-1902.	1902-03.	1901-1902.	1902-03.	1901-1902.	1902-03.	1901-1902.	1902-03.	1901-1902.	1902-03.	1901-1902.	1902-03.
897	614	1061	640	1061	640	886	557	160	72	83·5	$87\frac{1}{32}$	83·5	$87\frac{1}{32}$

X. MUNICIPALITIES.

60. There are altogether four Municipalities, viz:-Morvi, Tankara, Wawania and Adhoi which are all maintained by the State. The work is carried on with care. Roads are cleaned, watered and lighted at night. They are kept in good repairs and in Morvi metalled and rolled by a steam roller. The cost of Municipality in Morvi alone is Rs 6086-3-6 per year. A new road has been made on the river face wall with ornamental railing and on the other side of it good houses of taste and uniformity are partly constructed. The situation of this road along the river side makes it very charming especially when it is lighted at night.

61. Privies are constructed on sanitary principles for the public in Morvi and additions are being made as necessity arises.

62. A public park has been made just in the vicinity of the town in order that people might easily take advantage of it in the evening when the day's work is over. The park itself is an attraction and to make it further attractive the Darbari band is made to play there every Monday evening when the park is full of people.

Public Park.

Club House.

63. To provide a more lively and interesting recreation for Darbari Officers and Gentlemen of position a splendid Club house called the " Anand Bhuvan Club " was constructed with complete furniture at a cost of about Rs 10,000 on the bank of the Kalandhri river. All sorts of indoor and outdoor games are provided there. This is a great boon and shows the generosity and interest Your Highness is taking for the physical amelioration of Gentlemen who are in need of such recreation. It was laid open on the 1st of may 1899 and I am glad to report it is well attended to by officers and gentlemen and has been well appreciated as a real boon.

Library.

64. There is one library in Morvi where good many papers both English and Vernacular are received. Most of them are contributed to by the State. There is also a good stock of books therein. As is noticed in previous reports it is amalgamated with the Anand Bhuvan Club.

Fire Engine and Pump.

65. There is a fire Engine and also a hand fire-pump both of which are of great use in cases of fires breaking out. On the signal being made by the police of a fire having broken out all the Darbari servants and officials are required to be present on the spot to render all possible assistance on that occasion.

XI. MEDICAL.

66. The following table shows the amount of medical relief afforded by the State Hospitals and dispensaries during the year together with the cost of maintaining them.

No.	Hospitals and dispensaries.	Patients.			Cost of maintaining	Remarks.
		Indoor	Out door	Total		
1	Morvi	...	13225	13225	3163-13-1	
2	Morvi Asylum ...	78	...	78	1740- 3-3	
3	Tankara ...	...	4569	4569	450-11-3	
4	Jetpur	...	2616	2616	425- 3-6	
5	Wawania ...	...	1001	1001	353-10-4	
6	Adhoi	...	4555	4555	502-11-9	
	Total ...	78	25966	26044	6636- 5-2	

XII. VACCINATION.

67. This Department has been under the direct supervision of the State since January 1897. The work is distributed in two circles, for each of which a vaccinator is provided. The vaccinators do their work under the immediate and direct supervision of the Chief Medical Officer and his Hospital Assistants.

68. The subjoined table will show the working of this department during the year.

1	Primary vaccination	1391
2	Re-vaccination	0
		1391

XIII. POPULATION.

69. The total population of the State according to the census of 1891 was 1,14,810; of this 1,05,516 were in Machhukantha and the remaining 9294 in the Adhoi Mahal in Wagad and in Amberdi. The population according to the recent census is 92,777 including the Adhoi Mahal which shows a large decrease due mostly to cholera which raged during the famine and to the famine fever which succeeded it.

70. During the year under report 1771 births and 2741 deaths were reported as against 1115 births and 2837 deaths during the preceding year.

XIV. FOREST.

71. Forests are reserved in villages. In most of them babul trees were planted during the year under review. The number of trees newly planted during the year under report was 4500 making up a total of 1,60,235. From this number are excluded 14640 trees the wood of which was used by the State and given to cultivators for agricultural purposes.

72. The amount of land covered by forests was 6930 bighas at the end of the preceding year to which 163 were added during the year under report.

XV. THE STATE STUD.

73. At the end of the last year there were 217 brood mares. Out of which 16 died during the year leaving a balance of 201. Out of these 123 are Kathiawadi, 28 Australian, 2 Khachari, 43 English and 5 Arab. They are all in good condition. Experience has shown that waler mares do not breed well here. English, country breds and Kathis have proved to be good brood mares. Of the young stock 42 are under one year, 8 under two years 4 under three years, 38 under four years and 81 under 5 years making up a total of 173. They are all promising. Care is taken to give them good exercise and proper diet. Expenses per head of one year old is 115-4-9 and four years Rs. 213-13-3.

Brood mares.

Young Stock.

74. There are 11 stallions. All of them are in good condition. Of these 5 are English 4 Arab and 2 Kathiawadi. Thay are well built and proved to be good sires.

Stallions.

75. 168 mares were put to the stallions during the year.

76. There are 12 stables including one sick ward. The boxes of the stables are roomy, large, ventilated and clean.

Stables.

77. There is one Veterinary hospital to treat sick animals and its working is satisfactory. This Hospital is also open to the public.

Veterinary Hospital.

XVI. PUBLIC WORKS.

78. The total expenditure incurred during the year under report was Rs. 2,26,788-6-10. Rs. 1108-6-0 were spent on finishing incomplete works.

Rs. 1,75,645-4-3 were spent on new works and on repairs, the chief of which are:—

Name of building	Spent during the year
Navalakhi road...	101545-9-1
The palace repairs	10410-3-9
Foundation work of the new Victoria Hospital ...	507-15-3
Other miscellaneous repairs	63181-8-2
Total...	175645-4-3

Rs. 5450-0-10 have been spent on repairing the Steam launch which ran between Navlakhi and Khari Rohar.

The cost of maintaining the Department and that of other miscellaneous works and repairs executed by it during the year amounted to Rs. 44584-11-9.

XVII. SURVEYS.

79. This Department was under the State Engineer with the designation of Survey Superintendent. The State Engineer having been put in charge of the Railway conversion work this Department has been placed under the Superintendent of Lekh department.

80. The ordinary work done by this Department during the year under report was the Buta Survey of lands permanently leased under the new Buta System. Much of the work of this Department during the year under report consisted of surveying lands mortgaged or sold by Bhayats, Girasias and other land-holders to the State and in demarkating and mapping the same.

XVIII. EDUCATION.

81. There is one High School and 47 Gujarati Schools in this State. The

High School.

High School was laid open on 12th April 1892. It is a Charitable institution established after and in memory of the late lamented sister of your Highness Ba Shri Vakhtuba. Its Head Master is a B. A. and there are 2 other B. A.s as first and second Assistants. They are all of the Bombay University. It has also a sufficient staff of teachers in Sanskrit, Persian and science. The average attendance was 223. In the last Matriculation examination 10 boys were sent up, out of which 7 came out successful which is equal to 70 p. c. This result is satisfactory and shows the worth of the education given in this High School.

82. To the High school there are attached a decent Library and a splendid Laboratory, towards the maintenance of which a handsome grant is sanctioned every year. Provision is also made for the physical education of the boys. A cricket club has been established and a gymnasium and a tennis Court are provided. The boys have a reading room of their own and hold weekly meetings for their mutual improvement.

83. The Vakhtuba Charitable Vernacular School contains 184 boys and

Vakhtuba Charitable Vernacular School.

it is managed by an old and experienced senior hand assisted by one trained teacher and three other Assistants. The average attendance of boys in the School was 153.

84. There are two Gujarati Branch schools in Morvi containing 441 boys

Gujarati Branch School..

They are managed by two masters assisted by 13 Assistants.

85. There are two girls' Schools with 168 girls. The average daily attendance is 112·5. One in Morvi is managed by

Girls' School.

a trained Lady teacher with 3 Assistants. Besides this staff there is a female engaged to teach embroidery work.

86. This was established in memory of the late Thakore Saheb. It is

Rawaji Raj Pathshala.

under the fostering care of a well known Sanskrit poet and celebrated Shastri Bhat Shankarlal Maheshwar. 16 pupils take tution there. This institution is doing good and useful work in keeping alive our ancient literature.

87. The Schools in Morvi had to be temporarily closed towards the end of the year owing to the out-break of plague.

88. There are 42 Darbari Schools in the districts with 1110 boys. The average daily attendance is 681, There was a considerable fall in the number of boys, and also in that of the schools in the year before the last owing to severe famine in the country; but the number as well as attendance is improving since these two years.

Darbari Schools in the District.

89. In an essentially agricultural country like India the prosperity of a district depends on the condition of the cultivating classes. Besides irrigation and such other works which would conduce to the material prosperity of these people elementary education is sure to prove to be an undoubted boon to them. With this view village schools were opened in the State and they were 65 in number. To prevent mischief likely to be inflicted by marchants on illiterate peasants compulsory education had been introduced. The period for this compulsory teaching was confined to the time required for the study of the rudiments of reading, writing and arithmetic. Some of such schools however, with less than 10 students had had to be closed owing to the effects of famine prevailing in the country and of subsequent bad years.

Village Schools.

90. The total number of schools is 48 in all, attended by 1995 pupils in a district of 913 square miles inhabited by 92,777 souls.

91. The total amount of expenditure of this department is for the year under report Rs 16087-0-0 and the cost of educating comes to Rs. 8-0-8 per pupil.

Morvi 1st July 1903.

I have the honour to be,

Your Highness, most obedient servant,

MORARJI M. PANDYA,

for Diwan.

MORVI STATE.

ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION

REPORT.

For the year 1903-4.

Morvi.

Printed at the State Press.

1904.

To,

HIS HIGHNESS SIR WAGHJI BAHADUR,

G. C. I. E.,

Thakore Saheb of MORVI.

May it please your Highness,

I have the honour to submit the following annual report of the State for the year 1903-1904.

INTRODUCTION.

Area.

2. The area of the State is 913 square miles, from which may be deducted the area of the villages of Janghi, Ambardi, Chandrodi and Laliana Pati ordered to be transferred to Cutch. A portion of these lands has been requested to be transferred back to this State in lieu of a sum of money due from Bediats.

Death of Vahu Shri Nana Maniba Saheb.

3. This year has witnessed the melancholy event of the sad death of your Highness's youngest wife, Vahu Shri Nana Maniba Saheb, which occurred on 28th March 1903. She was an accomplished lady of catholic virtues and her death has cast a deep gloom all over the State. Soon after her death your Highness started on a pilgrimage tour. Leaving Morvi on the 11th April your Highness performed the requisite ceremonies and visited the sacred temples and shrines at Muttra, Hardwar, Ajodhya, Benares, Gya, Jagannath Puri, Allahabad, and several eminent towns and cities, including, Columbo, returning here in the end of June.

Pilgrimage tour.

District tour.

4. At the close of the monsoon your Highness started on a district tour in the State, visiting all the villages in the Punchkoshi and Northern Divisions and a part of the Eastern Division. This tour has greatly conduced to the welfare and happiness of the ryots, who were accorded a full opportunity to lay their grievances, if any, before your Highness at their very homes. Your Highness has personally acquainted yourself with their actual condition, both social and pecuniary, and their agricultural materials and has examined their bullocks on which their agriculture so largely depends. The revenue divisions have since been reorganized and the several Vahiwatdars have been mutually transferred to secure efficiency and integrity in the revenue service.

5. The foundation stone of a series of temples to be constructed in memory of Vahu Shri Nana Maniba Saheb was laid by your Highness on the 8th February,

last. In these temples there will be installed idols of the revered gods of the different sects of the Hindu religion; and erected near the Vakhtuba Charitable High School, they will certainly form an elegant addition to the mass of magnificent structures of which the city of Morvi can so well boast.

Foundation stone of temples.

6. Another incident which requires brief notice in this connection is the performance by your Highness of several religious rites and ceremonies in accordance with the mandates of the Shastras, the prominent among which was the Ashtotar Shat Paran which means one hundred and eight recitals of the Shrimat Bhagwat. This lasted for seven days during which the Brahmins and other poor people were feasted and presents in shape of precious clothes, jewels and cash were distributed. The performance of these ceremonies has practically honoured the revered Sanskrit literature and science and in fact given stimulus to their study.

Sapta Paran.

7. As regards the tram-road to this Port the injunction referred to in the last year's report was, during the present year, discharged by the learned Judicial Assistant on the ground that the Nowanagar State had really no case and also that the road caused it no damage. Accordingly it was finished upto its destination where a temporary wooden landing place is made, which enables passengers to land on it direct from the launch running between Navlakhi and Khari Rohar. This facility has contributed very much to the comforts of the public travelling from and to Cutch. A similar landing place is also proposed to be made for goods, which will enable the cargo to be loaded and discharged direct to and from the ships. It may be noted that this temporary arrangement is made pending the construction of a Paca quay both for passengers and goods.

The Port of Navlakhi.

8. On the death of Azam Amerchand Jhawerchand, Acting Dewan, which occurred last March, the work of the Revenue Department was temporarily entrusted to Azam Pragji M. Patel in addition to his duties as Superintendent of the Educational Department, as stated in the last year's report. On return from pilgrimage your Highness took the revenue portfolio in your hands with the result that various improvements have been effected in the department. The work of the Dewan's office continues to be done by me in addition to my duties as Hazoor Personal Assistant, other miscellaneous work being done by the Private Secretary, and the judicial work of the Dewan's Court by the Special Officer.

Changes in the personnel of the staff.

Confirmation of Dr. Bam.

9. Dr. KrishnaRao Narayan Bam, L. M. &. S., who was appointed Chief Medical Officer last year on three months, probation, on the resignation of Dr. Banaji, was confirmed in the year under report.

Appointment of a Police Inspector.

10. Mr. Pratapsangji Ramsangji Jadeja was appointed Police Inspector in the year under report. He has been a helping hand to the Police Superintendent.

11. Mr. Amratlal Talakshi Mehta B. A. L. L. B., Dewani Nyayadhish, having taken one year's leave in December last his work is temporarily transferred to the Sir Nyayadhish, Azam Ranchhorlal Sewakram Dave, the Small Cause Court work being placed under the Special Officer, Azam Valabhdas Sunderji Ved, who acts as Sessions Judge and also as Civil and Criminal appellate Judge.

Locusts and Frost.

12. It may be mentioned with regret that this year witnessed the visitation of locusts and frost. The locusts caused serious damage in some villages and frost partially injured the cotton crops.

Plague.

13. The inhabitants of Morvi, who had for some time lived out of the town in consequence of plague, returned at the outset of the year under report. Since then there was fortunately no plague in Morvi. Every care is taken to keep the town clean and all sanitary and preventive measures are adopted under your Highness's instructions and orders to ward off this dire disease.

II GENERAL CONDITION AND RESOURCES.

Rainfall.

14. There was good rain this year, but the monsoon set in rather late and ceased abruptly without any showers at the close of the season. It was however about the average in all the districts as will be seen from the following table.

Mahal	1902-1903.	1903-1904.
Morvi	20-26	23-48
Jetpur ...	30-57	22-62
Wawania ...	17-80	23-38
Tankara ...	11-46	18-65
Adhoi	18-86	23-93

The rains being later and the mónsoon lacking in one last rain the revenues this year would have been about 12 annas in the rupee. But the rates of cotton being good they have contributed to improve the revenues as well as the condition of the cultivators in the cotton producing districts. This would have been still better if the locusts and frost had not injured the crops.

15. The prices of the food grain being low since last year which turned out to be tolerably fair, it was not necessary to continue relief operations to the cultivators except the loan of bullocks to some of them.

Charitable relief.

16. In the orphanage house maintained under the supervision of the Assistant Superintendent of Police 670 orphans were fed and clothed with a cost of Rs 1315-0-8, while private relief given to the respectable poor came to Rs 312-14-9.

Relief works.

17. Several works were carried on by the Public Works Department which supplied relief to all classes of labourers and artizans. The total amount spent by this Department during the year under report is Rs 1,23,226-2-9. Out of these the following may be mentioned as works supplying labour to artizan and other labouring classes.

Names of works.	Cost during the year under report.	Remarks.
	Rs	
The Palace on the river banks and its verandah.	6,250-8-2	
The Nawalakhi works	12,434-1-6	
Vahu Shri Nana Maniba's Ghats	2,667-5-6	
Old launch repairs and construction of new ones	40,814-5-7	
Special repairs	2,949-10-10	
Total Rs...	65,115-15-7	

18. The assistance, given to Bhayats, Girasias and other landholders in the shape of loans on the security of their lands, amounted to Rs. 41,677, and in the shape of purchase money of a portion of their holdings amounts to Rs. 2790-15-9. The advance made from time to time in anticipation of the execution of deeds came to Rs. 1095-1-8.

19. The year under report commenced with the cessation of plague in the city of Morvi. It had made its appearance in February, but thanks to the prompt arrangements made under your Highness's orders, it totally subsided at the end of the last year; and though in the year under report it claimed 118 victims out of 173 that were infected in the entire state the general health was on the whole good. The chief ordinary disease during the year was ague. The mortality during the year under report was 2404 deaths against 1659 births.

Public health.

20. The chief articles of manufacture are cotton and woolen country cloth. The Spinning and Weaving Mill that was established a few years ago for manufacturing better kind of cloth and for supplying labour to the subjects of the State as an experiment had to be stopped in consequence of high price of cotton and slackness in the demand for cloth—which was one of the outcomes of the famines of St. years 1956 and 1958. If nature will be more favourable next year, it is anticipated that the Mill will resume its work.

Manufacture and Trade Spinning and weaving mill.

21. The import trade by land and sea was of the total value of Rs. 12,36,316-5-2 and the export trade of Rs. 8,80,015-12-1½ as compared with the amounts of the preceding year which came to Rs. 17,98,739-9-7 and Rs. 2,25,697-11-10 respectively. The large increase in the export was owing to better cotton crops.

Export and import.

22. The chief articles of export from this State in ordinary years consist of cotton, oil, ghee, cotton-seeds, molasses, wool, almost all sorts of grain, bones, horns, hides &c, while the import trade consists of timber, cotton, woolen and silk cloth, precious and other metals, kerosine-oil, coal &c. Grain which had become an article of import during the last few years on account of famine has now fortunately become an article of export.

23. The gas factory still continues to be closed for reasons given in previous reports.

Gas factory.

24. There is a Ginning factory and a Full Press in Morvi. The Ginning factory was originally established by Sheth Umer Jamal, to whom money was advanced by the State who now holds ½ share by purchase and the other ½ share under mortgage. The gins and the engine being very old this factory does not work well. Its work during the year under report shows that only 6162 maunds of cotton were ginned, the income being Rs. 3735-0-4 while the costs came to Rs. 4000—which means that the factory worked at a loss. To remedy this evil, fifty gins of the latest type have been ordered and it is also proposed to apply better Engine power to this factory. With these improvements it is expected that the factory will work well next season. The cotton press belongs to a private individual and is worked by him.

Ginning Factory & Full Press.

III. REVENUE.

25. The land revenue chiefly consists of Khatabandhi. The leanness of the last year had necessitated the collection of revenue by Bhagbatai system, the ryots being unable to pay the fixed assessment. The year under report, however, turned out better than its predecessor with the result that a greater part of the revenue was levied by way of Khatabandhi and a part by way of Bhagbatai. The former process yielded a revenue of Rs 2,54,599-6-6 and the latter Rs 1,88,651-3-4–making a total of Rs 4,43,250-9-10, as against Rs 73,827-6-2 realized during the previous year. The fixed Khatabandhi, however, yields about six lacs and a half on average and the year under report may, therefore, be said to have yielded about eleven annas in the rupee, so far as land revenues are concerned.

Irrigation. Paneli water-works.

26. The Paneli water-works have during the year under report irrigated 1208 Bighas of land as under:—

Crops	Bighas
Wheat...	1088
Barley...	5
Juwari	53
Sugar	62
	1208

The income derived from this source, on account of water charges, came to Rs. 2,788 on a capital of Rs. 4,67,780-14-1. The result is not as satisfactory as it ought to be, but with better rainfall this year, it is hoped that the next year will be able to show a better result.

Wells.

27. Besides the Paneli water-works, wells form another source of irrigation. The number of wells at the end of the last year was 4254 which, with three wells excavated in the year under report, make a total of 4257 wells. Owing to a pretty good rainfall the wells this year serve well as a source of irrigation.

Other revenues.

28. Other sources of revenue to the State are Mandvi, Bham, certain farms, Dan, Jama, Judicial receipts and other miscellaneous levies.

29. The following table shows the gross revenues of the State as well as its expenditure for the revenue year ending with September as compared with those of the preceding year, excluding of course the Railway and Tramway concerns which are uncertain items and cannot therefore be entered as constant items of State revenues.

	1902-1903.	1903-4.	Increase.	Decrease.
Revenues.....	2,87,680-7-7	7,10,044-12-0	4,22,364-4-5	...
Expenditure	6,31,428-13-4	6,41,307-1-11	9,878-4-7	...

The above shows that there has been an increase in the revenues in the year under report by Rs. 4,22,364-4-5 over the last year, while expenditure has increased by Rs 9,878-4-7.

IV. RAILWAY.

30. Mr. Burke, who was appointed to officiate as Manager, was confirmed as Manager during the year under report. The Railway line works well as hitherto and reflects credit on the management.

31. The gross earnings of the year were Rs 2,98,066 as against Rs 3,05,058 of the preceding year. The main causes of decrease in gross earnings are:—

(1) Increase in rate by the B. G. J. P. Railway on grain, molasses &c., exported *via* Rajkote.
(2) Prevalence of plague in Morvi and adjoining villages.
(3) Less hire on waggons lent.

Working expenses.

32. The working expenses amounted to Rs. 1,53,299 as against Rs. 1,91,759 of the preceding year. The decrease by Rs. 38,460 is due to reduction of expenditure in all the departments of the railway. The nett earnings came to Rs. 1,44,766 as against Rs 1,13,299 of the preceding year, the increase by Rs. 31,467 being due to a reduction in the expenditure. These earnings on a capital of about 25 lacs of rupees gives this year 5·89 per cent on the outlay as against 4·56 per cent in the preceding year. Mr. Burke, the Manager, really deserves credit for the result, as it is due to his careful and economic management and the personal interest he has taken in all the branches of the department.

33. The work of converting the present line to Metre Gauge has proceeded to an appreciable extent, during the year under report. All the rails and an instalment of stock have already arrived. A contract for sleepers has also been given and some of them have actually been received and I am glad to report that the line is expected to be completed some time in the beginning of the next year. I may add that it is to our interest that the line should be finished as soon as possible since the break of gauge is made a pretext by the B. G. J. P. Railway, for charging heavy transhipment rates in spite of their disapproval by the Government of India, to the great detriment of the through traffic.

V. TRAMWAY.

34. The gross earnings of the Tramway system were Rs 37,986-3-6 and the working expenses amounted to Rs 21,167-14-5 upto the close of January last—leaving a nett earning of Rs 16,818-5-1 on a capital of about Rs 5,00,000 which gives 3·36 per cent on the outlay.

VI. PRINTING PRESS.

35. Though the State Steam Press which was consumed by fire in November 1901 has not yet been restored to its original strength and efficiency, it has been placed in working order during the year under report and it will not now take long to bring it to its original condition, since the materials for a Steam Printing Press have already been ordered and have partially arrived.

VII. CIVIL & CRIMINAL JUSTICE

36. There are the following Courts in the State for the administration of civil and criminal justice.

1. The Hazoor Court.
2. The Special Officer's Court (originally the Dewan's Court.)
3. The Sir Nyayadhish Court
4. The Dewani Nyayadhish Court.
5. The Small Cause Court.
6. The First Class Magistrate Court, Morvi.
7. The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court.
8. The Tankara Mahalkari's Court.
9. The Wavania Thandar's Court.
10. The Jetpur Thandar's Court.
11. The Tankara Thandar's Court.

37. The Courts of the Mahalkaris and the Thandars (7 to 11) are specially established to ensure speedy justice to the village people in petty cases and with this object in view they are invested with the powers of a Third Class Magistrate and in civil cases with powers to hear suits upto Rs 50. For greater facility to the Adhoi people the powers of the Adhoi Mahalkari have been raised to those of a Second Class Magistrate and he has further been invested with the powers of committing cases to the Sessions Court.

38. The following table shows the amount of original civil work performed by the several courts during the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year:—

No.	Courts.	Balance of 1902-3.	Filed during the year 1903-4.	Total.		Disposed of		Balance.		Remarks.
				1902-3.	1903-4.	1902-3.	1903-4.	1902-3.	1903-4.	
1	The Sir Nyayadhish Court.	57	194	205	251	148	246	57	5	
2	The Diwani Nyayadhish Court.....	26	857	587	883	561	830	26	53	
3	The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court	0	18	17	18	17	17	0	1	
4	The Tankara Mahalkari's Court.....	0	52	38	52	38	52	0	0	
5	The Tankara Thandar's Court	4	98	82	102	78	99	4	3	
6	The Wovania Thandar's Court	0	91	53	91	53	90	0	1	
7	The Jetpur Thandar's Court	3	102	92	105	89	105	3	0	
	Total ...	90	1412	1074	1502	984	1439	90	63	

39. The total number of suits filed during the year under report was 1412 against 1074 of the preceding year, showing an increase of 338 and the number disposed of was 1439 against 984, which also shows an increase of 455 as compared with the previous year. The increase in the number of suits is due to the better prospects of the year as also to the promptness with which the original courts are disposing of them.

40. Here it will not be out of place to remark that when the Dewani Nyayadhish went on leave a large number of cases were outstanding in his Court. These consisted of the civil as well as Small Cause cases and were transferred to the Sir Nyayadhish and the Special Officer respectively. These two courts, I am glad to report, worked hard and disposed them of with great alacrity, so as to give nearly a clean bill at the end of the year.

41. The appellate civil work done during the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year is given below.

No.	Tribunals.	Balance,	Filed during the year.	Total		Disposed of		Balance.	
				1902-3.	1903-4.	1902-3.	1903-4.	1902-3.	1903-4.
1	The Hazoor Court ..... (Special Appeal)	2	18	19	20	17	20	2	...
2	The Dewan's (Special Officer's) Court ..... (First Appeal)	9	11	39	20	30	18	9	2
3	The Sir Nyayadhish Court	0	6	1	6	1	6	0	0
	Total ...	11	35	59	46	48	44	11	2

42. The above table will show that the number of appeals disposed of during the year is 44 out of a total of 46 as against 48 out of 59 during the preceding year.

Valuation of suits.

43. The total value of original suits disposed of during the year under review was Rs 1,04,425-4-9 and of appeals Rs 19,987-7-2, making a total of Rs 1,24,412-11-11 as against Rs 1,23,017-4-4 of the preceding year, showing an increase of Rs. 1395-7-7.

Execution of decrees.

44. The total number of decrees executed during the year was 1450 as against 1182 of the preceding year, showing an increase of 268.

45. The number of cases committed to the Sessions during the year under report was 16, all of which were disposed of. The number of accused implicated in the 16 cases was 34, out of which 25 were convicted and sentenced and the rest were acquitted and discharged.

Sessions cases

46. The number of cases disposed of by all criminal Courts during the year was 539 involving 940 persons as against 767 cases involving 1199 persons in the preceding year, indicating a decrease of 228 cases with 259 persons involved in them.

47. Of the total number of 940 persons brought to trial 467 were convicted and sentenced and 473 were acquitted and discharged. The figure 473 includes also persons against whom the charges were either compounded or withdrawn.

48. The number of persons sentenced to more than six months' rigorous imprisonment was 45, the number of persons sentenced to less punishment was 188 and of persons fined only was 226, while 13 persons were whipped. Last year they were 54, 395, 338 and 18 respectively.

49. Fines to the amount of Rs 5,902-10-0 were inflicted as against Rs 8,975-4-0 in the preceding year. The amount realized was Rs 2,627-14-0 as against Rs 1,507-0-9 last year.

50. The total number of offenders during the year was 940 as against 1212 last year.

51. The subjoined table gives the amount of criminal work done during the year.

Offences reported		Persons dealt with							Persons tried.					
		Remaining at the end of the previous year.	Brought to trial in 1903-1904				Total.		Discharged without trial	Acquitted	Convicted	Died, escaped or transferred	Persons remaining untried at the end of the year	No. of cases remaining undisposed of at the end of the year.
			Arrested by Police	On warrant	On summons	Voluntarily surrendered	Received by extradition							
1902-1903	1903-1904						1902-1903	1903-1904						
953	778	9	411	86	399	44	33	1245	982	209	264	467	2	6	5

52. The table below shows the appellate criminal work disposed of during the year.

No.	Tribunal	No. of appellants	Appeals rejected	Number of persons.						
				Sentence			Proceedings quashed.	Further enquiry ordered.	Referred.	Pending
				Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.				
1	The Hazoor Court	14	...	5	8	1	...	...	...	...
2	The Dewan's (Special Officer's) Court	18	...	9	5	2	...	...	2	....
3	The Sir Nyayadhish Court	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
	Total....	34	...	14	13	3	1	1	2	....

53. Besides the appellate work the Hazur Court exercises the powers of revision and reference in regard to the decisions of the subordinate courts in civil as well as criminal cases. The following table shows its work in this behalf.

	Last year's balance	Filed during the year	Disposed of	Balance.
Civil Revision	3	17	18	2
Civil Review	...	3	2	1
Civil Reference	....	2	2	...
Criminal Revision	1	6	6	1
Criminal Reference	...	2	2	...
Total....	4	30	30	4

VIII. JAILS AND LOCK-UPS.

54. There is the central jail in Morvi with four lock-ups at Tankara, Wawania, Jetpur and Adhoi.

55. The following table will show the total number of prisoners remaining in the jail and lock-ups at the end of the last year as well as of those admitted during the year under review with cost of their maintenance.

No. of Jails and lock-ups	No. of Prisoners.			Remaining at the end of the year	Daily average.		Cost of maintaining prisoners.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total		1902-1903	1903-1904	
5	110	353	463	111	115·806	101·981	3810-2-10

IX. POLICE.

56. The following table shows the present strength of the police, foot and mounted, including village police.

	Mounted	Foot	Total	Remark.
Stipendiary	39	860	899	
Pasaitas enjoying lands ...	...	137	137	
Total...	39	997	1,036	

This is exclusive of the Police Superintendent, Inspector and five Thandars who are all mounted.

57. The total cost of maintaining the stipendiary force is Rs 61,606-12-9½

58. The following table shows the working of the police during the year.

Offences reported		Accused arrested		Accused sent for trial		Accused convicted		Accused acquitted or discharged		Percentage of convicted to accused arrested		Percentage of convicted to accused sent for trial	
1902-1903.	1903-1904.	1902-1903.	1903-1904.	1902-1903.	1903-1904.	1902-1903.	1903-1904.	1902-1903.	1903-1904.	1902-1903.	1903-1904.	1902-1903.	1903-1904.
614	363	640	411	640	411	557	293	72	118	$81\frac{1}{32}$	$71\frac{119}{411}$	$81\frac{1}{32}$	$71\frac{119}{411}$

X. MUNICIPALITIES.

59. There are in all four Municipalities, viz, Morvi, Tankara, Wowania and Adhoi which are all maintained by the State. The work is carried on with due care. Roads are cleansed and watered and are lighted at night. They are kept in good repairs and in Morvi metalled and rolled by steam rollers. The cost of the Municipality in Morvi alone is Rs 3,436-8-8 this year. A splendid road has been made on the river face wall with ornamental railing and on the other side of it good houses of taste and uniformity are constructed. The situation of this road along the river side makes it very charming especially when it is lighted at night.

60. Privies are constructed on sanitary principles for the public in Morvi and additions are being made as necessity arises.

Public Park.

61. The public park in the vicinity of the town affords a means of recreation to people-especially in the evening when the day's work is over. Of course during the year under report owing to mourning there was no band which ordinarily plays there every Monday in order to entertain the public.

Library

62. There is a magnificent library in Morvi where all the Bombay English dailies and a number of other English and Gujarati papers and magazines are available, most of them being contributed by the State. There is also a good stock of books in it. As is noticed in previous reports it is amalgamated with the Anand Bhuvan Club.

Fire Engine and Pump

63. There is a fire engine and also a hand fire-pump, both of which are of great use in cases of accidents by fire, which during the year under report were fortunately very few. On such occasions the police gives an immediate signal when all the State Officers and servants are required to be present on the spot to render all possible assistance.

XI. MEDICAL.

64. The following table shows the amount of medical relief afforded by the State hospitals and dispensaries during the year together with the cost of maintaining them.

No.	Hospitals and dispensaries	Patients.			Cost of maintaining	Remarks.
		Indoor	Out-door	Total		
1	Morvi	...	11,615	11,615	4,794-2-0	
2	Morvi Asylum ...	69	...	69	1,571-15-4	
3	Tankara... ...	...	4,498	4,498	780-9-9	
4	Jetpur	...	2,295	2,295	633-4-4	
5	Wowania ...	...	1,639	1,639	556-10-5	
6	Adhoi	...	4,660	4,660	784-9-10	
	Total...	69	24,707	24,776	9,121-3-8	

It may be noticed here that the newChief Medical Officer Dr. Bam, isshowing great personal interestin his work, which I am glad tosay has been satisfactory.

XII. VACCINATION.

65. This department has been under the direct supervision of the State since January 1897. The work is distributed in two circles, for each of which a vaccinator is provided. The vaccinators do their work under the direct and immediate supervision of the Chief Medical Officer and his Hospital Assistants who have during the year under report devoted themselves to the inspection and supervision work with greater zeal and pains.

66. The following table will show the working of this department during the year:—

1	Primary vaccination	1,890
2	Re-vaccination	26
		1916

The number of inspections during the year is 1990.

XIII. POPULATION.

67. The total population of the State according to the census of 1891 was 1,14,810; of this 1,05,516 were in Machhukantha and the remaining 9,294 in the Adhoi Mahal in Wagad. The population according to the last census of

1901 is 92,777 including the Adhoi Mahal–which shows a large decrease due mostly to cholera and the famine fever of St. 1956.

68. During the year under report there were reported 1,650 births and 2,404 deaths as against 1,771 births and 2,741 deaths during the preceding year.

XIV FOREST.

69. Forests are reserved in villages, in most of which babul trees were planted during the preceding years. The number of trees newly planted during the year under report was 5,388 making up a total of 1,50,983. From this figure are excluded 8,643 trees, the wood of which was used by the State and given to cultivators for agricultural purposes.

XV. THE STATE STUD.

70. At the end of the last year there were in all 251 mares, out of which 9 died and were otherwise disposed of–leaving a balance of 242. Of these 166 are Kathiawadi, 24 Australians, 2 Khachari, 45 English and 5 Arab. They are all in good condition. Experience has shown that waler mares do not breed well here. English, country breds and Kathis have proved to be good brood mares.

Brood mares.

71. Of the young stock 30 are under one year, 31 under two years, 7 under three years, 4 under four years, and 70 under five years, making up a total of 142. They are all promising. Care is taken to give them good exercise and proper diet. Expense per head of one year old is Rs 103-8-0 and of four years Rs 193-13-3.

Young stock.

72. There are 14 stallions. All of them are in good condition. Of these 6 are English, 3 Arab, 4 Kathiawadi, and 1 Khacharo. They are well built and have proved to be good sires.

Stallions.

73. 97 mares were put to the stallions during the year.

74. There are 12 stables including one sick ward. The boxes of the stables are roomy, large, ventilated and clean.

Stables.

75. There is one Veterinary hospital to treat sick animals and its working is satisfactory. This hospital is also open to the public.

Veterinary Hospital.

XVI. PUBLIC WORKS.

76. The total expenditure incurred during the year under report was

Rs 1,16,909-11-6. Rs. 27,766-4-10 were spent on finishing incomplete works.

77. Rs. 43,481-11-1 were spent on new works and repairs, the chief of which are:—

Name of building	Amount spent during the year.
The Nawlakhi road	12,434-1-6
The palace repairs	4,935-7-4
The Maniba Ghats	2,667-5-6
Extension of the Town Hall	3,104-2-2
Extension of the new palace verandah	1,315-0-10
Special and ordinary repairs	2,949-10-0
Total...	27,405-11-4

78. Of these the Maniba Ghats require brief notice. There was a long-felt want for a sheltered place for the Hindu cremation ground. In monsoon especially the difficulty was insuperable. To obviate this and to provide a convenient and suitable place for the purpose, your Highness has during the year under report sanctioned the construction of a cluster of buildings with complete accomodation, not only for burning the dead, but also for a room with library for the people attending the funeral together with a flight of steps reaching into the bed of the river. The total cost of these is estimated at Rs. 17,000. This is a boon which will never be forgotten and will besides permanently commemorate the worthy name of the deceased lady.

79. Rs 14,016-12-8 were spent on working and repairing the steam and oil launches which run between Nawlakhi and Khari Rohar, and Rs. 2,698-14-9 in constructing and repairing boats &c.

XVII. SURVEYS.

80. The ordinary work done by this Department during the year under report was the Buta survey of lands of 15 villages permanently leased under the new Buta system. A greater part of the work consisted in surveying lands mortgaged or sold by Bhayats, Girasias and other land-holders to the State and in demarcating and mapping such lands of 17 villages.

XIII. EDUCATION.

81. There is one High School and 48 Gujarati Schools in this State. The High School was laid open on 12th April 1892. It is a charitable institution established after

High School.

the memory of the late-lamented sister of your Highness–Ba Shri Vakhtuba. The Head Master is a B. A. and there are two other B. A.s as first and second Assistants, all of the Bombay University. It has also a sufficient staff of teachers in Sanskrit, Persian and science. The average attendance was 223. In the last Matriculation 8 boys were sent up, out of whom 5 came out successful, which is equal to 62·5 percent. This result is satisfactory and reflects credit upon Mr. Patel, the Head Master and his staff.

Library and Laboratory.

82. To the High School are attached a decent library and a splendid laboratory, towards the maintenance of which a handsome grant is sanctioned every year. Provision is also made for the physical education of the boys. A cricket club has been established and a gymnasium and a tennis court are provided. The boys have a reading room of their own and hold weekly meetings for their mutual improvement.

Cricket, Tennis and Gymnasium.

Vakhtuba Charitable Vernacular School.

83. The Vakhtuba Charitable Vernacular School contains 187 boys and is managed by an old and experienced senior hand, assisted by one trained teacher and three other Assistants. The average attendance of boys in the School was 146·3.

Gujarati Branch Schools.

84. There are two Gujarati Branch Schools in Morvi, containing 459 boys. They are managed by two masters assisted by 13 assistants.

Girls Schools.

85. There are two Girls Schools with 155 girls. The average daily attendance is 109. The one in Morvi is managed by a trained lady teacher with 3 Assistants. Besides this staff there is a female engaged to teach embroidery work.

The Rawaji Raj Pathshala.

86. This was established in memory of the late Thakore Saheb. It is under the fostering care of a well-known Sanskrit poet and celebrated Shastri Mr. Shankerlal Maheshwar. 14 pupils take tuition there. This institution is doing good and useful work in keeping alive our ancient literature.

Darbari Schools in the District.

87. There are 43 Darbari schools in the districts with 975 boys. The average daily attendance is 690·9. There was a considerable fall in the number of boys and schools in the preceding years on account of famine, but both the number and the attendance are now improving.

88. In an essentially agricultural country like India the prosperity of a district depends on the condition of the cultivating classes. Besides irrigation and such other works which would conduce to the material prosperity of the people elementary education is sure to prove an undoubted boon to them. With this view village schools were opened in the State and they were 65 in number. To prevent mischief likely to be inflicted by merchants on illiterate persons compulsory education has been introduced. The period for this compulsory teaching was confined to the time required for the study of rudiments of reading, writing and arithmetic. Some of the schools, however, with less than 10 students had to be closed owing to the effects of famine prevailing in the country.

Village Shools.

89. The total number of schools is 49 in all, attended by 2,086 pupils in a district of 913 square miles inhabited by about 92,777 souls.

90. The total amount of expenditure of this department is for the year under report Rs 16,588-0-0 and the cost of educating comes to Rs. 7-15-2 per pupil.

Morvi, 10th June 1904.

I have the honour to be,

Your Highness's most obedient servant

MORARJI M. PANDYA,

for Dewan.

☞ PRINTED AT THE MORVI STATE PRESS.

MORVI STATE.

ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION

REPORT.

FOR THE YEAR 1904-1905.

MORVI,

Printed at the State Press.

1905.

134893

To,

His Highness Sir WAGHJI Bahadoor, G. C. I. E.,

Thakore Saheb of MORVI.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS,

I have the honour to submit the following annual report of the State for the year 1904–05.

I. INTRODUCTION.

2. The area of the State is 913 square miles from which may be deducted the area of the villages of Janghi, Ambardi, Chandrodi and Laliana Pati ordered to be transferred to Cutch. A portion of these lands has been requested to be transferred back to this State in lieu of a sum of money due from Bediats.

Conversion of the Morvi Railway.

3. The principal and the most notable event of the year under report is the conversion of the Morvi 2′ 6″ line into the metre-gauge. The work had to be undertaken out of deference to Government wishes in the year 1899, and was carried on in face of financial difficulties and various obstructions till at last it consummated in a successful completion. It is not out of place to mention here that as the line was to be opened by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, the conversion work in the last days of its close was done day and night with conspicuous diligence and assiduity amidst the bitterest cold that is ever experienced in Kathiawad, under the direct supervision of the Resident Engineer, Mr. Gokaldass R. Mehta.

The opening ceremony of the Morvi metre-gauge Railway.

4. The opening ceremony of the Morvi metre-gauge Railway was performed on the 3rd March in Wadhwan Civil Station by His Excellency Lord Lamington, the present Governor of Bombay, at the request of Your Highness according to previous arrangement. In a reply to Your Highness speech (Appendix A) on the occasion, His Excellency paid a high and well deserved compliment to Your Highness' exemplary statesmanship (Appendix B). In this connection I cannot help citing a few lines from the " Times of India" of the 8th March which are very pregnant. " The improvement in the Morvi Line reflects the utmost credit upon the able and enterprizing ruler to whom it

belongs and it is gratifying to know that by the prudent handling of his revenue he has been able to construct it out of his own resources. "

Visit of H. E. Lord Lamington in Kathiawad.

5. In March His Excellency Lord Lamington the Governor of Bombay paid his visit to Kathiawad. During his short sojourn His Excellency held a Public Durbar at Rajkot on the 4th of March for the reception of the Chiefs of Kathiawad, among whom was Your Highness accompanied by Prince Lakhdhirji and seven other officials.

The Port of Navlakhi.

6. The tram road to this port was finished last year and the tram line has been completed. This provides a great facility to passengers travelling to and from Cutch and Kathiawad. Other facilities of the quay are being provided.

Changes in the Personnel of the staff.

7. The services of Ajam Morarji Mangalji Pandya, the Hazur Personal Assistant, are lent by Your Highness for filling up the post of the Diwan of Porbunder at the urgent request of His Highness the Rana Saheb. The very creditable work he did in various departments of this State was duly appreciated by Your Highness in the form of a life pension of Rs 100 a month and a gratuity of Rs 1,000 in cash, which is certainly a unique recognition in the history of the State. The transfer of such a competent hand of course means a great loss to the State, but Your Highness had no other alternative but to put up with it looking to the urgent necessity of the Porbunder State, which has always cherished very healthy relations with Morvi. In consequence of this change Your Highness appointed different Secretaries for discharging the duties of the Hazur office. I was, therefore, ordered to work as Hazur Secretary. The work of the Diwan's Office is done by me in addition to my duties under the able and instructive guidance of Your Highness, the Judicial work of the Hazur Court being done by the Judicial Assistant, Azam Runchhodlal Sevakram Dave.

8. Owing to above changes Azam Govindji Dada was appointed Sirnyayadhish and First Class Magistrate in place of Mr. Runchhodlal Sevakram Dave and Azam Chhotalal Rewashanker, the Police Superintendent. Mr. Kalubhai Rajmalji succeeded me as Private Secretary. Other changes are too minor to be noticed in the report.

9. I have to mention with regret that the dreadful plague made its first appearance on 11th April 1904. The town was partially vacated and the plague showed signs of subsiding. But after a time it developed with re-

doubled force from the month of August and the people evacuated the town and spread into surrounding villages. To check its ravages preventive measures were adopted; and orders were issued to the Chief Medical Officer for duly visiting and treating plague patients, and to see that they do not die from want of proper treatment. A plague house was also opened for tending the plague patients but very few people availed themselves of it.

II. GENERAL CONDITION AND RESOURCES.

10. The rainfall this year was very deficient. It commenced in right time but the parsimony of nature withheld the last showers to the great detriment of crops. The following table shows the total rainfall at different places in the State.

Mahal.	1903–1904.	1904–1905.
	Inches	Inches
Morvi	23-48	11-6
Adhoi	23-93	6-7
Tankara	18-65	9-45
Jetpur	22-62	14-68
Wawania ...	23-38	5-28

11. The rains falling very much short of the average and the monsoon lacking in one last rain the revenues this year are hardly expected to be six annas in the rupee.

12. As the sowing operations proved abortive owing to very scanty rain, relief operations were continued in the form of reduction and suspension of Vighoti varying from two to thirteen annas in a rupee. The total amount of remissions is about Rs. 3,60,000.

Charitable relief.

13. The relief given to orphans and the decrepit amounted to Rs. 696-2-11, while the private relief afforded to the respectable poor and the helpless to Rs. 2,105-0-5.

Relief Work.

14. The artizans and labourers are given work in their own lines by the Public Works Department which expended Rs. 1,69,671 during the year under report. Besides this, the conversion work of the Railway gave relief to our subjects as well as to those of the States through which the line passes.

15. The assistance given to Bhayats, Girassias and other land holders in the shape of loans on the security of their lands amounted to Rs. 5,132-8-0 and in the shape of purchase money of a portion of their holdings amounted to Rs. 798-5-3. The advance made from time to time in anticipation of the execution of deeds came to Rs. 1,845-12-9.

16. The general health was on the whole good. But the dire epidemic of plague made its appearance, subsided for a time, and again broke out as stated in para 9 supra. But thanks to the prompt measures taken under Your Highness' orders it has now decreased. The plague returns show 604 attacks and 342 deaths. The mortality during the year under report was 2223 deaths against 2032 births while that of the preceding year was 2404 against 1650.

Manufacture.

17. The chief articles of local manufacture are cotton fabrics, brass and copper utensils, ivory bangles, and fine gold and cut gold ornaments. The spinning and weaving mill has not been working for the reasons given in the last year's report.

Workshop.

18. There is a Workshop connected with the Railway where carriages and furniture are made. It is a great success and lends great support and encouragement to native skilled workmen. Most of the rolling stock for the new metre-guage Railway was prepared in this workshop.

Export and Import.

19. The total value of exports during the year was Rs. 22,31,523-15-3 and of imports Rs. 13,50,094-14-6 as against Rs. 8,80,015-12-1½ and Rs. 12,36,316-5-2 respectively in the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 13,51,508-3-1½ in exports and of Rs. 1,13,778-9-4 in imports. The great increase in the value of exports is due to the fact that there was large quantity of stored cotton of last years which was exported, and also to the high price which it fetched.

20. The chief articles of export for the year under report are cotton, wool, grain, ghee &c. while those of import are cotton, woolen and silk cloth, precious and other metals, timber, kerosene oil, drugs &c.

Ginning factory and full Press.

21. As stated in the last year's report the ginning factory did not work satisfactorily, the Gins and Engines being old. The merchants were greatly inconvenienced by this; and with a view to remove this inconvenience, and also to bring the cotton trade of the country on a better footing, a new ginning factory consisting of 50 gins of five bearings with new boiler

and Engine is put up in continuation of the old factory, and a new full press is also put up just close by, so that the ginned cotton can be conveniently and economically carried to the press for being pressed into full pressed bales. The new Gins and Press will remove the long felt want of the trading public.

III. THE REVENUE.

Land Revenue.

22. The land revenue chiefly consists of Khatabandhi. The leanness of last few years has necessitated the collection of revenue by Bhagvatai system, the ryots being unable to pay the fixed assessment. The year under report, however, turned out better than its predecessor with the result that the revenue derived from Khatabandhi amounted to Rs. 4,36,245-15-4, and that from Bhagvatai to Rs. 99,297-0-9, making a total of Rs. 5,35,543-0-1, as against Rs. 4,43,250-9-10 realised during the previous year.

Paneli Waterworks.

23. On account of the scantiness of the rain, there was very little water in the tank and so only about 1126 Bighas were irrigated which fetched a revenue of only 2,616 rupees.

Wells.

24. Besides the Paneli water works wells form another important source of irrigation. The number of wells at the end of the last year was 4257 which, with 114 wells excavated in the year under report, make a total of 4371 wells.

Other revenues.

25. Other sources of revenue to the State are Mandavi, Bham, certain farms, salt, Dan, Jama, judicial receipts and other miscellaneous levies.

26. The following table shows the realization of the gross revenues of the State as well as its expenditure for the revenue year ending with September as contrasted with the previous one, excluding of course the Railway and Tramway concerns which are uncertain items and cannot therefore be entered as constant items of State revenues.

	1903-1904.	1904-1905.	Increase.	Decrease.
Revenues.....	7,10,044-12-0	10,20,749-15-5	3,10,705-3-5	...
Expenditure	6,41,307-1-11	14,43,107-11-5	8,01,800-9-6	...

The above table shows that there has been an increase in the revenues in the year under report by Rs. 3,10,705-3-5 over the last year, while the expenditure has increased by Rs. 8,01,800-9-6 of which Rs. 6,24,251-8-9 have been expended in the conversion works of the Morvi narrow gauge line.

IV. RAILWAY.

27. The Railway line works well as hitherto and reflects credit on the management. The gross earnings of the year were Rs 3,54,636 as against Rs 2,98,066. The increase in gross earnings is chiefly due to men and materials of contractors carried over this Railway on account of the conversion of the narrow gauge line into the metre-gauge.

Working expenses.

28. The working expenses amounted to Rs 1,65,727 as against Rs 1,53,299 of the preceding year. The increase is due to running expenses, large repairs and renewals to locomotives and to through-booking of goods between the Bombay Harbour and the stations on the Morvi Railway. The net earnings came to Rs 1,88,909 as against Rs. 1,44,766 of the previous year. These earnings on a capital of about Rs. 25,00,000 give this year 7·71 per cent on the outlay as against 5·89 in the preceding year. Mr. Burke, the officiating Manager, really deserves credit for the result which in a large measure is due to his careful and economic management.

29. The conversion of the 2′ 6″ gauge to metre-gauge was completed and opened for traffic by His Excellency Lord Lamington, the Governor of Bombay, on the 3rd March 1905. The line from Wadhwan to Than runs entirely on a new alignment *via* Tikar which is about 3½ miles north of Muli town and avoids double crossing of the Bhogava river. It is practically straight and reduces the distance by about 4 miles, the mileage from Wadhwan to Than being reduced to 31 from 35 on the old line. From Than to Rajkot the alignment is practically the same. From Wankaner to Morvi the existing 2′ 6″ line remains as it is.

30. The total capital expenditure for the conversion works upto December 1904 has been Rs. 9,55,937-12-5.

31. The Rolling stock of the metre-gauge Railway consists of one metre-gauge Locomotive and 25 high sided wagons received from England and 10 metre gauge 3rd class carriages purchased from the Bengal Dooars Railway. One 1st class, one 2nd class, two compo 1st & 2nd class, five 3rd class carriages, two mail van compo, two horse boxes, four brakes van and one inspection carriage are under construction in Morvi Railway workshops. Two Locomotives, 30 covered wagons, 46 small carriage, 3 bogie carriage frames and 15 twenty tons bogie wagons are under order. The bodies of the carriages are being built.

V. TRAMWAY.

32. The gross earnings of the Tramway system were Rs. 80,916-13-6 and the working expenses amounted to Rs. 35,081-4-10 leaving a net earning of Rs. 45,835-8-8 on a capital of about Rs. 5,00,000 which gives about 9 per cent on the outlay.

VI. PRINTING PRESS.

33. The Printing Press was placed in working order last year. Since then it has executed the State work as well as that of the Tramway. The income derived therefrom is Rs. 2,375-10-2 while the working expenses are Rs 1,710-7-4. The capital expenditure for Gujarati types is Rs. 1,070-3-0.

34. The Press was originally on a big scale and worked with a steam Engine. But since its destruction by fire the press is just begun and it is proposed to extend it to its original position when the State Gazette which has ceased to be published will again be started. To restore the Press to its original strength materials for it have already arrived from England, the cost of which is Rs. 18,800. The new Steam Press will soon commence working and will be as regular and as useful as the one that was burnt up.

VII. CIVIL AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

35. There are the following Courts for the administration of Civil and Criminal justice.

1. The Hazoor Court.
2. The Sir Nyayadhish Court.
3. The Small cause Court.
4. The First class Magistrate Court.
5. The Second class Magistrate Court.
6. The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court.
7. The Tankara Mahalkari's Court.
8. The Wawania Thandar's Court.
9. The Jetpur Thandar's Court.
10. The Tankara Thandar's Court.

For some time during the year under report there was the court of Diwani Nyayadhish which has now been amalgamated with the Court of the Sir-Nyayadhish. And the special Officer's Court was amalgamated with the Hazoor Court and the Sir Nyayadhish Court in the month of July. For facilitating the

work of the Sir Nyayadhish Court the Court of the Second class Magistrate was established in the same month.

36. The Courts of the Mahalkaris and the Thandars 6-10 are specially established to ensure speedy justice to the village people in petty cases, and with this object in view they are invested with the powers of a Third class Magistrate, and in civil cases, with powers to hear suits upto Rs. 50. For greater facility to the Adhoi people the powers of the Adhoi Mahalkari have been raised to those of a Second class Magistrate, and he has further been empowered to commit cases to the Sessions Court.

37. The table given below represents the original civil work of the several courts during the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year.

No.	Courts.	Balance of 1903-1904.	Filed during the year 1904-05.	Total.		Disposed of		Balance.		Remarks.
				1903-04.	1904-05.	1903-04.	1904-05.	1903-04.	1904-05.	
1	The Sir Nyayadhish Court	5	125	251	130	246	105	5	25	
2	The Diwani Nyayadhish Court.....	53	442	883	495	830	494	53	1	
3	The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court...	1	17	18	18	17	18	1	...	
4	The Tankara Mahalkari's Court.....	...	44	52	44	52	44	...	...	
5	The Tankara Thandar's Court	3	114	102	117	99	108	3	9	
6	The Wawania Thandar's Court	1	51	91	52	90	52	1	...	
7	The Jetpur Thandar's Court	...	69	105	69	105	69	...	...	
	Total ...	63	862	1502	925	1439	890	63	35	

38. The total number of suits filed during the year under report was 862 against 1412 of the preceding year, showing a decrease of 550 and the number disposed of was 890 against 1439, which also shows a decrease of 549 as compared with the previous year. The decrease in the number of suits is due to the bad years.

39. The comparative table for the last two years of the civil appellate work is given below.

No.	Tribunals.	Balance.	Filed during the year.	Total		Disposed of		Balance	
				1903-4	1904-5	1903-4	1904-5	1903-4	1904-5
1	The Hazoor Court ..... (Special Appeal)	...	19	20	19	20	17	...	2
2	The Diwan's (Special Officer's) Court (First Appeal)	2	17	20	19	18	18	2	1
3	The Sir Nyayadhish Court	...	2	6	2	6	2	...	...
	Total ...	2	38	46	40	44	37	2	3

40. The above table shows that the number of appeals disposed of during the year is 37 out of a total of 40, as against 44 out of 46, during the preceding year.

Value of suits.

41. The total value of original suits disposed of during the year under report was Rs. 47,707-7-11, and of appeals Rs. 5,632-0-0, making a total of Rs. 53,339-7-11, as against Rs. 1,24,412-11-11, showing a decrease of Rs. 71,073-4-0.

Execution of decrees.

42. The total number of decrees executed during the year was 1068 as against 1450 of the preceding year, showing a decrease of 382.

Sessions cases.

43. The number of cases committed to the sessions during the year under report was 11 of which 9 were disposed of. The number of accused implicated in the cases disposed of was 13, out of which 7 were convicted and sentenced and 4 were acquitted and discharged.

44. The number of cases disposed of by all criminal courts during the year was 517 involving 910 persons as against 539 cases involving 940 persons in the preceding year, indicating a decrease of 22 cases with 30 persons involved in them.

45. Of the total number of 910 accused brought to trial, 408 were convicted and sentenced and 502 were acquitted and discharged. The figure 502 includes persons against whom the charges brought were either compounded or withdrawn.

46. The number of persons sentenced to more than six months' rigorous imprisonment was 17, the number sentenced to less punishment was 173, and the number fined only was 214, while 4 were whipped. Last year they were respectively 45, 188, 226 and 13.

47. Fines to the amount of Rs. 7,764-9-0 were inflicted as against Rs. 5,902-10-0 in the preceding year. The amount realised was Rs. 4,650-5-6 as against Rs. 2,627-14-0 last year.

48. The total number of offenders during the year was 910 as against 940 last year.

49. The subjoined table gives the amount of criminal work done during the year.

Offences reported.		Persons dealt with.								Persons tried.						
		Remaining at the end of the previous year.	Brought to trial in 1904-1905				Total			Discharged without trial	Acquitted	Convicted	Died, escaped or transferred	Persons remaining untried at the end of the year.	No. of cases remaining undisposed of at the end of the year.	
			Arrested by Police	On Warrant	On Summons	Voluntarily surrendered	Received by extradition									
1903-1904	1904-1905							1903-1904	1904-1905							
778	742	6	295	89	466	70	17	982	943	240	262	408	1	16	10	

50. The undermentioned table shows the criminal appellate work disposed of during the year.

No.	Tribunal	No. of appellants	Appeals rejected	Number of persons.						
				Sentence			Proceedings quashed.	Further enquiry ordered.	Referred.	Pending
				Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.				
1	The Hazoor Court ...	15	...	7	4	4	4	...	...	
2	The Diwan's (Special Officer's) Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	The Sir Nyayadhish Court	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	15	...	7	4	4	4	...	...	

51. Besides the appellate work the Hazur Court exercises the powers of revision and reference in regard to the decisions of the subordinate courts in civil as well as in criminal cases. The following table shows its work in this behalf.

	Last year's balance	Filed during the year	Disposed of	Balance.
Civil Revision	2	13	14	1
Civil Review	1	8	5	4
Civil Reference	...	..	...	...
Criminal Revision	1	8	9	...
Criminal Reference	...	...	...	...
Total...	4	29	28	5

VIII. JAILS AND LOCK-UPS.

52. There is one Jail in Morvi with four lock-ups at Tankara, Wawania, Jetpur and Adhoi.

53. The tabular statement given below gives the total number of prisoners remaining in the Jail and lock-ups at the end of the last year as well as the number admitted during the year under report with cost of their maintenance.

No. of Jails and lock-ups.	Number of prisoners.			Remaining at the end of the year	Daily average.		Cost of maintaining prisoners.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1903-1904	1904-1905	
5	111	296	407	84	101·981	91·651	3263-13-2

IX. POLICE.

54. The following table shows the present strength of the police, foot and mounted including village police.

	Mounted	Foot	Total	Remarks.
Stipendiary	50	898	948	
Pasaitas enjoying lands ...	...	136	136	
Total...	50	1,034	1,084	

This is exclusive of the Police Superintendent, Inspector and five Thandars who are all mounted.

55. The total cost of maintaining the stipendiary force is Rs. 58,922-11-1.

56. The following table shows the working of the police during the year.

Offences reported.		Accused arrested.		Accused sent for trial.		Accused convicted.		Accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convicted to accused arrested.		Percentage of convicted to accused sent for trial.	
1903-1904.	1904-1905.	1903-1904.	1904-1905.	1903-1904.	1904-1905.	1903-1904.	1004-1905.	1903-1904.	1904-1905.	1903-1904.	1004-1905.	1903-1904.	1904-1905-
363	307	411	295	411	295	293	238	118	57	$71\frac{119}{411}$	80·66	$71\frac{119}{411}$	80·66

This result is very satisfactory and reflects great credit to the Police Department.

X. MUNICIPALITIES.

57. There are in all four Municipalities *viz*:— Morvi, Tankara, Wawania and Adhoi, which are all maintained by the State. The work is carried on with care. Roads are cleaned, watered, and lighted at night. The cost of the Municipality in Morvi alone is Rs. 4165-15-2. There is a splendid road on the river face wall with ornamental railing and on the other side of it stand good houses of taste and uniformity. The situation of this road along the river side makes it very charming especially when it is lighted at night.

58. There is a public park in the vicinity of the town which affords recreation to people especially in the evening when the day's work is over. During the year under report owing to mourning there was no band which ordinarily plays there every monday in order to entertain the public.

Public Park.

59. In the library at Morvi all the Bombay English dailies and a number of other English and Gujarati papers are received, all of them being contributed by the State.

Library.

60. The fire Engine and the Hand Pump are kept in order so that they may prove to be of service in cases of fire breaking out. On such occasions the Police give an immediate signal and all the State officers and servants are required to be present on the spot to render all possible assistance. Fortunately there was no fire during the year under report.

Fire Engine and Pump.

XI. MEDICAL RELIEF.

Hospitals and Dispensaries.

61. This department works satisfactorily under the supervision of Doctor K. N. Bam L. M. &. S., the Chief Medical Officer of the State. He also supervises the Charitable Asylum which is in the immediate charge of an experienced Hospital Assistant, Mr. Narayan Abaji.

62. The following table shows the amount of medical relief afforded by the State Hospitals and Dispensaries during the year together with the cost of maintaining them.

No.	Hospitals and dispensaries	Patients.			Cost of maintaining	Remarks.
		Indoor	Out-door	Total		
1	Morvi	...	11,167	11,167	5,480-12- 8	
2	Morvi Asylum ...	72	...	72	1,843- 2- 2	
3	Tankara ...	...	5,106	5,106	663- 7- 8	
4	Jetpur	...	2,237	2,237	650- 5-11	
5	Wawania ...	...	2,378	2,378	527- 4- 5	
6	Adhoi	...	4,630	4,630	690- 5- 5	
	Total...	72	25,518	25,590	9,855- 6- 3	

XII. VACCINATION.

63. The work of this Department is distributed in two circles for each of which a Vaccinator is provided. The Vaccinators do their work under the direct and immediate supervision of the Chief Medical Officer and the Hospital Assistants of the several districts continue to do the inspection work.

64. There were 2144 persons primarily vaccinated and 51 revaccinated as against 1890 and 26 respectively last year, showing an increase of 254 in primary vaccination, and 25 in revaccination. In total there is an increase of 279.

65. The number of inspection by the Chief Medical Officer was 233 and by the Hospital Assistant 1458 making up the total of 1691.

66. Of the total number of persons vaccinated 2120 or 96 per cent were successful, and the result is quite satisfactory.

XIII. POPULATION.

67. The total population of the State according to the census of 1891 was 1,14,810; of this 1,05,516 were in Machhukantha and the remaining 9,294 in the Adhoi Mahal in Wagad. The population according to the last census of 1901 is 92,777 including the Adhoi Mahal which shows a large decrease due mostly to cholera and the famine fever of St. 1956.

68. During the year under report 2032 births and 2223 deaths were reported as against 1650 births and 2404 deaths during the preceding year.

XIV. FORESTS.

69. Forests are reserved in villages in most of which babul trees were planted during the preceding years. The number of trees newly planted during the year under review was 4,692 making up a total of 1,55,675. From this figure are excluded 7,264 trees the wood of which was used by the State and given to cultivators for agricultural purposes.

XV. THE STATE STUD.

Brood mares.

70. At the end of the last year there were in all 264 brood mares, out of which 29 died and were otherwise disposed of- leaving a balance of 235. Of these 175 are Kathiawadi, 18 Australians, 1 wild ass, 37 English and 4 Arab. They are all in good condition. Experience has shown that waler mares do not breed well here. English, country breds and Kathis have proved to be good brood mares.

Young stock.

71. Of the young stock 21 are under one year, 30 under two years, 31 under three years, 7 under four years, and 25 under five years making up a total of 114. They are all promising. Care is taken to give them good exercise and proper

diet. Expense per head of one year old is Rs. 139-5-9 and of four years Rs. 144-12-0.

Stallions.

72. There are 11 stallions. All of them are in good condition. Of these 6 are English, 3 Arab, and 2 Kathiawadi. They are well built and have proved to be good sires.

73. 89 Mares were put to the stallions during the year.

Stables.

74. There are 12 stables including one sick ward. The boxes of the stables are roomy, large, ventilated and clean.

Veterinary Hospital.

75. There is one Veterinary Hospital to treat sick animals and its working is satisfactory. This hospital is also open to the public.

XVI. PUBLIC WORKS.

76. The total expenditure incurred during the year under report was Rs. 1,69,671-10-7 as against Rs. 1,16,909-11-6 in the previous year.

77. The following table shows the chief works executed during the year and expenses incurred in their behalf.

The name of work.	Amount spent during the year.		
	Rs	A.	P.
Navlakhi line	34,232	8	6
The Palace on the river side	3,479	1	5
Telephone lines	14,614	5	8
Victoria Hospital	12,300	0	0
The Maniba ghats	14,514	13	4
Steam and Oil Launches and boats	15,213	15	3
Cotton Press and Gins	21,633	12	8
Establishment and Engineering books	6,111	12	5
Minor works and repairs to roads and buildings ...	47,571	5	4
Total ...	1,69,671	10	7

78. The Maniba Ghats mentioned in the last year's report has been completed. The expenditure of Rs. 12,300 towards the Victoria Jubilee Hospital is for a marble statue of Her Majesty the late lamented Queen Victoria. The building will cost about 1½ lacs of rupees. Masonry upto plinth level is done and the superstructure had to be postponed in consequence of bad years.

79. A new installation of 50 gins and one new cotton press is being erected to meet the wants of the public.

XVII. SURVEY.

80. The ordinary work done during the year under report by this Department was the Buta survey of lands of 45 villages permanently leased under the new Buta system. A greater part of the work consisted in surveying border lands and lands mortgaged by Bhayats, Girassias and other land owners of the State.

XVIII. EDUCATION.

81. The efficiency of this Department has been satisfactorily maintained during the year under report.

82. There is one High school and 78 Gujarati schools in this State as against 48 in the preceding year. The total number has increased because the schools that were closed on account of famine were reopened.

High School.

83. The High school is a charitable institution established after the memory of the late lamented sister of your Highness, Ba Shri Vakhtuba. Its head-master is a B. A. and there are two other B. A.s, as first and second Assistants, all of the Bombay University. The staff of teachers in Sanskrit, Persian and science is also sufficient. The average daily attendance was 211. In the last Matriculation examination 8 boys were sent up, out of which 5 came out successful which is equal to 62·5 per cent. This result is satisfactory and reflects credit upon Mr. P. M. Patel, the Head master and his staff.

Library and Laboratory.

84. To the High school are attached a decent Library and a Laboratory towards the maintenance of which a handsome grant is sanctioned every year. The boys have been provided with cricket, tennis and gymnasium. They have a reading room of their own and hold weekly meetings for their mutual improvement.

Vakhtuba Charitable Vernacular School.

85. The Vakhtuba Charitable Vernacular School contains 160 boys and is managed by an old and experienced senior hand assisted by one trained teacher and four other Assistants. The average attendance of boys in the school was 127·7.

86. There are two Gujarati Branch schools in Morvi containing 427 boys. They are managed by two masters assisted by 15 Assistants.

Gujarati Branch Schools.

87. There are two Girls' schools with 128 girls. The average daily attendance is 77·4. One in Morvi is managed by a trained lady teacher with 3 Assistants. Besides this staff there is a female hand engaged to teach embroidery work.

Girls schools.

88. This was established in memory of the late Thakore Saheb It is under the fostering care of a well known Sanskrit poet and celebrated Shastri Bhat Shankerlal Maheshwar. 17 Pupils take tuition there. The institution is doing good and useful work in keeping alive our ancient literature.

The Rawajiraj Pathshalla.

89. There are 73 Durbari schools in the Districts with 1891 boys. The average daily attendance is 1456·7 which shows a decided increase.

Durbari Schools in the District.

90. In an essentially agricultural country like India the prosperity of a district depends on the condition of cultivating classes. Besides irrigation and such other works which would conduce to the material prosperity of these people elementary education is sure to prove an undoubted boon to them. With this view village schools were opened in the State and they were 65 in number. To prevent mischief likely to be inflicted by merchants on illiterate persons compulsory education has been introduced. The period for this compulsory teaching was confined to the time required for the study of rudiments of reading, writing and arithmetic.

Village Schools.

91. The total number of schools is 79, attended by 2890 pupils in a district of 913 square miles inhabited by about 92,777 souls.

92. The total amount of expenditure of this department is for the year under report Rs. 19,273-0-0 and the cost of educating comes to Rs. 6-10-8 per pupil.

Morvi, 15th June 1905.

I have the honour to be,
Your Highness' most obedient servant,
sd/ Bhaujekanji
for Diwan.

☞ Printed at the Morvi State Press.

Appendix A.

YOUR EXCELLENCY,

It is with feelings of great pleasure and satisfaction that I offer Your Excellency the most cordial and hearty welcome to what may properly be termed the gate of the Province of Kathiawar, which I am proud to say is the terminus of my Railway. Your Excellency, the Morvi Railway has a history of its own. To narrate it all would be long and so I shall only touch briefly a few material features thereof. It was in 1883-84 that I embarked on the enterprise of connecting the heart of Kathiawar I mean Rajkot—the head quarters of the Agency—by Rail and though owing to certain difficulties and opposition I had first to have it between Wadhwan and Morvi it was extended from Wankaner to Rajkot as early as it could be. I began with a Tramway but Government seeing that it was practically a Railway, it has been called the Morvi Railway. This enterprise was undertaken at a time when every one was apprehensive of a failure, but thanks to Mr. now Honourable Mr. W. H. White whom I am glad to see amongst us today that the line was so well laid out and managed that every Consulting Engineer who inspected the line has testified in high terms to the success, the line has achieved. I think I cannot do better than read the remarks of the Senior Government Inspector of Railways Mr. Anderson from his report dated 16th January 1899:—

"13. GENERAL REMARKS—I was very pleased with what I saw on this line. The amount of close supervision which such a slender staff can exercise–there is no superior subordinate staff whatever, nor are there any inferior posts in officers' appointments,–the business like capacity with which the undertaking is conducted, the interested regard for the smallest detail showing promise of economy or efficiency, afford a lesson to private enterprise and to many a larger Railway. It is due to this personal interest and exertion that the line enjoys the reputation of going nearer perhaps than any other similar concern in the country towards successfully fulfilling the purpose of a bonafide light Railway with but small gross receipts to look to. Nothing but a steady remembrance of its object and limitations and a firm resolve to be controlled by circumstances which it cannot alter will enable a Railway to wrest substantial and steadily increasing profits from gross earnings, averaging even 13 years after opening, no more than Rs. 77 a mile a week. In the half year under review, the margin between receipts and expenditure was only Rs. 69,814, not a large sum to come and go upon and not allowing much for errors of judgment in running expenditure on maintenance, a sum that would markedly diminish without scrupulous economy in every detail, or which might even disappear in any one half year without a carefully devised scheme of continuous renewals in every department. But looking at the record of the Morvi Railway since its inspection in 1886, it will

be seen that its course has been one of continuous and steady improvement and no better proof of its successful management could well be found. The time is now approaching when the light line will no longer meet the requirements of the country and much as every one must appreciate the necessity for development in keeping with surrounding conditions, it cannot be without regret that one will see the termination of a career so successful and so capable of yet further useful development did circumstances but allow."

Your Excellency may be aware that it was to avoid break of gauge that Government wished the line to be converted to metre-gauge and I have, to meet their wishes, spared neither pains nor money to achieve that end which Your Excellency will just find accomplished though amidst difficulties of different sorts which I need not mention here. Of course the work had to be hurried on as best as could be in order that Your Excellency's esteemed name could be associated with the opening of the line which will afford the shortest route to connect the heart of Kathiawar with the rest of India without a break of gauge. In this connection I must publicly recognize the services of the present Manager of my Railway Mr. M. Burke and of the Resident Engineer Mr. Gokaldas Rajpal who with his scientific as well as practical knowledge of Railway construction has carried out the conversion work to such a successful and speedy termination which speaks much to his credit, more especially as the work between Rajkot and Than had to be done on the open line with two ordinary services in a day each way, not to speak of the difficulties created by some of the States, which would have been serious if Mr. Quin and Colonel Kennedy had not come to our assistance. The work done as Your Excellency will observe, is very substantial and being carried out with great care and economy, it has cost ~~Rs~~ 20 lacs which is less by ~~Rs~~ 3,25,000 than the original estimate. Besides the change in gauge the converted line has gained in one respect *viz.* the distance which is now six miles shorter. This would make the route cheaper as well as quicker and the mail from Bombay may now be expected to reach Rajkot at about 4 o'clock and Jamnagar and Jetalsur at about 7 in the evening. There is one point which requires mention. The Muli Station on the new line is removed $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the town which inconvenience however I have proposed to avert by a branch line to Muli and Sayla and as soon as this proposal is sanctioned, I hope to accomplish this work immediately with the materials of the old line. This branch besides affording facilities to Muli and Sayla and the surrounding districts will also serve as a feeder line. Now Your Excellency, I shall not delay you by dilating upon the history any further. I may only say that this line I regard as exceptionally fortunate in as much as besides being most important section, in the Railway system of Kathiawar, as the neck of a

bottle, it has the good luck of having the last rail of the extension to Rajkot of the original line being laid by one of your illustrious predecessors, His Excellency Lord Reay who .appreciated the efforts in the highest terms, which were very encouraging, being a complete answer to those who chose to call it a tin-pot Railway and as it now witnesses an equally sympathetic and illustrious Governor Lord Lamington to have its conversion to metre-gauge declared open. It gives me just cause of pride and genuine pleasure to have a Railway with which are associated the honourable names of the illustrious Representatives of His Majesty the King Emperor, especially as I have a special liking in this branch of administration. With these remarks I now request Your Excellency to declare the line open and at the same time to distribute the Poshak to the different staff engaged in the conversion of the line.

In conclusion I tender Your Excellency my hearty thanks for the trouble Your Excellency has taken in accepting my invitation to undertake the function which I am asking you this morning to perform. I shall not in this speech mention the pleasure we all the Chiefs and Princes of Kathiawar are feeling at Your Excellency's visit to the Province which will of course be expressed appropriately at Rajkot, where my Brother Chiefs are assembled to accord Your Excellency a hearty welcome.

Appendix B.

His Excellency The Governor's speech at the conversion of the Morvi Railway.

It is a great pleasure to me to be present here to-day to perform a ceremony which is unique in my own experience. I trust, it marks the beginning of a very successful career for this newly converted Morvi State line. I listened with great interest to the account of, and I have also perused the reports upon, the previous successful history of the 2 feet 6 inch gauge. It had a life of fourteen years. It was, I think, in 1890 that it was completed and during that time of fourteen years it had paid an income on the capital expended, and it has been praised by those who were qualified to pronounce an opinion and who understand the working arrangements of Railways. There have been difficulties in connection with this conversion, but not only have these difficulties been overcome but they have led to this new line being more carefully attended to than it might have been. Difficulties only tend to increased watchfulness and when overcome they always lead to greater success than when a project is easily run through.

I am very glad to see that praise has been given to two gentlemen who have successfully carried out the conversion. I refer to Mr. Burke, and Mr. Gokaldas Rajpal, Resident Engineer, and I also had the pleasure to hand over *poshaks* to other gentlemen who have been connected in some way or other with the starting of the new line. There is no doubt that this line will serve a most useful purpose as it runs from Wadhwan right into the heart of Kathiawar. Now you have got one uniform gauge throughout this portion of India. All these States have now been linked up and communication must be facilitated in the future. Well, now that there is uniformity in gauge there also arises the question of uniformity in management. The Provincial Government have not been able yet to make their recommendations to the Government of India; but whatever recommendations may be made, sanction will have to be obtained from the Government of India after the opinions of the Provincial Government have been considered.

To-day witnesses a new era in life of this line. From to-day will start that period which will be affected by subsequent orders. I mention this because certainly the administration for the present will remain in the hands of His Highness the Thakore Saheb of Morvi, but at the same time such management will continue for the present entirely without prejudince to such orders as the Government of India may give. I am very pleased, indeed, to know that His

Highness has this branch of administration at heart. We have now sufficient experience from the success of the 2 feet 6 inch gauge. Tributes have been paid to His Highness' business qualities and also advice has been given to His Highness by those who are competent to give it in connection with the conversion of the gauge, and I am glad to say that he has been able to convert the line without any outside assistance. He has done it out of his own resources. It must be very gratifying to His Highness that he has been able to achieve the completion of this line successfully and I hope it will be prosperous and remunerative. It is very satisfactory to find a man in His Highness' position who fully understands the practical utility of railways. He has set an example which may well be followed by others. If those who are in His Highness' position and those who have natural talents and wealth were to devote themselves to the practical concerns of life as the Thakore Saheb has done, I think, the industrial development of India would proceed far quicker.

I have again to express my pleasure at being present, here, to-day. I am very grateful to His Highness for giving me an opportunity of being associated with this new line and I trust that just as Lord Reay was enabled to have his name associated with a prosperous working concern, so may I have a similar good fortune. I beg to express my earnest wishes for the future prospects and prosperity of the new converted line. (Applause).

No. 482-OF 1905.

FROM

COLONEL W. P. KENNEDY,
Agent to the Governor, Káthiáwár;

To

THE HONOURABLE MR. S. W. EDGERLEY, C.I.E.,
Chief Secretary to Government, Bombay.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

KA'THIA'WA'R POLITICAL AGENCY:
Rájkot, 20th June 1905.

SIR,

In conformity with Government Resolution No. 6089 of the 19th August 1902, Appendix F, clause (*a*), I have the honour to submit herewith the Report on the Administration of the Morvi State, a First Class State in Káthiáwár, for 1904-1905.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

W. P. KENNEDY, Colonel,
Agent to the Governor, Káthiáwár.

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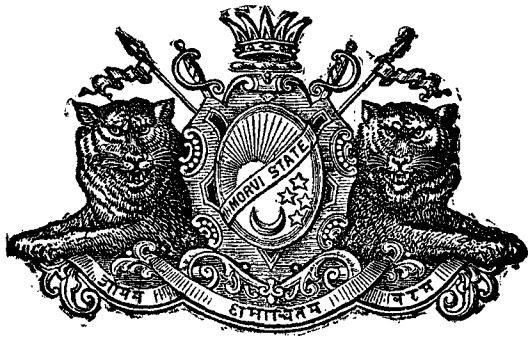
MORVI STATE.



ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT.

For the Year 1905-06.

MORVI.

Printed at the Morvi State Steam Press.

1906.

From,

THE DEWAN, MORVI STATE.

To,

His Highness Sir WAGHJI Bahadoor,
G. C. I. E.,
Thakore Saheb of MORVI.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS,

I have the honour to submit the annual Administration Report of the State for the year ending 31st March 1906.

CHAPTER I.

General and Political.

2. The area of the State is 913 square miles from which may be deducted the area of the villages of Janghi, Ambardi, Chandrodi and Laliana Pati transferred to Cutch. The Population is 92,777 and the gross revenue (based on an average of past five years) of the State is Rs. 5,98,713-1-9. The British tribute is Rs. 9,263; His Highness the Gaekwar's tribute is Rs. 49,208 ; and Junagadh Jortalbi is Rs. 3,088, the total being Rs. 61,559.

3. The Principal event of the year under report that requires notice is the First Sthanakvasi Jain Conference which held its sittings on the 26th 27th and 28th February 1906 under the benign patronage of Your Highness. Nearly 2,000 delegates attended it from all parts of India and Your Highness lent all possible aid by placing at the disposal of the Reception Committee Darbari Uttaras, carriages, bedding, vessels, etc. for providing best possible convenience to the delegates. Your Highness also attended the conference on all the three days at great personal sacrifice and took warm interest in its proceedings. The introductory remarks from Your Highness lent a great impetus to the proceedings of the conference and clearly showed that the material as well as the spiritual welfare of your people, nay of the people of India, is deeply at your heart. The cordial and ready aid afforded to the conference and the keen interest taken in its proceedings by Your Highness were cordially acknowledged with gratitude and thoroughly appreciated by the representatives of Sthanak-

The First Sthanakvasi Jain Conference.

vasi Jains who presented Your Highness with six different addresses, placed in beautifully engraved silver caskets. They were from the representatives of the following parts of India:—

(1) The Conference.
(2) Bombay.
(3) Ahmedabad.
(4) Malwa.
(5) Punjab.
(6) Bhopal.

To these addresses Your Highness aptly replied in an able speech, which was received amidst deafening cheers by the visitors and delegates and was regarded by them as a rare piece of instruction in as much as it conveyed lessons of union, co-operation and perseverance in a cause that required the most earnest and patient exertion for its healthy growth.

The ceremony of unveiling Your Highness's statue.

4. Another event of marked importance was the ceremony of unveiling the equestrian statue of Your Highness, which was performed on the 1st March. The honourable Mr. W. H. White, Public Works Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, who has had the privilege of being Your Highness's personal friend from the early years of Your Highness's administration, was invited by the Committee to preside on the occasion and he was very kind to accept the invitation. He came down specially for the purpose from Bombay. The meeting was attended not only by the leading citizens of Morvi and its masses but also by outside visitors, and the presence of the delegates of the 1st Sthanakvasi Jain Conference added to the grace. In the beginning the Secretary of the movement read a thoughtful speech tracing therein the genesis and history of this spontaneous undertaking by the people of Morvi. He was succeeded by the President of the Statue committee, Mr. Morarji Mangalji Pandya, the then Diwan of Porbander, who in an able speech made appropriate remarks and read the inscription; and after other speakers had their say on the occasion, the President in a carefully worded address justly praised Your Highness's virtues and qualities as a ruler laying special emphasis on the very cordial friendship that subsisted between him and your Highness, which, he aptly remarked, is a fitting example to show how the east can unite with the west to the benefit of both. Your Highness then thanked the promoters of the movement and the President for the very kind expression of their feelings.

5. The Railway Board visited Morvi on 22nd January to inspect the Morvi Railway and its working so that they may be better able to place their views before Government on the most important question of the management of Railways in Kathiawar.

Visit of the Government Railway Board.

6. On 22nd February His Highness the Maharaja Shivaji Rao Holkar paid a short visit to our capital and was received and treated as a royal guest.

Visit of H. H. Shivaji-Rao Holkar

7. Complete apparatus of the Diamond Drill was ordered from England for trial boring which has not yet come to any successful issue.

Diamond drill.

8. The sad demise of Your Highness's youngest son, Kumar Shree Chandrasingji 11 years of age, took place on 28th September 1905, and threw the royal family and the subjects into deep mourning.

Demise of Kumar Shree Chandrasingji.

9. The most notable event of the year under report to the whole of India is the visit of Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales into India. It was most unfortunate that owing to the mourning of Kumar Shree Chandrasingji Your Highness could not take part in the reception as well as other ceremonies in connection with their Royal Highnesses' visit to Bombay, for which your Highness has often expressed deep regret.

Visit of their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales to Bombay.

10. The effects of the famine of Sumwat 1956 are still lingering and owing to subsequent lean years the agricultural classes have not been able to regain their former position. With a view to personally study their difficulties and the means of remedying them, Your Highness undertook a tour in the Eastern Division of the State in the end of January, the Western Division having been inspected in the year 1904. Twenty four villages were visited and the condition of their people minutely examined. The fields as well as wells of every village were inspected by two officials in company of the Vahivatdar and Patels, who were instructed to mark the changes the land had undergone and the improvements it required, and also the fallow lands and kharabo, the former to be brought under cultivation and the latter to be sown with Babul trees. Your Highness personally examined the bullocks of the cultivators who were advised, where necessary, to add to their means ef cultivation or to substitute good bullocks for bad ones. The people were personally heard and their requests wherever reasonable were granted on the spot. The direct as well as the in-

Yonr Highness's district tour.

direct effects and results of this tour, are far-reaching and manifold, the more so when your Highness has, in view of the leanness of the season, given the people most liberal remissions in their yearly rent.

Changes in the Personnel of the staff.

11. As mentioned in the last year's report the services of Azam Morarji Mangalji Pandya, the Hazur Personal Assistant, were lent to the Porbandar State but as your Highness proposed to go on a tour in the Himalayas, they have, in accordance with Your Highness's wishes, been relent to this State and he joined his original post towards the end of the year under report.

12. Two new officials were engaged during the year under report. Mr. Bhagwanji Lakshmichand B. A. was employed in the State service in January 1905 and was appointed Manager, Hazur office, in October. Mr. Tribhovan Fulchand was appointed Settlement Officer in March 1905 on the death of Mr. Narbheshanker Trikamji in whom the State has lost an old and experienced officer.

CHAPTER II.

Administration of Land.

13. As stated in the last year's report the system of revenue collection is one in cash called Vighoti or Khatabandi. The settlement was complete throughout the State except Adhoi Mahal in Samwat 1938-9. Later on the system of giving Buta or permanent leases to the Ryots was introduced, which enables them to give the same in sale or mortgage. This has rendered the footing of the cultivators accepting that system stable and hence it is believed that cultivation is being improved. But the benefit of this system is not yet so apparent owing to the famine and subsequent lean years. But if years turn out to be good, it is anticipated that the land revenue of the State will be placed on sounder basis.

14. The land Revenue system above described is working smoothly to the benefit of the people as well as the State but the effect of famine and subsequent lean years have told so much on the resources of agriculturists that the State has to grant remissions of Vighoti in proportion to the condition of the crops and this beneficial measure has tended to keep up the agriculturists to their profession.

15. 671 Vighas of land were brought under cultivation this year.

16. The crops of this year did not promise to be better than those of the last year and so two special officers were deputed to inspect the condition

of crops and to report on the extent of remission it called for. On this report as well as by personal investigation Your Highness was pleased to reduce Vighoti by about $\frac{1}{3}$ on an average and also allowed suspension for one month in both the instalments.

CHAPTER III.

Police and Village Police.

17. The following statement gives the present strength of police, foot and mounted including village police.

	Mounted.	Foot.	Total.	Remarks.
Stipendiary	47	914	961	
Pasaitas enjoying lands ...	...	136	136	
Total...	47	1,050	1,097	

This is exclusive of the Police Superintendent, Inspector and five Thandars who are all mounted.

18. The total cost of maintaining the stipendiary force is Rs. 59,403-3-4.

19. The subjoined table shows the working of the police during the year.

Offences reported.		Accused arrested.		Accused sent for trial.		Accused convicted.		Accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convicted to accused arrested.		Percentage of convicted to accused sent for trial.	
1904-1905.	1905-1906.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.	1904 1905.	1905-1906.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.
307	308	295	346	295	346	238	258	57	90	80·66	74·5	80·66	74·5

This result is on the whole satisfactory and reflects credit on the Police Department.

Criminal Justice.

20. There are the following Courts for the administration of Criminal justice.

1. The Hazoor Court.
2. The Sir Nyayadhish Court.
3. The First class Magistrate Court.
4. The Second class Magistrate Court.
5. The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court.
6. The Tankara Mahalkari's Court.
7. The Wawania Thandar's Court.
8. The Jetpur Thandar's Court.
9. The Tankara Thandar's Court.

The first is the appellate Court; the second is the appellate as well as the original court; while the rest are subordinate Courts. The Courts of the Mahalkaris and the Thandars 5—9 are specially established to ensure speedy justice to the village people in petty cases, and with this object in view they are invested with the powers of a Third class Magistrate. For greater facility to the Adhoi people the powers of the Adhoi Mahalkari have been raised to those of a Second class Magistrate and he has further been empowered to commit cases to the Sessions Court.

Sessions cases.

21. The number of cases committed to the sessions during the year under report was 9 which all were disposed of. The number of accused implicated in the cases disposed of was 17, out of which 11 were convicted and sentenced and 6 were acquitted and discharged.

22. The number of cases disposed of by all criminal courts during the year was 519 involving 947 persons as against 517 cases involving 910 persons in the preceding year, showing an increase of 2 cases and 37 persons.

23. Of the total number of 947 accused brought to trial, 383 were convicted and sentenced, and 564 were acquitted and discharged. The figure 564 includes persons against whom the charges brought were either compounded or withdrawn.

24. The number of persons sentenced to more than six months' rigorous imprisonment was 8, the number sentenced to less punishment was 172, and the number fined only was 202, while 1 was whipped. Last year they were respectively 17, 173, 214 and 4.

25. Fines to the amount of Rs. 3,768-13-6 were inflicted as against Rs. 7,764-9-0 in the previous year, the amount realised being Rs. 1,996-0-3 as against Rs. 4,650-5-6 in the preceding year.

26. The total number of offenders during the year was 947 as against 910 last year.

27. The following table shows the amount of criminal work done during the year.

Offences reported.		Persons dealt with.								Persons tried.					
			Brought to trial in 1905-1906.					Total.							
1904-1905.	1905-1906.	Remaining at the end of the previous year.	Arrested by Police.	On Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily surrendered.	Received by extradition.	1904-1905.	1905-1906.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining untried at the end of the year.	No. of cases remaining undisposed of at the end of the year.
742	765	16	327	148	478	2	19	943	990	130	434	383	...	24	11

28. The subjoined table gives the criminal appellate work disposed of during the year.

No.	Tribunal.	No. of appellants.	Appeals rejected.	Number of persons.						
				Sentence			Proceedings quashed.	Further enquiry ordered.	Referred.	Pending.
				Confirmed.	Modified.	Received.				
1	The Hazoor Court ...	13	...	5	3	1	...	1	...	3
2	The Sir Nyayadhish Court	9	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	1
	Total...	22	...	13	3	1	...	1	...	4

29. Besides the appellate work the Hazoor Court exercises the powers of revision and reference in regard to the decisions of subordinate courts, as well as of confirming capital sentence. Its work in this behalf is shown by the table given below.

	Last year's balance	Filed during the year.	Disposed of.	Balance.
Criminal Revision	...	14	14	...
Criminal Reference	...	...	...	...
Total...	...	14	14	...

Civil Justice.

30. The following are the number of Courts in the State for the administration of Civil Justice.

1. The Hazoor Court.
2. The Sir Nyayadhish Court.
3. The Small Cause Court.
4. The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court.
5. The Wawania Thandar's Court.
6. The Tankara Mahalkari's Court.
7. The Jetpur Thandar's Court.
8. The Tankara Thandar's Conrt.

The first is the appellate Court and exercises the powers of revision and reference in regard to the decisions of subordinate courts. The second is the appellate as well as the original court. The third is empowered to hear suits up to Rs. 100, while the fourth, suits upto Rs. 500. The remaining courts are invested with powers to hear suits upto Rs. 50.

31. The undermentioned table represents the original civil work of the several courts during the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year.

No.	Courts.	Balance of 1904-1905.	Filed during the year 1905-06.	Total.		Disposed of.		Balance.		Remarks.
				1904-05.	1905-06.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1904-05.	1905-06.	
1	The Sir Nyayadhish Court	25	117	130	142	105	117	25	25	
2	The Small cause Court	1	372	495	373	494	373	1	...	
3	The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court.	...	13	18	13	18	13	...	...	
4	The Tankara Mahalkari's Court.	...	40	44	40	44	40	...	...	
5	The Tankara Thandar's Court	9	76	117	85	108	84	9	1	
6	The Wawania Thandar's Court	...	51	52	51	52	51	...	...	
7	The Jetpur Thandar's Court	...	18	69	18	69	18	...	...	
	Total...	35	687	925	722	890	696	35	26	

This will show that the courts have worked satisfactorily during the year under report.

32. The total number of suits filed during the year under report was 687 as against 862 of the previous year, showing a decrease of 175, and the number disposed of was 696 as against 890 in the last year, which also shows a decrease of 194. The decrease in the number of suits is due to the successive bad years.

33. The statement comparing the civil appellate work of the two years is as under:—

No.	Tribunals.	Balance.	Filed during the year.	Total.		Disposed of.		Balance.	
				1904-05.	1005-06.	1904-05.	1905-06.	1904-05.	1905-06.
1	The Hazoor Court	3	6	19	9	17	9	2	...
2	The Diwan's (Special Officer's) Court	...	...	19	...	18	...	1	...
3	The Sir Nyayadish Court	...	6	2	6	2	5	...	1
	Total...	3	12	40	15	37	14	3	1

34. The number of appeals disposed of during the year is 14 out of a total of 15, as against 37 out of 40, during the preceding year.

Value of suits.

35. The total value of original suits disposed of during the year under report was Rs. 49,253-9-2 and of appeals Rs. 1,209-0-11, making a total of Rs. 50,462-10-1 as against Rs. 53,339-7-11, showing a decrease of Rs. 2,876-13-10.

Execution of decrees.

36. The total number of decrees executed during the year was 909 as against 1,068 in the preceding year, showing a decrease of 159.

37. The subjoined table shows the work of the Hazoor Court as regards civil revision and reference.

	Last year's balance.	Filed during the year.	Disposed of.	Balance.
Civil Revision	1	5	4	2
Civil Review	4	...	2	2
Civil Reference	...	...	...	...
Total...	5	5	6	4

Extradition.

38. The number of offenders surrendered by this State to other States was 24, while that of the accused handed over to this State by other States was 19.

Prisons.

39. There is one Jail in Morvi with four Lock-ups at Tankara, Wawania, Jetpur and Adhoi.

40. The statement given below shows the total number of prisoners remaining in the Jail and lock-ups at the end of the last year as well as the number admitted during the year under report with cost of their maintenance.

No. of Jails and lock-ups.	Number of prisoners.			Remaining at the end of the year	Daily average.		Cost of maintaining prisoners.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1904-1905.	1905-1906.	
5	84	303	387	89	91·651	73·516	3,792-3-7

Municipal Administration.

41. There are in all four Municipalities viz:—Morvi, Tankara, Wawania and Adhoi, which are all maintained by the State. The work is carried on with care. Roads are cleaned, watered and lighted at night. The cost of the Municipality in Morvi alone was Rs. 3,883-10-8 during the year under

report. There is a splendid road on the river face wall with ornamental railing and on the other side of it stand good houses of taste and uniformity. The situation of this road along the river side makes it very charming especially when it is lighted at night.

Public park.

42. There is a public park in the vicinity of the town which affords a place for recreation to people especially in the evening when the day's work is over. During the year under report owing to mourning there was no band which ordinarily plays there every monday in order to entertain the public.

43. The fire Engine and Hand Pump are kept in order that they may prove to be of service in cases of fire breaking out. On such occasions the Police give an immediate signal to be present on the spot and render all possible assistance.

CHAPTER IV.

Production and Distribution.

(a) Weather and crops, showing rainfall.

44. The monsoon not setting in at righttime, the people waited anxiously for rain which fell all at one time in sufficient quantity. Sowing operations were performed with zeal by cultivators but they were greatly disappointed as there was no more rain. The following table shows the total rainfall at different places in the State.

Mahal.	1904-05. In. Cs.	1905-06. In. Cs.
Morvi	11—6	22—7
Adhoi	6—7	15—15
Tankara... ...	9—45	11—7
Jetpur	14—68	40—1
Wawania ...	5—28	15—0

45. It cannot be said that the rainfall was scanty but as it rained at one time there was a dire need for a later rain, which being withheld, the crops were stunted in growth and their outturn proved to be very deficient and so the revenues this year are expected to be only about ten annas in a rupee. The people are consquently granted remissions of Vighoti as described in para 16 supra.

(b) Forests.

46. Forests are reserved in villages, in most of which Babul trees were planted during the preceding years. The number of trees newly planted during the year under review was 6,735, making up a total of 1,55,146. From this figure are to be deducted 6,988 trees, the wood of which was used by the State and given to cultivators for agricultural purposes.

(c) Trade and manufacture.

47. The total value of exports during the year was Rs. 7,33,177-2-0 and of imports Rs. 11,18,228-8-1 as against Rs. 22,31,523-15-3 and 13,50,094-14-6, respectively in the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs. 14,98,346-13-3 in exports and of Rs. 2,31,866-6-5 in imports. The great decrease in the value of exports is mainly due to the fact that during the preceding year owing to high prices of cotton much of State cotton was sold and exported which was not the case in the year under report. Another cause of decrease was the paucity of cotton crops, the last year being bad.

Export and Import.

48. The chief articles of export for the year under report are Juwari, wool, cotton, grain, cotton-seeds, molasses &c while those of import are cotton, woolen and silk cloth, rice, bajri, sesamum, ghee, dates, kerosene oil, sugar, drugs &c.

49. The chief articles of local manufacture are cotton fabrics, brass and copper utensils, ivory bangles, fine gold and cut gold ornaments and ornaments set in with diverse jewelry. Preparations are going on for putting the spinning and weaving mill in working order.

Manufacture.

50, There is a workshop connected with the Railway where carriages and furniture are made. It is a great success and lends support and encouragement to native artizans and workmen. Most of the rolling stock for the new metre-gauge Railway was prepared in this workshop.

Workshop.

51. The Ginning Factory and Full Press were erected and put to work during the year under report for providing covenience to the general public. The buildings of the Ginning factory and Press were built at a cost of Rs. 14,770-4-0 and Rs. 50,481-1-5 were spent in purchasing Boiler, Engine, and Press plant. A separate department was started for carrying on these concerns from April 1905.

Ginning Factory and Full Press.

The income of the Gin was Rs. 4,183-9-6 and its working expenses were Rs. 1,070-6-9, while that of the Press was Rs. 10,931-8-0, its working expenses being Rs. 4,820-13-11.

(d) Public Works.

52. The total expenditure incurred during the year under report in this department was Rs. 1,72,737-4-0 as against Rs. 1,69,671-10-7 in the previous year.

53. The table given below shows the chief works executed during the year and the expenses incurred in their behalf.

The name of work.	Amount spent during the year.		
Ginning Factory and Press	74,085	8	8
Jetpur Tramway line	17,746	6	10
Tankara Tramway line	7,520	6	5
Navlakhi line	10,439	5	6
Sobheshwar Bungalow	5,616	3	3
Telephone lines	8'072	7	9
Works under the Port Officer	3,776	11	7
Establishment and Engineering books	4,466	6	9
Minor works and repairs to roads and buildings ...	41,013	11	3
Total ...	1,72,737	4	10

54. A bridge on the river Ghodadhroi at Jetpur is being constructed for the Tramway line at a cost of about Rs. 33,000 out of which Rs. 9,146-14-4 were spent during the year under report will remove the long-felt inconvenience of passengers in crossing the river in times of monsoon.

55. A new bungalow was ordered by Your Highness to be built on Sobheshwar elevation, which is isolated from the town as well as villages, in order that it may serve as a residence in case of any contagious disease raging. The Bungaolw was completed in the month of may and Your Highness resided there for a short time in the time of plague.

(E) General condition of State and people.

56. The relief given to orphans and decrepit amounted to Rs. 4,205-1-1, while the private relief afforded to the respectable poor and helpless to Rs. 176-12-3.

Charitable Relief.

57. The artizans and labourers were given work in their own lines by the Public Works Department which expended Rs. 1,72,737-4-0 during the year under report.

Relief Work.

58. The assistance given to Bhayats, Girassias and other land-holders in the shape of advances made from time to time in anticipation of the executions of deeds came to Rs. 1,463-14-0.

59. The general health was on the whole good. Although the epidemics of small-pox and plague raged during the year under report, the total mortality did not exceed that of the ast year as the force of the epidemics was of mild and precarious character. The mortality during the year under report was 1928 deaths against 2062 births while that of the preceding year was 2223 against 2032.

CHAPTER V.

60. The land revenue chiefly consists of Khatabandhi, the revenue derived from which during the year under report was Rs. 3,31,966-15-6 as against Rs. 5,35,543-0-1 realised during the preceding year, showing a decrease of Rs. 2,03,577-0-7.

61. This year the tank has had greater quantity of water than the last year and so about 4849 Bighas were irrigated which fetched a revenue of about 9,700 rupees.

Irrigation. Paneli Water works.

62. Besides the Paneli water works wells form another important source of irrigation. The number of wells at the end of the last year was 4371 which, with 17 wells excavated in the year under report, make a total of 4388 wells.

63. Other sources of revenue in the State are Mandvi Bham, certain farms, salt, Dan, Jama, judicial receipts and other miscellaneous levies.

Other revenues.

64. The following table shows the realization of the gross revenues of the State as well as its expenditure for the revenue year ending with September as contrasted with the previous one, excluding of course the Railway and

Tramway concerns which are uncertain items of business and cannot therefore be regarded as constant items of State revenues.

	1904-1905.	1905-1906.	Increase.	Decrease.
Revenues ...	10,20,749-15-5	5,90,656-10-3	...	4,30,093-5-2
Expenditure ...	14,43,107-11-5	16,91,714-15-0	2,48,607-3-7	...

The above table shows that there has been a decrease in the revenues in the year under report by Rs. 4,30,093-5-2, while the expenditure has increased by Rs. 2,48,607-3-7 of which 10,16,787-14-8 have been expended in the conversion works of the Morvi narrow gauge line.

CHAPTER VI.

Vital statisticts, &c.

Hospitals and Dispensaries.

65. This department works satisfactorily under the supervision of Doctor K. N. Bam L. M. & S., the chief Medical Officer of the State. He also supervises the Charitable Asylum which is in the immediate charge of an experienced Hospital Assistant, Mr. Narayan Abaji.

66. The subjoined table shows the amount of medical relief afforded by the State Hospitals and Dispensaries during the year together with the cost of maintaining them.

No.	Hospitals and Dispensaries.	Patients.			Cost of maintaining.			Remarks.
		Indoor.	Outdoor.	Total.				
1	Morvi	...	13,099	13,099	5,593	0	4	
2	Morvi Asylum ...	42	...	42	1,811	13	3	
3	Tankara... ...	...	5,278	5,278	694	13	6	
4	Jetpur	...	1,800	1,800	526	5	1	
5	Wawania ...	...	3,110	3,110	592	2	9	
6	Adhoi	...	4,205	4,205	802	6	6	
	Total ...	42	27,492	27,534	10,020	9	5	

Vaccination.

67. The work of this Department is distributed in two circles, for each of which a vaccinator is provided. The vaccinators do their work under the direct and immediate supervision of the chief Medical Officer and the Hospital Assistants of the several districts continue to do the inspection work.

68. There were 1942 persons primarily vaccinated and 208 revaccinated as against 2144 and 51 last year, showing a decrease of 202 in primary vaccination and an increase of 157 in revaccination. In total there is a decrease of 45.

69. Out of total 146 villages visited by vaccinators 129 were inspected by Inspectors and 18 by the Superintendent.

70. The number of children inspected by various inspectors was 1343, while that inspected by the Superintendent was 383, making up a total of 1726. In addition to this the Superintendent inspected extra 84 old vaccinated children.

71. Out of 1942 primary vaccinations 1883 or 98·38 percent were successful and of 208 revaccinations 157 or 78·1 percent were successful, which shows that the result is very satisfactory.

Population.

72. The population according to the last census of 1901 is 92,777 including the Adhoi Mahal.

73. During the year under report 2,062 births and 1,928 deaths were reported as against 2,032 births and 2,223 deaths during the previous year.

Plague.

74. Plague cases occurred in Morvi as well as in neighbouring villages but their number was very small, the mortality being 173 out of 268 cases.

CHAPTER VII.

Education.

75. The efficiency of this department has been satisfactorily maintained during the year under report under the able supervision of Mr. P. M. Patel B. A. who is the Village School Superintendent and officiates as the Head master of the Local High School.

76. There is one High School and 79 Gujarati schools in this State, as against 78 in the preceding year.

77. The High School is a charitable institution established after the memory of the late lamented sister of Your Highness, Ba Shri Vakhtuba. Its Head master is a B. A. and there are two other B. A.s. as first and second Assistants, all of the Bombay University. The staff of teachers in Sanskrit, Persian and science, is also sufficient. The average daily attendance was 236 as against 211 in the last year, the number of pupils studying being 309. In the last matriculation examination 13 boys were sent up out of which 11 turned out successful, which result is very satisfactory and reflects credit on the Head master and his staff.

High School.

78 To the High School are attached a decent Library and a Laboratory towards the maintenance of which a handsome grant is sanctioned every year. The boys have been provided with cricket, tennis and gymnasium. They have a reading room of their own and hold weekly meetings for their mutual improvement.

Library and Laboratory.

79. The Vakhtuba Charitable Vernacular school contains 159 boys and is managed by an old and experienced senior hand assisted by six teachers. The average attendance of boys in the school was 128.

Vakhtuba Charitable Vernacular School.

80. There are two Gujarati Branch schools in Morvi containing 403 boys, whose average daily attendance was 319. The number of teachers is 15.

Gujarati Branch Schools.

81. There are two girl schools with 149 girls. The average daily attendance is 91·2. One in Morvi is managed by a trained lady teacher with 3 assistants. Besides this staff there is a female hand engaged to teach embroidery work.

Girl schools.

82. This was established in memory of the late Thakore Saheb. It is under the fostering care of a well-known sanskrit poet, and learned Shastri Bhat Shankerlal Maheshwer. 14 pupils learn Sanskrit there.

The Rawajiraj Pathshala.

83. There are 73 Darbari schools in the Districts with 1900 boys. The average daily attendence is 1456·4.

Durbari schools in the District.

84. The total number of schools is 80, attended by 2934 pupils in a district of 913 square miles inhabited by 92,777 souls.

85. The total amount of expenditure of this department is for the year under report Rs. 19,614, and the cost of educating boys comes to Rs. 6-10-11 per pupil.

CHAPTER VIII.

Miscellaneous.

Printing Press.

86. As mentioned in the last year's report, new materials were ordered from England to restore the Printing Press to its original strength and being fitted up they were got to work during the year under report. The capital cost of the new Printing Press has been Rs. 22,912-8-4.

87. The Press executes the State work as well as of the Railway, Tramway and of general public. The income derived therefrom was Rs. 2,318-11-6, the working expenses being Rs. 1,651-12-8.

88. The press being extended to its original position, the State Gazette which had ceased to be published was started again in October 1905.

Library.

89. In the library at Morvi all the Bombay English dailies and a number of other English and Gujarati papers are received, all of them being contributed to by the State.

The State Stud.

90. At the end of the last year there were in all 235 brood mares which with 3 others make up a total of 238. Out of these 11 died and were otherwise disposed of, leaving a balance of 227. Of these 174 are Kathiawadi, 16 Australians, 1 wild ass, 33 English and 3 Arab. They are all in good condition. Experience has shown that waler mares do not breed well here. English country breds and Kathis have proved to be good brood mares.

Brood mares.

91. Of the young stock 6 are under one year, 21 under two years, 30 under three years, 31 under four years and 7 under five years, making up a total of 95. They are all promising. Care is taken to give them good exercise and proper diet. Expense per head of one year old is Rs. 149-10-9 and of four years Rs. 155-12-0.

Young Stock.

92. There are 10 stallions. All of them are in good condition. Of these 5 are English, 2 Arab and 3 Kathiawadi. They are well built and have proved to be good sires.

Stallions.

93. 50 mares were put to the stallions during the year.

94. There are 12 stables including one sick ward. The boxes of the stables are roomy, large, ventilated and clean.

Stables.

95. There is one Veterinary Hospital to treat sick animals and its working is satisfactory. This hospital is also open to the public.

Veterinary.

Survey.

96. The ordinary work done during the year under report by this Department was the Buta survey of lands of 24 villages permanently leased under the new Buta system. A greater part of the work consisted in surveying border lands, irrigated lands, and lands mortgaged or aliena ed by Bhayats, Girassias and other landowners of the State.

Tramway.

97. The capital expenditure on the Tramway system upto now has been about Rs. 5,50,000.

98. The gross earnings of the Wawania and Jetpur line were Rs. 65,115-6-9 and the working expenses Rs. 36,134-9-4 as against Rs. 80,916-13-6 and Rs. 35,081-4-10 respectively during the preceding year. The net earnings amounted to Rs. 28,980-13-5 giving profit of 5·28 per cent on the outlay.

CHAPTER IX.

Railway.

99. The Railway line works satisfactorily and reflects credit on the management of Mr. Burke. The gross earnings for the year were Rs. 3,23,640 as against Rs. 3,54,636 last year. The decrease in gross earnings is chiefly due to the competition with the B. G. J. P. Railway in rates for all descriptions of goods traffic carried via Rajkot to and from stations on the B. G. J. P. Railway.

100. The working expenses amounted to Rs. 1,49,164 as against Rs. 1,65,727 in the previous year and were less by Rs. 16,563. The net earnings showed a decrease of Rs. 14,433 from Rs. 1,88,909 to Rs. 1,74,476. The capital of about Rs. 25,00,000 having increased to about Rs. 44,00,000 on account of expenditure for conversion of the 2′ 6″ gauge line to metre-gauge, the net earnings give this year only about 4 per-

Working expenses.

cent on the total capital as against 7·71 percent in the preceding year. The result is greatly discouraging and proves to the hilt that there is no gain, nay, decided loss to this State by the conversion of the Morvi Railway, which was undertaken and has been completed simply out of deference to the Government wishes. The competition of the B. G. J. P. Railway is unauthorisedly hard and if it were not for the care taken in managing the line the profits would have been only nominal.

101. The total capital expenditure for the conversion works upto December 1905 has been Rs. 19,74,355-6-1.

102. In addition to the rolling stock of the metre-gauge Railway mentioned in the last year's report, two metre-gauge Engines, 30 covered wagons, 3 bogie frames, 45 small carriage frames, 15, 20 ton bogie wagons were received from England and got on to work. 3-1st class, 3-2nd class, 5 compo 1st and 2nd class, 3 mail-van compo, 3 family 1st class, 20 3rd class, 2 horse boxes, and 6 brakevans were constructed in the workshops of this Railway at Morvi and put on to the frames during the year.

103. Arrangements were made with the B. B. &. C. I. Railway and B. G. J. P. Railway for joint working at Wadhwan and Rajkot junctions and through train service was introduced from the 16th December 1905 in conjunction with the B. G. J. P. Railway authorities between Wadhwan Junction and Jamnagar, for the convenience of the travelling public.

104. A siding was laid on the 2′-6″ gauge from Makansar mileage 57 to stone quarry 5 miles off.

Morvi, 5th June 1906.

I have the honour to be,
Your Highness's most obedient servant,

For Diwan.

☞ Printed at the Morvi State Steam Press—40—2-6-06.

MORVI STATE.

ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION

REPORT.

For the Year 1906-07.

MORVI.

Printed at the Morvi State Oil Engine Press.

1907.

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From,

THE DIWAN, MORVI STATE.

To,

His Highness Sir WAGHJI Bahadoor,
G. C. I. E.,

Thakore Saheb of MORVI.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS,

I crave permission to submit the annual Administration Report of the State for the year ending 31st March 1907.

CHAPTER I.

General and Political.

Area, revenue and tribute.

2. The total area of the State is 913 square miles from which may be deducted the area of the villages of Janghi, Ambardi, Chandrodi and Laliana Pati transferred to Cutch. The population is 92,777 and the gross average revenue of the State is about Rs 600,000. The annual British tribute is Rs 9,263, the Gaekwar tribute Rs 49,208, and the Junagurh Zortalbi Rs 3,088, the total tribute payable during the year being Rs 61,559.

The Badri Narayan pilgrimage.

3. The principal event of the year under report that requires prominent notice is your Highness's pilgrimage to Badri Narayan and other sacred places of religious fame. Handing over charge of the State to the late Mr. Morarji Mangalji Pandya, whose services had shortly before then been re-lent by the Porebunder State, Your Highness, in company with the Huzoor Secretary Mr. Bhanji Kanji and a party of about 32 men in all, started from Morvi on the 18th April 1906. Among the places of religious sanctity and significance visited by Your Highness may be mentioned Haradwàr, Rishikesh, Dew Prayàg, Jam Notri, Uttar Kashi, Gangotri, Budhà Kedàr, Trijû Narayan, Kedàrnàth, Gupta Kàshi, Vishnu Prayàg, Pandkeshwar, Badri Nàràyan, Nand Prayàg, Karan Prayàg, Mahà Kàleshwar, Muttrà and several other shrines too numerous to mention. The interesting notes of the pilgrimage show that in the interval of three months and six days passed in the pilgrimage Your Highness, actuated by that magnanimous sense of religion

and devotion which is rarely visible in the days of the present generation, walked on foot for no less than 625 miles, climbing lofty hills and making way through impenetrable tracts and jungles not accessible—indifferent of hunger and fatigue. The unbounded liberality, manly fortitude, bodily vigour and mental firmness Your Highness displayed during the various stages of the pilgrimage have become matters of note in the memorable annals of the State and the pilgrimage has furnished an elegant and munificent addition to the most interesting list of Your Highness's illustrious career, worthy of the highest esteem and admiration.

Mr Morarji Mangalji Pandya's death.

4. The pilgrimage would have indeed extended for a longer period, but it had unfortunately to be curtailed in consequence of the sad demise of Mr. Morarji Mangalji Pandya, whom Your Highness had left in charge of the State. This melancholy event occurred in Morvi on the 18th May 1906. In the death of Mr. Morarji the State has lost an officer of tested energy and ability and experience acquired by no less than 16 years' personal training under Your Highness. Both the State and its subjects deeply mourn his loss. It is not an easy mattter to fill up such responsible office and Mr. Morarji's place is therefore still lying vacant. Your Highness has, in due appreciation of his long and meritorious services, made suitable provisions for his sons and widow.

Mr. Gokaldas Rajpal's temporary administration.

5. On Mr. Morarji's death during Your Highness's absence the State had remained till your return from pilgrimage in charge of Mr. Gokaldas Rajpal, State Engineer, who, I may be allowed to state, creditably discharged the onerous duties entrusted to him under Your Highness's orders with his undoubted energy and ability, to the satisfaction of all concerned.

Addresses from subjects on return from pilgrimage.

6. On your Highness's safe and auspicious return from pilgrimage on 24th July last your loyal subjects of all classes and creeds congratulated Your Highness and presented a series of addresses in a public meeting, expressing their joy and showering their hearty blessings and benedictions.

Ceremony of laying the last stone of a Borah Mosque in Morvi.

7. Your Highness's visit last winter to the mosque constructed in the Morvi city by Sheth Tajbhai at a cost of about a lac of rupees for laying the last stone of its highest turret is a remarkable proof of your equal regard for your subjects of different classes and creeds—Hindus and Mahomedans alike. Situated

close to the river banks the mosque forms an elegant edifice and greatly adds to the magnificence of the city.

8. Mr. Tajbhai is a native of Morvi and carries on business in Bombay and it reflects no small credit on him that he has spent such a large amount of his savings in his nativity for the benefit of his religious brethern. The Borahs are as a class a loyal and euthusiastic race, well-known for its catholic charity, union and general humane nature and is to be highly congratulated for the generosity so nobly displayed by one of its members.

Mundia Bawa's fair.

9. Another noteworthy event during the year was the celebration of the large fair of Sadhus which was held here in the month of the first Chaitra by the saint Mundia Bawa in memory of his Guru (spiritual preceptor). The fair was attended by no less than 20,000 souls who had arrived from various quarters. Even some of the States of the Province had cordially responded to the invitations of the saint by sending their representatives with Poshags &c. Thanks to the help that Your Highness accorded on the occasion in various ways and to the efficient police arrangements made under your orders everything passed quietly. The cordial reception and honour Your Highness gave to the prominent saints and your visit to the Mandap added to the success of the saint's undertaking which would have been achieved on a still grander scale had not the outbreak of plague somewhat marred it in the last stage of the assemblage.

10. In order to ensure a quick despatch of work and to facilitate the work of administration in the several departments of the State and secure greater efficiency in all its branches, Your Highness has ordered the construction of a general office building at a cost of about two lacks of rupees on the river banks. The work has already begun, but its progress has been recently handicapped by the uncalled for and wrongful interterence of the Wankaner State in coming in the way of our long-established right to work the Dhramania quarries- a right which has been recognized and affirmed by the highest tribunals of the British Government. The question has now become

the subject of a political suit which, I am afraid, will take a good deal of time by way of litigation. I hope that it may be settled early as the want of stones is keenly felt and the result is anxiously awaited; or else the public works will seriously suffer in their progress.

11. The beneficial results of the new offices scheme, when carried out in entirety, cannot be overrated. It will supply extensive and healthy accomodation to the several departments of the State and besides being an ornamental structure, largely augmenting the beauty of the city, will save a great deal of unnecessary discussion and correspondence, references and cross-references which otherwise arise owing to the situation of the different offices at scattered distances.

Agricultural Bank.

12. To ameliorate the condition of the cultivators, Your Highness has started an Agricultural Bank on the 1st October 1906 under the State's guarantee. Though its working arrangements are analogous to those of an ordinary bank doing business on the modern style, it has features of its own and is worked on a diffierent principle, the profits of the bank transactions being distributed among its constituents—the subscribing members.

13. The Bank has already done immense business and is largely availed of by the cultivators who deem it as a precious boon conferred upon them. Advances are also made by the Bank to the members of the trading class on sufficient securities on very moderate terms of interest &c. The management is conducted by three Directors, a Manager and an Auditor and the functions of the several members of the establishment so formed have been defined under Your Highnesse's orders. It is fully anticipated from all sides that the scheme will soon bear ample fruit, as while on the one hand it will greatly improve the monetary status of the peasants and cultivators it will highly foster trade in its various branches.

Prince Ajitsingji's successful progress in the Oxford College and at the Bar.

14. Your Highness is to be highly congratulated for the remarkable progress that Prince Ajitsinghji is known to have made in his studies. He has successfully passed his periodical examination in Sanskrit and will appear in the final

B. A. examination at the Oxford University next December. He is also filling his terms at the Inner Temple, and it will not be long before we shall see him enrolled as a member of the English bar carrying with him the distinguished diploma of a Bachelor of Arts of the Oxford University.

Your Highness's district tour.

15. With the laudable object of relieving the cultivators from the pernicious effects of the famines of Samwat 1956 and 1958 by personally studying their difficulties and remedying them at their very homes, Your Highness undertook your usual winter tour last year and has now finished your inspection of the entire villages comprised in the eastern Division of the State. No less than twenty villages were visited. The condition of their inhabitants was minutely examined. The fields and wells of every one of the villages were examined by the Revenue Commissioner in company of the Vahiwatdar and Patels who were instructed to mark the changes the land had undergone and the improvements it required, as also fallow lands and kharabo and on results of such examination being submitted to your Highness by that officer orders were issued there and then. Your Highness personally examined the bullocks of the cultivators and ordered arrangements for supplying them good bullocks where necessary. The people were personally heard every day and their requests were discussed and if reasonable were granted on the very spot. Charities were distributed to the poor in each village and children and invalids were sumptuously fed. Orders were given for digging tanks and wells where there was deficiency of water supply and there is not a complaint in the villages visited which has not been redressed by your Highness. The excavation of the Ghantila tank for which your Highness has sanctioned Rs. 20,000 will be a great boon to the Ghantila people and will add to their comforts as it will give them a good supply of drinking water. Your Highness has also made remissions in the cultivators' debts in certain villages where the cotton crop was poor and the cereals fetched a low price in the market.

Outbreak of Plague.

16. Plague unfortunately broke out in Morvi at the close of the year, but the instantaneous evacuation of the city, coupled with the medical relief and sanitary arrangements effected under Your Highness's orders, has helped a good deal to avoid its disastrous effects as far as possible. The inhabitants have been mostly given free quarters by Your Highness outside the city and in villages. Special tram arrangements have been made to enable them to visit Morvi for attendance in their avocations, all the three lines-Wawania, Jetpur and Tankara being timed to suit

their convenience. For the helpless poor sheds of corrugated iron are in course of erection at a cost of about eight thousand rupees. The disease is in a milder type this year and many cases are improved. And now that the town has been totally evacuated and all precautionary measures have been adopted it is fully expected that the dire disease will be soon stamped out.

Vahu Shri Nana Maniba Saheb's scholarships.

17. To promote education Your Highness has founded a series of scholarships in the name of your youngest Rani Saheb, the late lamented Vahu Shri Nana Maniba Saheb. Eight scholarships have been awarded to students of the local Ba Shri Vakhtuba Charitable High School. For Morvi students wishing to prosecute higher studies in the Arts, Medical, Science, and Veterinary colleges, in the Law class and in the Technical Institute your Highness has founded scholarships ranging from Rs 15 to 35 per mensem. This arrangement will act as a great stimulus in the cause of education in all its various branches and it will not be long before the scholarships so founded will be availed of by the Morvi students.

The Navlakhi case

18. As shown in reports of previous years Nawanagar had laid a political suit in the court of the Political Agent, Halar, to recover from the possession of this State lands, islands, waters and marshes adjoining and including the Navlakhi Bundar. At the request of the Plaintiff, the Nawanagar State, Government had appointed Mr. R. M. Kennedy, Commissioner, Northern Division, as Special Commissioner to adjudicate upon the claim. Mr. Kennedy commenced the work of the Commission at Ahmedabad in November last. The Jamnagar State was represented by Mr. Gulabrai Vajeshanker Chhaya, a pleader practising in the Kathiawar Agency Courts, and Mr. Maniram Ambaram, Revenue Commissioner, Jamnagar State ; while our State was represented by Mr. Ranchhodlal Vandrawandas Patvari B. A. L. L. B., High Court Pleader, Chief Minister of Palanpur, whose services were kindly lent to this State for the purpose of this case by His Highness Sir Sher Mahmadkhanji, G. C. I. E., the foresighted and able ruler of Palanpur. Mr. Patvari was assisted by Mr. Bhogilal Dhirajlal Lala B. A. L. L. B, a member of the Ahmedabad Bar. Mr. Gokaldas Rajpal, the State Engineer, gave instructions to Mr. Patvari at the various stages of the inquiry and attended at some of the important hearings before the Commission and gave him valuable assistance to Mr. Patvari.

19. The Commissioner visited the various disputed localites on the 17th and 18th January last. He made an elaborate and exhaustive inquiry,

minutely examined the evidence tendered by the parties and patiently heard the oral and written arguments of Counsel for both the sides. His decision was not announced till the close of the official year under report, but has since been delivered at Verawal last month. As was naturally expected the decision is entirely in favour of this State on all points except in the matter of costs of the suit and of the Commission. The details of the decision will form a subject for the next year's report. But I cannot but take this opportunity to sincerely congratulate Your Highness for the successfull result of the case.

Changes in the personal of the staff.

20. The work of the Revenue Commissioner of the State, which, from the date of the demise of the late Mr. Amarchand Jhawerchand, Naeb Dewan and Acting Dewan, was so energetically discharged personally by your Highness, was from September last transferred to Mr. Bhagwanlal Prabhashanker, who is now promoted from the rank of Revenue Assistant to that of Revenue Commissioner. Mr. Bhagawanji Laxmichand Khokhani B. A. who had been on the opening of the Agricultural Bank appointed as its Manager in addition to his duties as Manager of the Hazoor Office, has taken six months' leave, on his being appointed Assistant Manager in the Swadeshi Store at Bombay; and his work as Manager of the Bank is temporarily placed under Mr. Valamji Kalyanji, the head officer of the Account Department.

Kumar Shri Harbhamji's attitude towards the State.

21. I cannot close this chapter of the principal events of the year under report without bringing to your Highness's notice the peculiar attitude which Kumar Shree Harbhamji has of late assumed towards the State and its officials. Encouraged by the orders of the Government of Bombay contained in para 3 of their Resolution No. 5284 of 24th August 1904, which delegate to the Agency the jurisdiction to dispose of the Hak Patrak case regarding the Giras assignment made to him, Kumar Shri Harbhamji unnecessarily arrogates to himself the privilege of directly approaching the Agency in matters however frivolous and trivial and raises false and unfounded clamours against the State simply with the object of prejudicing this State in the eyes of the Agency and setting up evidence for the purpose of the Hak Patrak case which is pending before the court of the learned Judicial Assistant. This daring attempt of his to oust the jurisdiction of the regularly constituted courts of the State and disregard its just and lawful authority is one which should be promptly discouraged for, it is evident that he holds

no greater position than that of an acknowledged subordinate Bhayat of this State and his present endeavours cannot avail him in the least in his absurd pretensions which, if allowed, would be calculated to render his relations with the State interstatal as between two independent States. The Kumar will be well advised if he will understand his real position of a Bhayat subordinate, amenable in all respects to the jurisdiction and to the just and lawful authority of this State.

CHAPTER II.

Administration of Land.

13. As stated in the last year's report the system of revenue collection is one in cash called Vighoti or Khatabandi. The settlement was complete throughout the State except in the Adhoi Mahal in Samwat 1938–9. Later on the system of giving Buta or Permanent Leases to the Ryots was introduced which enables them to give the same in sale or mortgage. This has rendered the footing of the cultivators who have accepted that system stable and cultivation is very much improved. But the benefit of this system is not yet so apparent owing to the famine and subsequent lean years. And as years turn out to be good, it is anticipated that the land revenue of the State will be placed on a sounder basis.

14. The land revenue system above described is working smoothly to the benefit of the people as well as the State but the effect of famine and subsequent lean years has told so much on the resources of agriculturists that the State has to grant remissions of Vighoti in proportion to the condition of the crops and this beneficial measure has tendered to keep up the agriculturists to their profession.

15. 343¼ vighas of land were brought under cultivation this year.

16. The crops of the year under report have been much better than those of the preceding but the market prices of the cereals and cotton being much lower this year, the average produce is only 12 to 14 annas a rupee.

CHAPTER III.

Police and Village Police.

17. The following statement gives the present strength of police, foot and mounted, including village police.

	Mounted.	Foot.	Total.	Remarks.
Stipendiary	42	780	822	
Pasaitas enjoying lands ...	...	19	19	
Total...	42	799	841	

This is exclusive of the Police Superintendent, Inspector and 5 Thandars, who are all mounted.

19. The subjoined table shows the working of the Police during the year.

18. The total cost of maintaining the stipendiary force is Rs. 29,812-15-3.

Offences reported.		Accused arrested.		Accused sent for trial.		Accused convicted		Accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convicted to accused arrested.		Percentage of convicted to accused sent for trial.	
1905-1906.	1906-1907.	1905-1906.	1906-1907.	1905-1906.	1906-1907.	1905-1906.	1906-1907.	1905-1906.	1906-1907.	1905-1906.	1906-1907.	1905-1906.	1906-1907.
308	227	346	240	346	240	258	187	90	48	74·5	77·9	74·5	77·9

This result is on the whole satisfactory and reflects credit on the Police Department.

Criminal Justice.

20. There are the following Courts for the administration of Criminal justice.

1. The Hazoor Court.
2. The Sir Nyayadhish Court.
3. The First class Magistrate Court
4. The Second class Magistrate Court.
5. The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court.
6. The Tankara Mahalkari's Court.
7. The Wawania Thandar's Court
8. The Jetpur Thandar's Court.
9. The Tankara Thandar's Court

The first is the appellate court; the second is an appellate as well as an original court; while the rest are subordinate courts. The courts of the Mahalkaris and the Thandars 5-9 are specially established to ensure speedy justice to the village people in petty cases, and with this object in view they are invested with the powers of a Third class Magistrate. For greater facility to the Adhoi people the powers of the Adhoi Mahalkari have been raised to those of a Second class Magistrate and he has further been empowered to commit cases to the Sessions Court.

Sessions cases.

21. The number of cases committed to the Sessions during the year under report was 7 all of which were disposed of during the year under report. The number of accused implicated in the cases disposed of was 7 out of which 5 were convicted and sentenced and 2 were aquitted and discharged.

22. The number of cases disposed of by all criminal courts during the year was 513 involving 924 persons as against 519 cases involving 947 persons in the preceding year, showing a decrease of 6 cases and 23 persons.

23. Of the total number of 924 accused brought to trial 301 were convicted and sentenced and 606 were acquitted and discharged and were awaiting trial. The figure 606 also includes persons against whom the charges brought were either compounded or withdrawn.

24. The number of persons sentenced to more than 6 months' rigorous imprisonment was 7, the number sentenced to less punishment was 115 and the number fined only was 180, while 1 was whipped. Last year they were respectively 8, 172, 202 and 1.

25. The total number of offenders during the year was 924 as against 947 last year.

26. The following table shows the amount of criminal work done during the year.

Offences reported.		Persons dealt with.												
			Brought to trial in 1906-1907.				Total.							
1905-1906.	1906-1907.	Remaining at the end of the previous year.	Arrested by Police.	On Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily surrendered.	1905-1906.	1906-1907.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining untried at the end of the year.	
765	737	24	240	38	621	1	990	924	262	344	301	...	17	

27. The subjoined table gives the criminal appellate work disposed of during the year.

Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Application rejected.		Number of persons and cases.														Remarks.
				Sentences.						Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry &c ordered.		Pending.		
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
All the criminal appellate courts.	5	...	...	4	4	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

Civil Justice.

28. The following are the number of Courts in the State for the administration of civil justice.

1. The Hazur Court
2. The Sir Nyayadhish Court
3. The Small Cause Court
4. The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court
5. The Wawania Thandar's Court
6. The Tankara Mahalkari's Court
7. The Jetpur Thandar's Court
8. The Tankara Thandar's Court.

The first is the appellate court and exercises the powers of revision and reference in regard to the decisions of subordinate courts. The second is an appellate as well as original court. The third is empowered to hear suits upto Rs 100, while the fourth suits upto Rs 500. The remaining courts are invested with powers to hear suits upto Rs 50.

29. The undermentioned table represents the original civil work of the several courts during the year under report as compared with that of the preceding year.

Number.	Courts.	Balance of 1905-1906.	Filed during the year 1906-07.	Total.		Disposed of		Balance.		Remarks.
				1905-06.	1906-07.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1905-06.	1906-07.	
1	The Judicial Assistant's Court.....	...	594	372	594	372	592	...	2	
2	The Sir Nyayadhish Court	25	163	142	188	117	153	25	35	
3	The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court	...	23	13	23	13	23	...	...	
4	The Tankara Mahalkari's Court.....	...	14	40	14	40	14	...	...	
5	The Tankara Thandar's Court	1	74	77	75	76	75	1	...	
6	The Wawania Thandar's Court	...	46	51	46	51	46	...	...	
7	The Jetpur Thandar's Court	...	112	18	112	18	112	...	...	
	Total...	26	1026	713	1052	687	1015	26	37	

This will show that the courts have worked satisfactorily during the year under report.

30. The total number of suits filed during the year under report was 1026 as against 689 of the previous year showing an increase of 339 and the number disposed of was 1015 as against 713 in the last year which also shows an increase of 302.

31. The statement comparing the civil appellate work of the two years is as under:—

Number.	Tribunals.	Balance.	Filed during the year.	Total.		Disposed of		Balance.	
				1905-06.	1906-07.	1905-06.	1906-07.	1905-06.	1906-07.
1	The Hazoor Court.....	3	21	6	21	6	21	...	...
2	The Sir Nyayadhish Court	1	4	9	5	8	4	1	1
	Total...	4	25	15	26	14	25	1	1

32. The number of appeals disposed of during the year is 25 out of a total of 26 as against 14 out of 15 during the preceding year.

33. The total value of original suits disposed of during the year under report was Rs. 64,426-14-11 and of appeals Rs. 2,631 8-4 making a total of Rs. 67,058-7-3 against Rs. 50,462 10-1 showing an increase of Rs. 16,595-13-2.

Value of suits.

34. The total number of decrees executed during the year was 1262 as against 893 in the preceding year showing an increase of 364.

Execution of decrees.

35. The subjoined table shows the work of the Hazur court as regards civil revision and reference.

Extradition.

36. The number of offenders surrendered by this State to other States was 7 while that of the accused handed over to this State by other States was 3.

Prisons.

37. There is one Jail in Morvi with four lock-ups at Tankara, Wawania Jetpur and Adhoi.

38. The statement given below shows the total number of prisoners remaining in the Jail and lock-ups at the end of the last year as well as the number admitted during the year under report with cost of their maintenance.

Number of Jails and lock-ups.	Number of prisoners.			Remaining at the end of the year	Daily average.		Cost of maintaining prisoners.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1905-06.	1906-07.	
5	89	222	311	60	73·51	60·926	2972-13-2

Municipal Administration.

39. There are in all four municipalities viz:—Morvi, Tankara, Wawania and Adhoi which are all maintained by the State. The work is carried on with care. Roads are cleaned, watered and lighted at night. The cost of the municipality in Morvi alone was Rs 4,397-7-8 during the year under report. There is a splendid road on the river face wall with ornamental railing and on the other side of it stand good houses of taste and uniformity. The situation of this road along the river side makes it very charming especially when it is lighted at night.

Public Park.

40. There is a Public Park in the vicinity of the town which affords a place for recreation to people especially in the evening when the day's work is over.

41. The fire Engine and Hand pump are kept in order that they may prove to be of service in cases of fire breaking out. On such occasions the Police give an immediate signal to be present on the spot and render all possible assistance.

CHAPTER IV.

Production and Distribution.

(a) Weather and crops showing rainfall.

42. The monsoon set in at right time and it rained at opportune intervals. Sowing operations were performed with zeal by cultivators who were amply rewarded by a good harvest. The following table shows the total rainfall at different places in the State.

Mahal.	1905-06. In. Cs.	1906-07. In. Cs.
Morvi	22—7	27—79
Adhoi	15—15	17—46
Tankara... ...	11—7	24—13
Jetpur	40—1	24—46
Wawania ...	15—0	19—31

43. The rainfall was good but as the cereals and cotton fetched very low prices, the year may in point of revenue may be averaged at 12 to 14 annas in the rupee.

(b) Forest.

44. Forests are reserved in villages, in most of which babul trees were planted during the preceding years. The number of trees newly planted during the year under report was 5,541, making up a total of 1,60,687. From this figure are to be deducted 7,089 trees, the wood of which was used by the State and given to cultivators for agricultural purposes.

(c) Trade and manufacture.

45. The total value of exports during the year was Rs. 10,43,985-11-6 and of imports Rs. 10,00,737 as against Rs. 7,33,177-2-0 and 11,18,288-8-1 respectively in the previous year showing a decrease of Rs, 3,10,808-9-6 in exports and of Rs. 1,17,490-9-6 in imports. The decrease in the value of exports is mainly due to the fact that during the preceding year owing to high prices of cotton much of State cotton was sold and exported which was not the case in the year under report.

Export and import.

46. The chief articles of export for the year under report are juwari, wool, cotton, grain, cotton-seeds, molasses &c. while those of import are cotton, woolen and silk cloth, rice, bajri, sesamum, ghee, dates, kerosine oil, sugar, drugs &c.

47. The chief articles of local manufacture are cotton fabrics, brass and copper utensils, ivory bangles, fine gold and cut gold ornaments and ornaments set in with diverse jewellery. Preparations are going on for putting the spinning and weaving mill in working order.

Manufacture.

48. There is a workshop connected with the Railway, where carriages and furniture are made. It is a great success and lends support and encouragement to native artizans and workmen. Most of the rolling stock for the new metre gauge Railway was prepared in this workshop.

Workshop.

49. The Ginning Factory and full Press were worked this year also for providing convenience to the general public. The buildings of the Ginning Factory and Press were built at a cost of Rs. 14,770-4-0 and Rs. 50,481-1-5 were spent in purchasing Boiler, Engine and Press plant. A separate department was started for carrying on these concerns from April 1905. The income of the Gin was Rs. 7,156-6-6 and its working expenses were 8,232-12-7, while that of the Press was Rs. 21,463-14-0, its working expenses being Rs 12,803-12-3.

Ginning Factory and Full Press.

(d) Public Works.

50. The total expenditure incurred during the year under report in this department was Rs. 2,91,637-13-0 as against Rs. 1,72,737-4-0 in the previous year.

51. The table given below shows the chief works executed during the year and the expenses incurred in their behalf.

The name of work	Amount spent during the year.		
	Rs.	a.	p.
Ginning Factory and Press	1,849	5	9
Jetpur Tramway Line	1,04,717	10	3
Tankara Tramway Line	41,872	8	2
Navlakhi Line	1,816	0	3
Paneli Irrigation works	15,571	2	2
Telephone Lines	4,949	2	6
Works under the Port Officer	11,920	1	1
Establishment and Engineering books	6,986	15	6
Minor works	94,113	12	2
Repairs to roads and buildings	7,841	3	2
Total ...	2,91,637	13	0

52. A bridge on the river Ghodadhroi at Jetpur is constructed for the Tramway Line at a cost of about Rs. 33,000-0-0 out of which Rs. 32,706-3-6 were spent during the year under report. This bridge has also removed the long-felt inconvenience of passengers in crossing the river during the monsoon.

53. A new bungalow was ordered by Your Highness to be built on Shobheshwar elevation which is isolated from the town as well as villages in order that it may serve as a residence in case of any contagious disease raging. The bungalow was completed in the month of May and Your Highness resided there for a short time in the time of plague.

(e) General condition of the State and people.

54. The relief given to orphans and decrepids during the year under report amounted to Rs. 324-13-11, while the private relief afforded to the respectable poor and helpless to about Rs. 6,000.

Charitable Relief

55. The artizans and labourers were given work in their own lines by the Public Works Department which expended Rs. 2,91,637-13-0 during the year under report.

Relief work.

56. The assistance given to Bhayats, Girassias and other land-holders in the shape of advances made from time to time in anticipation of the executions of deeds came to Rs. 4,355-9-9.

57. The general health was on the whole good. Although the epidemic of plague raged during the year under report, the total mortality did not exceed that of the past year as the force of the epidemic was of mild and precarious character. The mortality during the year under report was 1494 deaths against 1943 births while that of the preceding year was 1928 against 2062.

CHAPTER V

58. The land revenue chiefly consists of Khatabandhi, the revenue derived from which during the year under report was Rs. 4,69,302-11-3 as against Rs. 4,46,738-5-6 realized during the preceding year, showing an increase of Rs. 22,564-5-9.

59. This year the tank has had greater quantity of water than the last year and so about 1152 vighas were irrigated which fetched a revenue of about 2340-8-0 rupees.

Irrigation Paneli water-works.

60. Beside the Paneli water works wells form another important source of irrigation. The number of wells at the end of the last year was 4388 which with 13 wells excavated in the year under report make a total of 4401 wells.

Other revenues.

61. Other sources of revenue in the State are Mandvi, Bham, certain farms, salt, Dan, Jama, Judicial receipts and other miscellaneous levies.

62. The following table shows the realization of the gross revenues of the State as well as its expenditure for the revenue year ending with September as contrasted with the previous one, excluding of course the Railway and Tramway concerns which are uncertain items of business and cannot therefore be regarded as constant items of State revennes.

	1905-1906.	1906-1907.	Increase.	Decrease.
Revenues ...	5,90,656-10-3	9,14,320-15-6	3,23,664-5-3	...
Expenditure ...	16,91,714-15-0	9,34,665-13-3	...	7,56,749-1-7

The above table shows that there has been an increase in the revenues in the year under report by Rs. 3,23,664-5-3 while the expenditure has decreased by Rs. 7,56, 749-1-7.

CHAPTER VI

Vital statistiets &c.

Hospital and Dispensaries.

63. This department works satisfactorily under the supervision of Doctor K. N. Bam L. M. & S., the Chief Medical Officer of the State. He also supervises the charitable Asylum which is in the immediate charge of an experienced Hospital Assistant Mr. Narayan Abaji.

64. The subjoined table shows an amount of medical relief afforded by the State Hospital and Dispensaries during the year together with the cost of maintaining them.

No.	Hospitals and Dispensaries.	Patients.			Cost of maintaining.			Remarks.
		Indoor.	Outdoor.	Total	Rs.	A.	P.	
1	Morvi	...	15,625	15,625	5,817	2	8	
2	Morvi Asylum ...	90	...	90	1,956	1	8	
3	Tankara... ...	...	2,853	2,853	608	...	3	
4	Jetpur	...	1,672	1,672	581	3	3	
5	Wawania ...	...	2,356	2,356	661	4	7	
6	Adhoi	...	4,414	4,414	776	14	...	
	Total...	90	26,923	27,010	10,391	10	5	

Vaccination.

65. The work of this Department is distributed in two circles for each of which a vaccinator is provided. The vaccinators do their work under the direct and immediate supervision of the Chief Medical Officer and the Hospital Assistants of the several districts continue to do the inspection work.

66. There were 2310 persons primarily vaccinated and 87 revaccinated as against 1942 and 208 last year, showing an increase of 368 in primary vaccination and an increase of 121 in revaccination. In total there is an increase of 489.

67. Out of 146 villages visited by vaccinators 143 were inspected by Inspectors and the rest by the Superintendent.

68. The number of children inspected by various inspectors was 1702 while that inspected by the Superintendent was 514 making up a total of 2216. In addition to this the Superintendent inspected an extra number of old vaccinated children.

69. Out of 2310 primary vaccinations 2243 or 98·2 per cent were successful and of 87 re-vaccinations 85 or 97·7 percent were successful which shows that the result is very satisfactory and reflects great credit on Dr. Balm and his Assistants.

Population.

70. The population according to the last census of 1901 is 92,777 including the Adhoi Mahal.

71. During the year under report 1943 births and 1494 deaths were reported as against 2062 births and 1928 deaths during the previous year.

Plague.

72. Plague broke out at the close of the year under report but as already pointed out it appeared in a milder and less virulent type this year and in consequence of the sanitary arrangements coupled with speedy evacuation and other prompt arrangements made under Your Highness's instructions there were only 177 cases with a mortality of 49.

CHAPTER VII.

Education.

73. The efficiency of this department has been satisfactorily maintained during the year under report under the able supervision of Mr. P. M. Patel. B. A. who is the village school Superintendent and officiates as the Head Master of the Local High school.

74. There is one High school and 79 Gujarati schools in this State as against 78 in the preceding year.

High School.

75. The High School is a charitable institution established after the memory of the late-lamented sister of your Highness, Ba Shri Vakhtuba. Its Head Master is Mr. P. M. Patel B. A., a gentleman of high literary culture and training and there are two other B. A.'s as first and second Assistants, all of the Bombay University. The staff of teachers in Sanskrit, Persian and Science is also sufficient. The average daily attendance was 262 as against 236 in the last year, the number of pupils studying being 331. In the last Matriculation Examination 10 boys were sent up, out of which 9 turned out successful, which result is extremely satisfactory and reflects credit on the able and energetic Head Master and his competent staff.

Library and Laboratory.

76. To the High School are attached a decent Library and a Laboratary towards the maintenance of which a handsome grant is sanctioned every year. The boys have been provided with cricket, tennis and gymnasium. They have a reading room of their own and hold weekly meetings for their mutual inprovement.

77. The Vakhtuba Charitable Vernacular School contains 165 boys and is managed by an old and experienced senior hand assisted by six teachers. The average attendance of boys in the school was 128.

Vakhtuba Charitable Vernacular School.

78. There are two Gujarati Branch Schools in Morvi containing 361 boys whose average daily attendance was 314·3. The number of teachers is 13.

Gujarati Branch School.

79. There are two girl schools with 140 girls. The average daily attendance is 91·3. One in Morvi is managed by a trained lady teacher with 6 assistants. Besides this staff there is a female hand engaged to teach embroidery work.

Girl schools.

80. This was established in memory of the late Thakore Saheb. It is under the fostering care of a well-known Sanskrit poet and learned Shastri Bhat Shankerlal Maheshwer. 15 pupils learn Sanskrit there.

The Rawajiraj Pathshala.

81. There are 74 Darbari schools in the Districts with 1839 boys. The average daily attendence is 1367·2

Durbari schools in the District.

82. The total number of schools, is 81 attended by 2840 pupils in a district of 913 square miles inhabited by 92,777 souls.

83. The total amount of expenditure of this department is for the year under report Rs 20,101-0-0 and the cost of educating boys comes to Rs. 7-1-2 per pupil.

CHAPTER VIII.

Miscellaneous.

Printing Press.

84. As mentioned in the last year's report the Printing Press is restored to its original strength. It is worked by an excellent oil engine, and consists of various machinery of a high make The capital cost of the new Printing Press has been Rs. 23,028-0-6.

85. The Press excutes the State work as well as work of the Railway, Tramway and of the general public. The Press works splendidly and often against time and the management reflects great credit on the Manager, Mr. Devshanker Nathuram. The income derived therefrom was Rs 8,433-13-7, the working expenses being Rs 3,018-6-9. This gives about 23·5 per cent on the outlay.

86. The Press being restored to its original position the State Gazette is published regularly every month

Library.

87. In the Library at Morvi all the Bombay English dailies and a number of other English and Gujarati papers are received, all of them being contributed to by the State.

The State Stud.

88. At the end of the last year there were in all 227 brood mares which with 1 other make up a total of 228. Out of these 17 died and were otherwise disposed of, leaving a balance of 211. Of these 167 are Kathiawadi, 14 Australian, 1 wild ass, 28 English and 1 Arab. They are all in good condition. Experience has shown that waler mares do not breed well here. English country breds and Kathis have proved to be good brood mares.

Brood mares.

89. Of the young stock 4 are under one year, 6 under two years, 20 under three years, 21 under four years, and 34 under five years, making up a total of 85. They are all promising. Care is taken to give them good exercise and proper diet. Expense per head of one year old is Rs 119-10-9 and of four years Rs 125-12-0.

Young stock

90. There are 7 stallions. All of them are in good condition. Of these 3 are English, 1 Arabian and 3 Kathiawadi. They are well built and have proved to be good sires.

Stallions.

91. 29 Mares were put to the stallions during the year.

92. There are 11 stables including one sick ward. The boxes of the stables are roomy, large, ventilated and clean.

Stables.

93. There is one Veterinary Hospital to treat sick animals and its working is satisfactory. This Hospital is also open to the public.

Veterinary.

Survey.

94. The ordinary work done during the year under report by this Department was the Buta survey of lands of 28 villages permanently leased under the new Buta system. A greater part of the work consisted in surveying border lands, irrigated lands, and lands mortgaged or alienated by Bhayats, Girassias and other landowners of the State.

Tramway.

95. The capital expenditure of the Tramway system upto now has been about Rs. 5,64,993-11-10

96. The Tankara Tramway line was reopened on the 25th October 1906. The gross earnings of the Wawania, Jetpur and Tankara lines were Rs. 73,010-0-1 and the working expenses Rs. 50,417-15-7½ as against Rs. 71,226-1-1 and Rs. 45,348-12-2½ respectively during the preceding year. The net earnings amounted to Rs. 22,592-0-5½ giving profit of 4 per cent on the outlay.

CHAPTER IX.

Railway.

97. The Railway line works satisfactorily and reflects credit on the management of Mr. Burke. The Railway Manager testifies to the satisfactory work rendered by Azam Gokaldas Rajpal Mehta, Resident Engineer and Mr. A. Marks who was in charge of Audit and Accounts Department. Both these gentlemen are officers of experience and tested abilities and Mr. Burke speaks highly of their endeavours in assisting him in all matters concerning the Railway. The gross earnings for the year were Rs. 3,07,560 as against Rs. 3,23,640 last year. The decrease in gross earnings is chiefly due to the competition with the B. G. J. P. Railway in rates for all descriptions of goods traffic carried via Rajkot to and from stations on the B. G. J. P. Railway.

98. The working expenses amounted to Rs. 1,47,976 as against 1,49,164 in the previous year and were more by Rs. 1,188. The net earnings showed a decrease of Rs. 14,892 from Rs. 1,74,476 to Rs. 1,59,584. The capital of about Rs. 44,90,469 having increased to about Rs. 99,642 on account of expenditure for conversion of the 2′ 6″ gauge line to metre gauge the net earnings give this year only about 3·55 per cent on the total capital as against 4 per cent in the preceding year. The result is greatly discouraging and proves to the hilt that there is no gain, nay, decided loss to this State by the conversion of the Morvi Railway which was undertaken and has been completed simply out of deference to the Government wishes. The competition of the B. G. J. P. Railway is hard and if it were not for the care taken in managing the line the profits would have been only nominal.

Working expenses

99. The total capital expenditure for the metre and narrow gauge upto December 1906 has been Rs. 44,90,458-9-10

100. One bogie saloon for His Highness the Thakore Saheb of Morvi is under construction in the Workshops.

Morvi, 7th June 1906.

I have the honour to be,
Your Highness's most obedient servant,

For Diwan.

☞Printed at the Morvi State Oil Engine Press. 50—9-6-1907.

Appendix I.

Name of high officials in the Morvi State and Residency officials showing changes in personal during the year 1906-07.

Name of Officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
Vasam Ranchhodlal Sevakram	Judicial Assistant			
Govindji Dadabhai	Sub Vyavadhis and first class Magistrate			
Bhanji Kanji	Officer of state expenditure			
Pragji Makhubhai B.A.	Head Master & Village School Superintendent			
Krishnarao Narayanrao	Chief Medical Officer			
Valanji Kalianji	State Accountant			

Appendix II.

LIST OF LAWS IN FORCE IN THE MORVI STATE.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
Limitation Act of 1896 of the Morvi State	Yes		
Court Fee Act of 1896 of the Morvi State	No		
Stamp Act of 1877 of the Morvi State	No		
Registration Act of 1884 of the Morvi State	No		
Arms Act of 1890 of the Morvi State	Yes		

LIST OF LAWS IN FORCE IN THE MORVI STATE.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
Rules regarding Shikar without license Rules laws other than those mentioned above are enacted by the State The following British Indian Acts are adopted as guidance Indian Penal Code Criminal Act Evidence Act	Yes		

Appendix II. *contd*

LIST OF LAWS IN FORCE IN THE MORVI STATE.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
Contract Act ~~Criminal~~ Civil Procedure Hindu Law Mahomedan Laws Also the spirit of other British Indian acts as well as of the decisions various High Courts taken as guidance			

Appendix III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Jhansi *State, 1906-7.*

Arm of service.	Number of fighting officers and men.						Details of force at end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			Died.	Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.				European Commissioned officers.	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cavalry	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
Sappers														
Artillery														
Infantry														
Imperial Service Troops... ...	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Total...														

Appendix IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police, for the year. 1906-07

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By Promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Subedar	1	50	600	.	.				1	.	
Inspector	1	40	480	.	.				1	.	
Jemadar	1	20	240	.	.				1	.	
Chief Constables	2	20+11/1	372	.	.				2	.	
Havaldars	5	16/2+15/2+11/1	900	.	.	Nil	Nil	Nil	4	1	
Full Naiks	2	11/2	264	.	.				2	.	
Second Naiks	6	10	120	.	.				5	1	
Lance Naiks	16	9 1/2/1+9/15	1764	.	.				14	2	
Band Masters	1	45	540	.	.				1	.	
Sepoys + Bandmen	141	4 to 11	13719-14-3	.	.				122	19	
128 13			19599-14-3								

Appendix V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Morvi State, during the year 190

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 and 5).		Percentage of convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Morvi	308	227	346	240	346	240	258	187	70	48	74·56	77·91	74·56	77·91	5 Pending Trial.

Appendix VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the State during the year 1906.

State	Amount stolen		Amount recovered		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen		Remarks.
	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Nil	3644·34	1159·94	1922·12	1446·94	53·3	57·0	

Appendix VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and case awaiting trial in the Morvi State during the year 1906.

Description of offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during past year.	Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of person apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being in save.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.									Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
								Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Murder - Robbery, Grievous hurt - Hurt - House-breaking etc.	13	167	180	519	513	919	303	5	59	-	58	180	1	303	606	-	-	67	23	7	18	3	3	1	-	-	-	-	11	

Appendix VIII.

Statement showing the number of Offences reported and dealt with by the verious courts in the Morvi State during the year 190 6-7

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at end of year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 190 .					Total.								
	Past year.	Present year.		Arrested by Police	Upon warrant	On summons	Voluntary	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate	Past year.	Present year.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
All Criminal Courts.	765	737	24	340	38	621	1	-	730	424	262	275	366	-	-	17	

Appendix IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the criminal courts in the Morvi State during the year 1906-07

Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences. Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.		Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.		Pending.		
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
All the Criminal Subordinate Courts	5	-	-	4	4	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Appendix X.

Civil work—nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in Morvi State 1906-07

Tribunal.	Opening balance.	Filed during the year received by transfer or on remand.	Total.	Disposed of during the year	Closing balance		
Petty civil Courts.	Past year.	Past year.	Past year.	Past year.	Past year.		Suits filed during present year.
	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.		
	26	687	713	687	26	Number of Suits under Rs 100.	
	26	1026	1052	1015	37	Number of Suits above Rs 100 and under Rs. 500.	
						Number of Suits above Rs 500 and under Rs 1,000	
						Number of Suits above Rs 1,000 and under Rs. 5000.	
						Number of Suits above Rs. 5,000.	
						Exparte	Suits disposed of during present year.
						Admitted and compromised.	
						Struck off the file	
						Otherwise disposed of.	
						value.	
						Average Duration.	
66081 - 11 - 2						Value	
24						Suits *re* landed property.	
987						Suits for money transaction.	
15						Suits for other rights.	
884							
84							
15							
4							
0							
57							
261							
60							
637							
64426 - 14 - 11							
0 - 1 - 5							
						Remarks.	

Appendix XI.

Civil work–Results of Applications for execution of decrees 1906-7

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of.			Remarks.
	Past year. 1905-6	Present year. 1906-7	1906-7	Past year. 1905-6	Present year. 1906-7	Value for present year. 1906-7	Past year. 1905-6	Present year. 1906-7	Value for present year. 1906-7	Past year. 1905-6	Present yaer. 1906-7	Value for present year. 1906-7	Past year. 1905-6	Present year. 1906-7	Value for present year. 1906-7	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
All the civil Courts.	135	135	65624-15-3	898	1398	139961-14-4	1033	1533	205586-13-7	898	1262	154643-7-7	135	271	50943-6-0	223	24	24	

Appendix XII.

Civil work-Number and results of appeals in Civil suits in the Morvi State 190६-०७

Tribunal.	Opening balance		Filed during		Total		Disposed of during		Closing balance		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of										Average duration	
													Decision confirmed		Decision reversed		Decision amended		Cases remanded for re-trial		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
																							Y. M. D.	Y. M. D.
All the civil appellate courts.	1	1	14	25	15	26	14	25	1	1	275-11-4	2631-8-4	6	8	2	10	3	2	2	-	1	5	0-0-13	0-1-16

Appendix XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the jails and lock-ups in the Morvi State during the year 1906-07

Stations.	No. of Prisons	Number of prisoners No.				Daily average.		Number of Prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.				
All the prisons	5	89	222	387	311	72·516	60·926	60	2972-12-2	4·172	

Appendix XIV.

Registration of documents in the Morvi State 1906-07

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money-bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Morvi	378	400	275	240	51	101	6	14	34	31	7	14	378	400	19138 - 15 - 11	2421137 - 3 - 2	"	"	"	"	

Appendix XV.

Statement showing the receipts and Expenditure on account of Registraton Morvi State during the year 1906-07

Description	Past year.								Present year.								Remarks.
	Number of deeds	Value of property Rs.	a.	p.	Fees realised Rs.	a.	p.		Number of deeds	Value of property Rs.	a.	p.	Fees realised Rs.	a.	p.		
Documents relating movable and immovable property mortgaged with &c.	378	191386	15	11	490	8	-		400	242137	3	2	564	-	-		
Total ...	378	191386	15	11	490	8	-		400	242137	3	2	564	-	-		
Deduct expenditure													298	11	3		
Next profit													265	4	9		

Appendix XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipalities in the Morvi State during the year 1906-07

Name.	Opening balance on 1st April	Receipts during the year		Total in current year	Expenditure during the year		Balance on the 31st March	Remarks.
		Past	Present		Past	Present		
Municipality	-	335-7-11	233-1-3	233-1-3	3883-10-8	4397-7-8	-	

Appendix XVII.

STATEMENT OF RAINFALL IN THE MORVI STATE.

Inches	Cents	State.
"	"	April 190
"	"	May 190
4	98	June 190
12	80	July 190
5	13	August 190
2	12	September 190
1	62	October 190
"	"	November 190
"	"	December 190
"	"	January 190
"	11	February 190
"	"	March 190
26	76	Total.
21	1	Total of past year
16	90	Average of past 5 years.
		Remarks.

Appendix XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food, grains 1906-07

Article. per Rupee	During March (Past year.) Seers	During March (Present year.) Seers	Remarks.
Bajra	22	38	
Joowar	26	41	
Rice	16	16	
wheat	18	25	
Arwy	16	45	
Goorad	22	37	
Gram	19	23	

Appendix XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1906.

Description of work.	State Funds.						Total.	
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
Printing Factory and Press	1849-5-9							
Jetpur Tramway Line	104717-10-3							
Lankaka Tramway Line	41872-8-2							
Manlakki Line	1816-0-3							
Telephone Line	4949-2-6							
Works under Port Officer	11920-1-1							
Paneli Irrigation Works	15571-2-2							
Minor Works	94113-12-2							
Establishment	6986-15-6							
Repairs roads and buildings		7843-2	291637-13-0				291637-13-0	

Appendix XX.

Agricultural stock in the Morvi State during the year 1906-7

District.	year.	Horses and cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats	With two Bullocks.	With four Bullocks.	Riding	Load carrying	
				Male.	Female.										
Morvi State	1906-7	260	323	16	23	136	211	55	15	4	..	..	15	..	

Appendix XXI.

Statement showing the excise shops and excise revenue of the Morvi State, during the year 190 6.

Name of State.	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Morvi	1	3375	1	2400	2	236	-	-	4	6011	

Appendix XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded in the Morvi State during the year 190 6-7

Dispensary	Number of patients treated		Result of Indoor patients				Expenditure	Daily average	Remarks.
	Out-door	Indoor	Discharged	Absented	Died	Remaining			
Morvi State Dispensary	15625	"	"	"	"	"	5817-2-8	199-8	
Asylum	"	90	63	10	9	8	1956-1-8	10-4	
Adhoi	4414	"	"	"	"	"	767-13-6	35·4	
Tankara	2853	"	"	"	"	"	608·0-3	26·9	
Jetpur	1672	"	"	"	"	"	581-3-3	17-2	
Vavania	2359	"	"	"	"	"	661-4-7	44·6	
	26923	90	63	10	9	8	10391-9-9	33 : 3	

Appendix XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Morvi State for the year 1906-07

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of Population.				Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Births.		Deaths.		
										Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Morvi State	92777	2002	1943	.	119	1925	1496	.	429	22.2	20.10	. . .	2	

Appendix XXV.

Particulars as to the schools maintained by the Morvi State for the year 1906-07

Number of schools.		Description of schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March		Daily Average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High school.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	High school	272	331	238	262	1490	.	.	
1	1	Middle school	12	23	12	14	.	155	.	
75	76	Primary schools	2450	2931	1554	1791	.	.	10,75	
2	2	Girl schools	149	140	91	91	.	.	644	

MORVI STATE.

ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION

REPORT.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

For the Year 1907-08.

MORVI.

Printed at the State Press.

1908.

From,

THE DEWAN, MORVI STATE.

To,

His Highness Sir WAGHJI Bahadoor,

G. C. I. E.,

Maharaja Thakore Saheb of **MORVI.**

Hazur Office,

Morvi 1st July 1908.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS,

I crave permission of your Highness to submit the Annual Administration Report of the State for the year ending 31st March 1908.

CHAPTER I.

General and Political.

2. The total area of the State is 913 square miles, from which may be deducted the area of the villages of Jinghi, Amardi, Chandrodi, and Laliana Pati transferred to Cutch. The population is 92,777 souls, and the gross average revenue of the State is about Rs. 6,00,000. The annual British tribute is Rs 9,263, the Gaekwad's tribute Rs. 49,208 and the Junagadh Zortalbi Rs. 3,088, the total tribute payable being Rs. 61,559.

3. The principal event of the year under report worth noticing is your Highness' stay in Bombay for the benefit of your health, which had suffered owing to the heavy strain due to the conscientious discharge of your Highness' onerous and manifold duties. It is, however, a matter of gratification that your Highness's health improved a little, and your Highness returned to Morvi after an absence of about 6 months in December 1907.

4. In the month of July your Highness was kind enough to pay a short visit to Morvi on the occasion of the performance of the opening ceremonies of the grand and beautiful Musjid, constructed by the Bohra gentleman,

Sheth Tajbhai, at the cost of over a lac of Rupees. There was a very large and influential gathering, especially, of the Bohras, from all parts of India, headed by their high priest, the Mota Mullaji Saheb of Surat. Your Highness is already well-known for an equal regard for all religions and their followers; and this was no doubt a substantial proof of it.

5. As mentioned in para 10 of the previous report the construction of the general office building is now complete. It reflects high credit on the engineering skill of Mr. Gokaldas Rajpal Mehta, our able and experienced State Engineer. Furniture for different offices, including the Railway and Tramway, is now being expeditiously made locally; and as soon as the office rooms are completely fitted and furnished, all the offices of the State will be shifted therein. This arrangement will very much facilitate the work of administration in the several Departments of the State, secure a greater efficiency in all its branches, and greatly tend to a speedy disposal of work. Besides, it will afford a healthy and extensive accommodation, and become the means of saving a deal of unnecessary correspondence as the officers can personally meet each other conveniently and settle matters. In a fortnight or so we hope to occupy this building, and carry on our respective duties with the advantages mentioned above under the personal eye of, and easy access to, your Highness.

6. The Agricultural Bank, referred to in paras 12 and 13 of the preceding report, has become more popular this year.

7. Prince Ajitsinhji is still in England and is studying at the Oxford University. He has successfully passed his preliminary examinations and is now preparing himself for his final B. A. and Barrister's examinations. His studies are reported to be very satisfactory, and as he is working hard the prospects of success are favourable. He is also studying Sanskrit as his second language.

8. Your Highness has given further encouragement to the cause of primary education by exempting pupils of the cultivating class, as well as orphans of all classes, from the payment of school-fees.

9. Your Highness has also given a great stimulus to the study of higher education by founding loan scholarships, ranging from Rs 15 to 35 per mensem for students intending to receive higher education on the most easy and moderate terms. Such scholarships are liberally founded

for students in the Arts Colleges, the Grant Medical College, the Science College, Poona, the Law Class, the Victoria Technical Institute, the Veterinary College and several other academic institutions.

10. Several changes in the personnel of the staff have been introduced during the year, and the important ones among them are given in the following paras:—

11. In order to relieve partly Mr. Govindji Dadabhai, the-then Sir Nyayadhish, from the heavy burden of work that entailed upon him your Highness has created a new and additional court for hearing civil suits upto Rs. 1500. Mr. Harjiwan Shamji, a native of Dhrangadhra and a District Pleader of experience, has been appointed Civil Judge to preside over it. He has proved himself to be an honest and conscientious judge. He is popular with the bar and the public in general; and his judgments have made a favourable impression on the Appeal Court.

12. A new Hospital Assistant has been given by your Highness to the medical department of the State, and Mr. Bhikhaji has been appointed to fill in the vacancy.

13. In the middle of December last your Highness was pleased to appoint me Huzoor Secretary and in charge of Dewan's duty or office on a salary of Rs. 400 per mensem ; and under the orders your Highness has issued I have been entrusted with the discharge of the political work of the State as also to perform the judicial functions of the Hazoor Court in addition to the various other duties assigned in your Highness' order No. 1314, dated the 26th December last.

14. In the changes that followed the above appointment Mr. Ranchhodlal Sewakram has had to revert to the post of Sir Nyayadhish and Mr. Govindji Dadabhai to that of the Police Superintendent ; Mr. Chhotalal Rewashanker was appointed first class Magistrate, and Mr. Chakoo Valamji as Manager of the Agricultural Bank in addition to the Municipal duties and those of the attached Estates. This last-mentioned work was before then performed by Mr. Gulabchand Dewchand, the officer in charge of the old records, who has now been relieved of it.

15. Your Highness' retention of the increased salaries, both of Mr. Ranchhodlal and Mr. Govindji, in spite of their reversions to their old posts, is an evidence of your Highness' high sense of appreciation of good and honest services.

16. The State Engineer, Mr. Gokaldas Rajpal Mehta, who is also Resident Engineer of our State Railway, has always worked most assiduously and conscientiously. Owing to his being overburdened with work, Mr. Jadavji Amulakh has been appointed as his Assistant on a salary of Rs. 100 per mensem.

17. Since the middle of November last the Cutch Darbar has thrown in a novel and unwarranted obstacle to the export of the produce of the Adhoi Mahal of this State. It prohibited the exportation of grain &c. from Adhoi via Jinghi and Shikarpur. The Political Agent, Cutch, was at once communicated with, but he said the prohibition was imposed by the Cutch Darbar and he could not remove it. This State frequently and urgently impressed upon him the losses the merchants and the State suffered on account of it by addressing him several communications, both by wire and post. Permission was at length given, but not before heavy losses actually accrued to this State and the traders. Even that permission is restricted to exportation via Jinghi only. The long-expected permission for exportation of grain via Shikarpur has not yet been accorded, and the orders which Government may have passed on this matter have not been clearly made known to this State, even after a protracted correspondence. Government have, therefore, been moved in this matter, and it is hoped this arbitrary and unprecedented action of the Cutch Darbar will be immediately put a stop to– especially as a large quantity of Darbari grain as well as the merchants' grain is stored up at Adhoi in consequence of Cutch's obstruction.

18. It is a well-known fact that our State has been a pioneer in the construction of Railways, and has invested a considerable sum of money in the enterprise. The Morvi State Railway has maintained a high reputation for its successful administration and able and economical management. For this it has evoked frequent expressions of praises from able authorities qualified to give their opinion on the subject. After its conversion from narrow into metre-guage the traffic has been much more facilitated owing to the uniformity of the systems, and the public convenience has been greatly enhanced by running three trains daily. Your Highness, to whose profound ingenuity and spirit of enterprise all this is due, naturally takes a keen interest in the working and administration of this very useful branch of the State, and the vigilant eye of your Highness is ever busy, looking most carefully that the management is carried on satisfactorily in every way. No wonder then that the recent proposal of Government to place it either

under any coalition system to be introduced for the Kathiawar metre gauge Railways or under the B.G.J.P. Board of management might, if carried out, prove most injurious to the State and to its subjects. Your Highness' fostering care has nourished and cherished the Railway from its creation and infancy to its present age of 24 long years. It is hoped that the Government of India will favourably consider our representation on the subject, and relieve your Highness from the anxiety and the State from the serious hardships and humiliation, which the transfer of such management would necessarily entail on it.

CHAPTER II.

Administration of land.

19. As stated in the previous report the system of revenue collection is one in cash, called the Vighoti or Khata-bandhi. The system of giving Buta or Permanent Lease to the Ryots, giving them the privilege of sale or mortgage is found to be a very popular concession and is largely availed of. Improvements in cultivation are the evident results of this system, but the lean years being unfavourable much that was expected has not yet been realized.

20. About 215 Bighas of Kharabo (waste) land were brought under cultivation during the year under report, as against 343¼ in the preceding year.

21. Subsequent rains having failed the crops were not fully able to get sufficient moisture for their growth and development in most of the districts, and hence the outturn proved to be far short of what was expected. According to the amounts of rainfall the produce of the different Mahals proved from 6 to 12 annas in the Rupee.

22. This year certain revenue reforms have been introduced by the Darbar, giving more facilities to the cultivators and lessening the effects of the intermediate Vahiwat system. With this object in view the department has been divided into two branches, the executive and the account. This measure has found favour with the cultivators, and they have entered into an unanimous agreement called the " Eka Juti " to collect and pay the whole of the village revenues in one total sum. Almost all the villages have accepted this system, only the remaining few having agreed to pay Vighoti in one sum on 10 or more Santis of land. Thus the collection of revenue by Vahiwatdars has ceased, to the great comfort and convenience of the cultivators, over whom the Vahiwatdars have no longer any right of interference. It has also simplified the Darbar's collection. Different dates for the payment of the revenue amounts have been fixed for the several villages, and the cultivators accord-

ingly pay their dues direct to the Treasury, and obtain a receipt for the same from the revenue Accountant.

23. The executive branch has now only to hear and decide disputes regarding land and to enquire into petitions submitted by cultivators. In his work the Revenue Commissioner is assisted by the Forest Officer, Mr. Kalubhai Rajmalji, a zealous and hard-working officer, who not only supervises the levy of customs-duty in the villages, but also carries out the new revenue reforms and redresses the cultivators' grievances in their own villages, to which he pays frequent visits.

24. The irrigation by Paneli water works were not so much availed of during the year. Only about half the extent irrigated in the previous year was utilized for raising irrigated crops. 581½ Bighas of land against 1152 in the previous year were irrigated, and sugar-cane, wheat, cotton and vegetable-crops were raised therein.

25. The number of wells, on the other hand, has been greatly increased. The number of new wells is 492 and with the previous number they make a total of 5210.

CHAPTER III.

Police Department.

26. The subjoined figures show the present strength of Police, foot and mounted, as also of the village police:—

11 Mounted sowars.	173 Regular Police.
143 Police Patels.	604 Pasaitas.
76 Pugis.	

Total 1007.

27. Besides the above there are the Police Superintendent, 5 Thandars under him, one Assistant Police Superintendent and one Inspector.

28. The State Sibandhi consists of the following:—

31 Irregular Sowars.	13 Arabs.
24 Mukranis.	2 Palas.

Total 70.

29. The cost of maintainting the Police establishment has amounted to Rs. 22,791-3-6 during the year under report, while the same for Sibundhi to Rs 8243-4-10.

30. The table given below indicates the working of the Police during the year under review:—

Year.	Offences reported.	Accused arrested.	Accused sent for trial.	Accused convicted.	Accused acquitted or discharged.	Percentage of convicted to accused arrested.	Percentage of convicted to accused sent for trial.	
1906–7	227	240	240	187	48	77·9	77·9	
1907–8	148	248	248	145	76	88·5	90·3	

31. It will be, no doubt, perceived from the above that the results of the Police working during the year are far more satisfactory than in the previous year. The fact reflects high credit on that Department, especially the present Police Superintendent Mr. Govindji Dada, who is an able and a tractful officer of wide experience.

Criminal Justice.

32. The undermentioned are the 8 courts for the administration of criminal justice:—

1. The Hazur Court.
2. The Sir Nyayadhish Court.
3. First class Magistrate's Court.
4. Adhoi second class Magistrate's Court.
5. Tankara Mahalkari's Court.
6. Tankara Thandar's Court.
7. Wawania Thandar's Court.
8. Jetpur Thandar's Court.

33. The second class Magistrate's Court at Morvi has been abolished, and its work amalgamated with that of the First Class Magistrate's Court during the year; and hence the number of criminal Courts in the State has been reduced from 9 to 8.

34. The first one is purely an Appellate Court. The second hears appeals from the decisions of the District Courts. Adhoi being situated at a long distance it has been given the facility, afforded by the court of a second class Magistrate. It has also the powers of hearing and committing Sessions cases to the Court of the Sir Nyayadhish at Morvi. All the rest of the Courts have the powers of a Third class Magistrate. It may be noted here that the Mahalkari's Court at Tankara hears only local cases, while the Thandar takes cognizance of the cases that occur in the villages of that Mahal.

35. The Hazur court heard 6 criminal appeals during the year involving 9 persons. In 4 cases the sentences were modified and in 2 they were reversed. All the arrears were disposed of.

36 The Sir Nyayadhish Court had 9 sessions cases against 7 in the preceding year; of these 6 were heard during the year. The number of accused persons implicated was 11, of whom 3 were convicted and sentenced, and 7 were acquitted and discharged, while one died pending trial.

37. The number of cases disposed of by all the criminal Courts was 489 involving 956 persons, as against 513 involving 924 persons, showing a decrease of 24 cases and an increase of 32 persons.

38. Of the total number of 956 accused brought to trial 257 were convicted and sentenced, and 695 were acquitted and discharged, and 20 were awaiting their trial at the end of the year while 1 died.

Civil Justice.

39. The Diwani Court at Morvi, having been newly opened on 1st May 1907, there are now 9 Civil Courts in the State. Their names are appended below:—

1 Hazur Court.	2 Sir Nyayadhish Court.
3 Small Cause Court.	4 Diwani Court.
5 Adhoi Mahalkari's Court.	6 Tankara Mahalkari's Court.
7 Tankara Thandar's Court.	8 Wawania Thandar's Court.
9. Jetpur Thandar's Court.	

40. The first one is the highest appeal court. It exercises revisionary powers, and is also the court of reference. The second hears appeals from the District Courts, and has also original power to hear suits valued upwards of Rs. 1500. The Diwani Court has the power to hear suits valued upto Rs. 1500. The Small Cause Court hears, of course, simple cases to the extent of Rs. 150 since the opening of the Diwani Court. The remaining Courts have powers to hear only suits valued upto Rs. 50.

41. The undermentioned table represents the original civil working of the several courts during the year under report, as compared with that of the previous year.

Number.	Courts.	Balance of 1906-07.	Filed during the year 1907-08.	Total.		Disposed of.		Balance.		Remarks.
				1906-07.	1907-08.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1906-07.	1907-08.	
1	The Sir Nyayadhish Small Cause Court	2	455	594	457	592	457	2	...	
2	The Sir Nyayadhish Court	35	18	188	53	135	15	35	5	
3	Diwani Nyayadhish...	...	...	...	80	...	103	...	10	
4	Adhoi Mahalkari's Court	...	44	23	44	23	44	...	...	
5	The Tankara Mahalkari's Court	...	21	14	21	14	21	...	...	
6	The Tankara Thandar's Court.....	...	59	75	59	75	58	...	1	
7	The Wawania Thandar's Court.....	...	30	46	30	46	29	...	1	
8	The Jetpur Thandar's Court	...	80	112	80	112	80	...	...	
	Total...	37	787	1052	824	1015	807	37	17	

42. The statement comparing the civil appellate working of the two years for the two appellate courts is appended below:—

Number.	Tribunals.	Balance.	Filed during the year.	Total.		Disposed of.		Balance.		Remarks.
				1906-07.	1907-08.	1906-07.	1907-08.	1906-07.	1907-08.	
1	The Hazoor Court ...	...	16	21	16	21	16	...	...	
2	The Sir Nyayadhish Court	1	5	5	6	4	6	...	...	
	Total...	1	21	26	22	25	22	...	...	

43. The above figures speak for themselves and require no comments, except that the work done is very satisfactory, and there has been left only a minimum balance of cases at the end of the year.

44. It will be perceived from the above figures that the number of appeals disposed of during the year under review is 22, and both the Courts have successfully cleared all arrears.

45. The total value of the original suits, disposed of during the year under report, has been Rs. 4,778-9-10, making a grand total of Rs. 69,222-3-7 against Rs. 67,058-7-3 and showing an increase of Rs. 2,163-12-4.

46. The total number of decrees executed during the year has been 1221 as against 1262 in the preceding year, showing a decrease of 41.

47. The Hazur Court had 11 cases of civil revisions and references during the year.

Extradition.

48. The number of offenders surrendered by this State to other States was 4, while that of the accused handed over to this State was 6.

Prisons.

49. The Central Jail is situated, of course, in Morvi. Besides it there are four lock-ups, one each at Tankara, Adhoi, Wawania and Jetpur, which are the Head quarters for those districts.

50. The appended statement shows the total numbers of prisoners remaining in the Jail and the lock-ups at the end of the year, and previous year, as well as the number admitted during the year under report with the cost of their maintenance:—

Number of Jails and lock-ups.	Number of prisoners.			Remaining at the end of the year	Daily average.		Cost of maintaining prisoners.
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1906-1907.	1907-1908.	
5	60	187	247	60	60·926	51·851	2,542-15-0

Municipal Administration.

51. Morvi, Tankara, Adhoi, and Wawania each has a Municipality, maintained at the expense of the State. At Morvi watering the roads and lighting them at night are done. The cost during the year has been Rs. 4833-15-5 against Rs. 4397-7-8 during the previous year.

52. The Public Park, in the vicinity of the town, continues being used by the public as a resort for recreation.

53. The Fire Engine and Hand Pump are kept in good order for use in case of emergency.

CHAPTER IV.

Production and Distribution.

(a) Weather and crops.

54. During the year the monsoons set in at the opportune time in June. It continued to rain in the next two months, viz, July and August. Then it ceased altogether.

55. The following table shows the figures of total rain-falls at the different head quarters of the State.

Mahal.	1906-1907.		1907-1908.		Remark.
	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	
Morvi	27	79	28	14	
Adhoi	17	46	19	44	
Tankara	24	13	26	25	
Jetpur	24	46	26	4	
Wawania...	19	31	26	84	

56. There being no rain in September and subsequently the outturn of crops was somewhat poor, varying in different Mahals, and ranging from 6 to 12 annas in the Rupee.

(b) Forests.

57. There are several forests in the State, mainly consisting of Babul

trees, growing both by plantation and spontaneously. The number of trees at the end of the previous year was 1,46,610 and 1,725 were newly planted during the year under report, making a total of 1,48,335. From this total are to be deducted 3,565 trees consumed for use by the State and people, leaving a residue of 1,44,773.

(c) Trade and manufactures.

58. The total value of exports during the year was Rs. 21,46,680-14-9 against Rs. 10,43,985-11-6 in the previous year, while that of imports was Rs. 13,08,602-2-2 against Rs. 10,00,737-14-7. The former figure is almost double and that is principally owing to a good out-turn of cotton, and its consequent exportation. The increase in the importation is also considerable, and it is attributed to the reduction made in the tarriff rates.

59. The chief articles of export are cotton, jowar, wool, grain, cotton-seeds, and molasses, while those of import are cotton, woolen, and silk cloth, rice of various sorts, bajri, sesamum, ghee, date, kerosine oil, sugar-candy, sugar, and drugs.

60. The chief articles of local manufacture and industries are cotton fabrics, metal utensils, ivory works, fine gold and silver ornaments, and jewelled ornaments.

61. The Durbari spinning and weaving mill is to be re-opened on a larger scale; and with that object in view machinery &c have been already ordered.

62. The Railway Workshop continues doing Railway and furniture-works. It is affording the artizans and workmen the usual encouragement and patronage, and is a great means of industrial activity.

63. The Ginning factory and the cotton-press did excellent work during the year.

(d) Public Works.

64. The total expenditure incurred during the year under this head has come to Rs. 2,09,807-3-8 against Rs. 2,91,637-13-0 in the previous year.

65. The table given below shows the principal works executed during the year, and the expenses incurred in their behalf:—

The name of work	Amount expended Rs.	as.	ps.
Jetpur Tramway Line	20,413	12	2
Navlakhi Line	9,013	9	9
Tankara Tramway Line...	4,909	8	2
New Office buildings	89,161	11	8
Works under the Port Officer	7,127	5	1
Telephone Lines	1,076	13	2
Paneli Irrigation Works...	972	13	1
Ginning Factory and Cotton Press	322	13	10
Minor works	56,191	0	6
Establishment charges	8,509	9	10
Repairs to roads and buildings	12,108	2	5
Total...	2,09,807	3	8

(e) General condition of the State and the people.

66. The relief given to orphans and decrepits during the year has cost the State Rs 305-8-11 as against Rs. 324-13-11, while the private relief given to respectable poor and helpless has totalled to Rs 6,500 against Rs. 6,000 in the preceding year.

67. The general health of the public has been pretty fair. We had two slight visitations of plague, which were nipped in the bud owing to the prompt and effective measures adopted under your Highness' instructions. Several villages besides the town of Morvi were affected, but the mortality was small, and the prevalence but short. Small-pox and measles also prevailed, and claimed some victims. In the case of plague no virulence was noticeable, for, nearly 90 per cent of the cases recovered. Rats, however,

claimed priority, and died in large numbers. The mortality during the year was 1,841 against 1,494, while the number of births was 2,079 against 1928.

CHAPTER V.

Revenue and Expenditure.

68. The land revenue chiefly consists of Khatabundhi, the revenue derived from which during the year under report was Rs. 6,45,924-11-6 as against Rs. 4,80,120-4-9 in the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 1,65,804-6-9, which is due to a better year.

69. The following table shows the realization of the gross revenues of the State, as well as its expenditures for the revenue year ending 30th September 1907, as compared with the previous year, excluding Railway and Tramway figures.

	Sumvat 1962.	Sumvat 1963.	Increase.	Decrease.
Revenues ...	9,14,320-15-6	10,07,888- 2- 0	93,567-2-6	...
Expenditure ...	9,34,665-13-3	5,25,094-11-11	...	4,09,571-1-4

The above table shows an increase of Rs. 93,567-2-6 in the revenues and a fall-off of Rs. 4,09,571-1-4 in the expenditure.

The income from custom duty has totalled to Rs. 52,400-13-2 against Rs. 53,774-0-1. There is a fall-off of Rs. 1,373-2-11.

CHAPTER VI.

Vital Statistics.

Hospitals and Dispensaries.

70. The medical department is very popular here. The chief medical officer and his staff have done their duties satisfactorily.

71. The subjoined table shows at a glance the medical relief, afforded by the State Hospital at Morvi and the different dispensaries, situated at the Head quarters of the several Mahals of the State, as also the cost of maintaining each of them:—

No.	Name of Hospital or Dispensary.	Patients.		Cost.			Remarks.
		Indoor	Outdoor.	Rs	as.	ps.	
1	Morvi Hospital	...	13,596	5,743	...	2	
2	,, Asylum	91	...	2,093	6	2	
3	Adhoi Dispensary ...	...	4,559	788	9	2	
4	Tankara Dispensary ...	...	3,428	736	10	9	
5	Jetpur Dispensary ...	...	1,779	611	15	½	
6	Wawania Dispensary ...	...	2,093	616	1	10	
	Total ...	91	26,055	10,789	11	1½	

Vaccination.

72. This work is divided into two circles so as to afford facility for its being done well and efficiently. The Vaccinators' work is supervised by the Chief Medical officer very carefully and minutely, the Hospital Assistants of the Mahals doing the inspection duty.

73. There were 2365 persons primarily vaccinated, and 6 were re-vaccinated during the year against 2310 and 87 respectively in the preceding year. It will be perceived from these figures, and those given in the previous report that vaccination shows better results every year, but not re-vaccination, which seems to be very little recoursed to.

74. Out of 146 villages visited by the vaccinators 138 were inspected by the Inspectors, and 42 by the Superintendent.

75. The number of children inspected by the several Inspectors was 1513, while that inspected by the Superintendent was 663 making up a grand total of 2176. In addition to this the Superintendent inspected an extra number of former vaccinated cases. Out of 2359 primary vaccination 2289 or 97·0 per cent were successful. These are certainly good results.

Population.

76. The population of the State according to the last census of 1901 is 92,777 souls including that of the Adhoi Mahal.

77. During the year under report 2,097 births and 1,841 deaths were reported and recorded, as against 1,943 and 1,494 respectively during the previous year. There is thus a slight increase in births, but a big one in deaths.

Asylum.

78. This is a purely charitable institution, maintained by the State for the sick poor and decrepits. It is directly in charge of the Hospital Assistant Mr. Narayenrao Abaji, and is supervised by Dr. Bam, the chief medical officer.

79. During year under report 91 indoor patients were treated therein, and provided with board and residence. 14 major operations were performed, while the number of minor operations was 425. The annual cost came to Rs. 2,093-6-2.

CHAPTER VII.

Education.

80. The arrangement to conduct and supervise this department continues as detailed in para 73 of the preceding Annual Report.

81. Morvi has a High School, attended by 378 pupils against 331 in the previous year. The increase shows that taste for learning English is gaining ground day by day. The average attendance is 288 against 262, and the total of expenses Rs. 8,495. There is also a middle school, attended by 12 pupils at present, against 23 in the preceding year. The average attendance is 13 and cost Rs. 196.

82. The total number of primary schools is 75, against 76 (one school having been closed on account of want of boys) attended by 2232 pupils instead of 2331, average attendance is 1,570 and the cost Rs. 10,566-0-0. To the High school are attached a good Library and a Laboratory. There is also a Gymnasium. Cricket and lawn tennis, however, are the favourite games of the boys here as elsewhere now a days.

83. The results of the High school standards at the annual examination are that out of 5 candidates presented at the Matriculation examination 2 only passed, in standard VI out of 23 presented 4 passed, standard V presented 31 of whom 11 passed, while standards IV, III, II and I presented 28, 48, 71 and 68 of whom 10-25-22 and 30 respectively passed. These are but

poor results, and the chief reason assigned is the prevalence of plague and the consequent closing of the school for a short time, but in my opinion the art of teaching has yet to be acquired fully by the teachers, and if the Head Master undertakes to see to this the efficiency of the teachers will surely improve. Conscientious work also requires to be recommended.

84. The two Girls schools are attended by 145 pupils against 140 in the previous year. The average attendance is 66 and cost Rs. 655. The slight increase is an encouraging sign of an improvement towards female education. But a greater taste for it is much to be desired, and encouraged. For, it goes without saying that female education is at the root of all social reforms.

85. The Sanskrit Pathshala, called the Rawaji Pathshala, is an unique institution wherein the classical language of India is taught now to 15 pupils by the very learned and reputed Shastri Kavi Shankarlal Maheshwar Bhatt.

86. The total amount of expenditure for this Department is Rs. 20,425 during the year under report, as against Rs. 20,101-0-0 during the previous year. Thus there has been a slight increase.

CHAPTER VIII.

Miscellaneous.

Printing Press.

87. The only press here is that of the Darbar, and as stated in para 84 of the previous Annual Report, it is doing its work excellently well.

88. It may be added here that Mr. Devshanker Nathuram is himself a very hardworking, able, and experienced Press Manager, and has the tact of exacting heavy work from the men under him in time.

Library.

89. The Darbar subscribes to numerous papers, both English and vernacular; and lately a large lot of books have been purchased and added to the old stock.

State Stud Department.

90. At the end of the year there were in all 210 brood mares against 228 in the previous year, 18 of them having died and been otherwise disposed of.

91. There are 130 horses and out of them 4 are English and 2 Australians. The rest are country bred and Kathiawadis.

92. Of the young stock there are 10 under a year old, 6 under 2 years, 6 under 3 years, and 20 under five years, making a total of 42. They are all a promising lot, as exercise and feed are properly given. The expense per head of one year old is Rs. 109-10-9 against Rs. 119-10-9, and of the rest Rs. 134-12-0, as against Rs. 125-12-0, in the preceding year.

93. There are 7 stallions and they are continuing to prove good sires.

94. During the year under report 15 mares were covered by the stallions, as against 29 in the previous year.

95. There are now 11 stables and a sick ward, besides the boxes in the stables, which are built after improved models, and are very roomy, clean, and well – ventilated.

96. There is one Veterinary Hospital under a Veterinary Hospital Assistant to treat sick animals, and its working is very satisfactory. This Hospital is open to the public.

Surveys.

97. The ordinary work done during the year under report by this Department was the Buta surveys of lands of 10 villages, permanently leased under the system bearing that name. A greater part of the work consisted in surveying border lands, irrigated lands, and lands mortgaged or alienated by Bhayats, Girassias and other landowners of the State.

98. Surveys in 31 villages, numbering 1151 and measuring 14071 Bighas of land, were carried out during the year at the cost of Rs. 3021-8-10, averaging to Rs 0-3-5 per Bigha and inclusive of the price of dead–stock and prismatic compass and other instruments. This Department also did a deal of work in connection with the boundary–pillars disputes with the villages of the bordering States.

Tramway.

99. The capital expenditure of the Tramway system upto now has been Rs. 5,65,834-0-2, as against Rs. 5,64,993-11-10, which was the total upto the previous year.

100. The total gross earnings of the three tramway lines, viz. Tankara Jetpur and Wawania (including the city line) have aggregated to Rs. 70,241-0-2 in the year as against Rs. 73,010-0-1 ; and the working expenses to Rs. 46,342-1-7¼, against Rs. 50,417-15-7½. These leave a net profit of Rs. 23,898-14-6¾. Thus the capital yields a rate of 4·22 per cent as interest per annum.

101. It need hardly be added that the tramways are very popular, and a real blessing to the people as a means of speedy and convenient travelling, as also for traffic.

CHAPTER IX.
Railway.

102. Mr. Burke was Manager, and also in charge of the Locomotive, Carriage, Traffic, and Stores Departments upto the 15th May, when he proceeded on six months' furlough. On its expiration he has resigned his appointment from 16th November 1907.

103. Mr. John Laker has been appointed acting Railway Manager, and is also in charge of the several departments, which were under the control of Mr. Burke. Mr. Gokaldas Rajpal Mehta, the able and indefatiguable Resident Engineer, has continued to be in charge of the open line; and Mr. A. Marks in charge of the Audit and Account Departments.

104. The Manager makes very favourable remarks as to the personal interest the staff, both controlling, and subordinate have evinced in the harmonious and zealous working of the several departments, to which the good results all round are due.

105. The gross earnings for the year ending 31st December 1907 increased from Rs. 3,07,560 to Rs. 4,11,791; and the working expenses were more by Rs. 8,053 and the net earnings show an increase of Rs. 96,178 from 1,59,584 to Rs. 2,55,762. The interest earned comes to 5·59 per cent per annum.

106. The increase in the gross earnings is ascribed to two additional passenger trains, and the competition with the B. G. J. P. Railway having ceased from 1st September 1907. An amicable settlement was made to divide the competitive traffic between the two Railways.

107. The mean milege worked during the year was 94–64.

108. Ramparda station buildings were erected and opened during the year.

109. No change worth noticing has been made in the Permanent Way Staff.

110. One bogie 43 feet saloon for your Highness, which was under construction last year, has been completed.

I have the honour to be,
Your Highness's most obedient servant,
DULLABHJI D. VED,
In charge Dewan, Morvi State.

☞ Printed at the Morvi State Press. 50—1-7-1908.

Appendix I.

Name of high officials in the Morvi State and Residency officials showing changes in personal during the year 1907-8.

Name of Officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
Azam Dullabhji Dhanani	Ind Dewan Asstt Secretary & Judl Asstt			
Lalchhodlal Revashanker	Sirnyayadhish,			
Bhanji Karsan	Officer Stati Appendix			
Bapu Mathuradas	Head master, Village school superintendent			
Krishnaji Narayanji	Civil Medical Officer			
Chhotalal Keshavlal	J. C. Magistrate			
Vallabhji Kalyanji	Hd Accountant			
Asst Surgeon				

Morvi 1908

Dullabhji Azam
Ind Dewan Morvi

Appendix II.

LIST OF LAWS IN FORCE IN THE MORVI STATE.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
Limitation Act of 1877 in State	yes		
Court fee stamp of 1896 "	no		
Stamp act of 1877 "	no		
Registration act of 1884 "	no		
Arms act of 1890 "	yes		
Rules re shikar without license until laws other than those mentioned above are enacted by the State.	yes		

The following British Indian Acts are adopted as guidance:—

Indian Penal code
Criminal Act
Evidence Act
Contract Act
Civil procedure
Hindu Law
Mahomedan Law
Also the spirit of other British Indian Acts as well as of the decision of various High-court to is taken as guidance.

Huzur Office
Morvi June 1908.

Dullabhji D Vad
In ch: Dewan, Morvi State.

Appendix III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Morvi *State, 1907-08*

Arm of service.	Number of fighting officers and men.						Details of force at end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year	Casualties. Died.	Casualties. Invalided.	Casualties. Discharged, deserted, &c.	At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men. European Commissioned officers.	Number of men. Native Commissioned officers.	Number of men. Non-Commissioned officers.	Number of men. Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11.	12	13	14	15
Cavalry														
Sappers														
Artillery	Nil		Nil		Nil		Nil		Nil	Nil	Nil			
Infantry														
Imperial Service Troops... ...														
Total...														

Nazoor Office
Morvi June/1908

Dullabhjee
In ch: Dewan, Morvi State.

Appendix IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police, for the year 1907-08

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By Promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Subedar	1	50-0-0	600-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
Inspector	1	40-0-0	160-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Jamadar	1	20-0-0	142-1-6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Constable	2	20/1, 11/1	372-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Hawaldar	4	16/2, 15/1, 13/1	720-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
Full Nayak	2	14/2	2040-0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	
Second Nayak	6	10/6	720-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	
Lace Nayak	16	9-8/1, 9/15	1764-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	
Band Master	1	45-0-0	540-0-0	0	0	0	0	0	12	4	
Sepoys & Bandmen	141	5-8-9-11	15114-8-10	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
			20396-10-4						99	42	

Hazoor Office
Morvi June 1908

Dullabhjee
In ch: Dewan, Morvi State

Appendix V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Morvi State, during the year 1907/08

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 and 5).		Percentage of convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present. year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Morvi State	227	198	240	248	240	248	187	145	48	76	77·91	58·46	77·91	58·40	27 pending trial C.

Hazoor Office
Morvi June 1908

Dullabhjee
In ch: Dewan. Morvi State.

Appendix VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the State during the year 1907-08

State	Amount stolen		Amount recovered		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen		Remarks.
	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Morvi State	1659-94	1424-43	946-9-1	1070-8-8	57-03	74-4	

Huzoor office
11 June 1908

Dullabhjee
In ch: dewan; Morvi State.

Appendix VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and case awaiting trial in the Morvi State during the year 1907-08

Description of offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during past year.	Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of person apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being in save.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.										Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
								Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Murder, Robbery, Grievous hurt, Hurt, House-breaking &c.	17	77	94	513	489	995	255	0	36	0	78	123	18	255	677	0	1	536	17	22	5	0	0	0	1	0	0	62	16 persons committed to the session Court.

Nazoor office
Morvi June 1908

Dullabhjee
In ch: Nazir, Morvi State

Appendix VIII.

Statement showing the number of Offences reported and dealt with by the various courts in the Morvi State during the year 1907-08

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at end of year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1906-07					Total.								
	Past year.	Present year.		Arrested by Police	Upon warrant	On summons	Voluntary	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate	Past year.	Present year.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
All the criminal courts	737	785	17	248	15	715	0	0	924	995	445	232	255	14	1	62	

Hazoor Office
Morvi June 1908

Dulleabhjiraj
In ch: Dewan, Morvi State.

Appendix IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the criminal courts in the Morvi State during the year 1907-08

Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings. quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
All the criminal appellate courts	8	0	0	2	1	7	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	

Nazoor office
Morvi June 1908

Dullabhjee Vakil
In ch: Judicial, Morvi State.

Appendix X.

Civil work—nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in Morvi State 1907-08

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year		Closing balance		Suits filed during present year.									Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value	Suits *re* landed property.	Suits for money transaction.	Suits for other rights.	Number of Suits under Rs 100.	Number of Suits above Rs 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of Suits above Rs 500 and under Rs 1,000	Number of Suits above Rs 1,000 and under Rs. 5000.	Number of Suits above Rs. 5,000.	Exparte	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file	Otherwise disposed of.	value.	Average Duration.	
All the civil courts	26	37	1026	787	1052	824	1015	80,	37	17	64443-9-3	26	757	2	658	113	6	10	0	90	297	55	365	16735-4-1	0-1-26	

Head office Rajkot June 1908

Morvi

Duccan'd'wed
Insp: Sedan, Morvi State.

Appendix XI.

Civil work–Results of Applications for execution of decrees 1907-08

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of.			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present yaer.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
All the civil courts	135-	271	57943-0-0	878	1115-	155628-3-1	1533	1386	206571-9-1	1262	1221	163789-15-8	271	165-	42781-9-5-	123	10	32	

Hazoor office
June 1908

Morvi

Duly analysed
In ch: Sewan, Morvi State.

Appendix XII.

Civil work-Number and results of appeals in Civil suits in the Morvi State 1907-08

Tribunal.	Opening balance		Filed during		Total		Disposed of during		Closing balance		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of										Average duration	
													Decision confirmed		Decision reversed		Decision amended		Cases remanded for re-trial		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
																							Y. M. D.	Y. M. D.
All the civil appellate Courts	1	1	25	21	26	22	25	22	1	0	2632-8-4	4778-3-10	8	7	10	3	2	6	0	1	5	5	0-1-16	0-4-0

Huzoor Office
Morvi June 1908

Dullabhjee
In ch: Dewan, Morvi State.

Appendix XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the jails and lock-ups in the Morvi State during the year 190 7-8

Stations.	No. of Prisons	Number of prisoners No.				Daily average.		Number of Prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total. Past year.	Total. Present year.	Past year.	Present year.				
All the prisons	5	60	187	311	247	60·926	51·851	60	2542-15-0	5·329	

Hazur Office,

Morvi, June 1908.

Pursanaji Dave

Asst: Dewan, Morvi State

Appendix XIV.

Registration of documents in the Morvi State 1907-08

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money-bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Morvi	400	295	240	168	101	70	14	8	31	38	14	11	400	295	2 42137-3-2	2 17575-1-0	0	0	0	0	

Head Office
Morvi June 1908

Duly signed:
In ch: Dewan, Morvi State.

Appendix XV.

Statement showing the receipts and Expenditure on account of Registraton Morvi State during the year 1907-08

Description	Past year.							Present year.							Remarks.
	Number of deeds	Value of property Rs.	a.	p.	Fees realised Rs.	a.	p.	Number of deeds	Value of property Rs.	a.	p.	Fees realised Rs.	a.	p.	
Mortgages, sale-deeds, wills, money-bonds etc.	400	242137	3	2	564	0	0	295	217515	1	0	393	8	0	
Total ...	400	242137	3	2	564	0	0	295	217515	1	0	393	8	0	
Deduct expenditure												287	8	8	
Next profit												105	15	4	

Nazoor Office
Morvi 1 June 1908

Dullabhjee
Inchargeman, Morvi State.

Appendix XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipalities in the Morvi State during the year 1907-8

Name.	Opening balance on 1st April	Receipts during the year		Total in current year	Expenditure during the year		Balance on the 31st March	Remarks.
		Past	Present		Past	Present		
		Rs. As. Ps.	Rs. As. Ps.	Rs. As. Ps.	Rs. As. Ps.	Rs. As. Ps.		
Municipality		233-13	297-14-9	297-14-9	4397-7-8	4833-15-5		

Hazur Office,

Morvi, 1908.

Duly audited and passed

Sd/- Dewan, Morvi State

Appendix XVII.

STATEMENT OF RAINFALL IN THE MORVI STATE.

State.	April 1907.	May 1907	June 1907	July 1907	August 1907	September 1907	October 1907	November 1907	December 1907	January 1908	February 1908	March 1908	Total.	Total of past year	Average of past 5 years.	Remarks.
Morvi.	Inch. cents	0 — 0	0 — 0	4 — 70	7 — 22	16 — 6	0 — 0	0 — 0	0 — 0	0 — 0	0 — 16	0 — 0	0 — 0	28 — 14	26 — 76	22 — 10	

Hazur Office,

Morvi, 1908.

Duleachjibhai

Insp: Sewai Morvi State

Appendix XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food, grains 1907-8

Article. per rupee	During March (Past year.)	During March (Present year.)	Remarks.
Bajri	38	21	
Joowar	41	23	
Rice	16	13	
Wheat	25	20	
Moog	25	23	
Urad	29	21	
Gram	23	23	

Hazur Office,

Morvi, 1908.

Duccanjee Vrel

Asst. Dewan, Morvi St.

Appendix XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 190 .

Description of work.	State Funds.						Total.	
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
Ketpur Tramway Line	20413-12-2							
Vaulakhi Line	9013-9-9							
Tankara Tramway Line	14909-8-2							
New office building	8961-11-8							
Various Port offices	7127-5-1							
Telephone Lines	1076-13-2							
Inundation works	972-13-1							
Spinning factory Bros	322-13-10							
Trench works	56191-0-6							
Establishment	85099-10							
Repairs to Kiosk & bungalow		12108 2-5						
			209807-3-8				209807-3 8	

Surgeon Office
Various Quarters

Superintendent
Mekdewan Morris

Appendix XX.

Agricultural stock in the Morvi State during the year 1907-8

District.	year.	Horses and cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes. Male.	Buffaloes. Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats	With two Bullocks.	With four Bullocks.	Riding	Load carrying	
Morvi State	1907-8	210	299	14	21	130	210	42	15	4	0	0	12	0	

Huzur office,

Morvi, 1908.

Dullabhji D Ved

Asst: Dewan, Morvi State

Appendix XXI.

Statement showing the excise shops and excise revenue of the Morvi State, during the year 1907-8

Name of State.	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Morvi	1	3601	1	2400	1	255	0	0	3	6256	

Hazur office,
Morvi 1908.

Duccabhai D. Vedi
Supdt. of Excise, Morvi State.

Appendix XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded in the Morvi State during the year 1907-8

Dispensary	Number of patients treated		Result of Indoor patients				Expenditure	Daily average	Remarks.
	Out-door	Indoor	Discharged	Absented	Died	Remaining			
Morvi State dispy	13596	0	0	0	0	0	5943-0-2	180.7	
Asylum	0	91	70	5	6	10	2093-6-2	9.2	
Tankara	3428	0	0	0	0	0	736-10-9	48.2	
Jetpur	1774	0	0	0	0	0	611-15-$\frac{1}{2}$	21.1	
Wavania	2693	0	0	0	0	0	611-1-10	36.3	
	21496	91	70	5	6	10	10001-1-11$\frac{1}{2}$	295.5	

Hazur Office,

Morvi, 1908.

Dewan Bahadur

Dewan, Morvi State

Appendix XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Morvi State for the year 1907-8

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of Population.				Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Births.		Deaths.		
										Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Morvi State	87496	1943	2079	136	0	1494	1841	347	0	20.09	23.71	15.02	21.04	

Hazur Office,
Morvi.
1908.

Duly authenticated
Incharge Dewan, Morvi State.

Appendix XXV.

Particulars as to the schools maintained by the Morvi State for the year 1907-8

Number of schools.		Description of schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March		Daily Average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High school.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	High School	331	378	262	288	8495	0	0	
1	1	Middle School	23	12	14	13	0	191	0	
76	75	Primary Schools	2331	2232	1792	1570	0	0	10576	
2	2	Girl Schools	140	145	91	66	0	0	653	
80	79		2825	2767	2159	1937	8495	191	11221	

Hazur Office,

Morvi. 1908.

Dulcanjid Vakil
Dwan, Morvi State

MORVI STATE.

ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT.

For the Year 1908-09.

MORVI.

Printed at the State Press.

1909.

No. 159 of 1909-10.

To,

His Highness Sir WAGHJI Bahadoor,
G. C. I. E.,
Maharaja Thakore Saheb of **MORVI.**

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS,

Pursuant to Your Highness' directions I have the honour to submit the following report on the Administration of Your Highness' State for the year ending 31st March 1909.

Dewan Office,
Morvi, 15th July 1909.

BHANJI KANJI,
For Dewan, Morvi.

CHAPTER I.

General and Political.

The territory of the State covers an area of 913 square miles, *minus* the area of the villages of Jinghi, Ambardi, Chandrodi and Laliana Pati, which were transferred to Cutch under the late exchange settlement.

The population of the State, according to the census of 1901, consists of 92,777 souls.

The gross revenue of the State in the year under report was of Rs. 9,16,914.

It pays an annual tribute of Rs. 9,263 to the British Government, Rs. 49,208 to Baroda and Rs. 3,088 as Zortulbi to Junagadh, the total annual amount of tribute payable being Rs. 61,559.

2. Your Highness has devoted undivided attention to the affairs of the State and the various departments, including the Railway Department, which have maintained their tone of high officiency and successful administration owing to the ever vigilant eye, watchful care and able guidance of Your Highness.

3. The construction of the general office buildings, which are named after our popular and energetic Agent to the Governor, Mr. Claude A. Hill, C. I. E., I. C. S., in token of Your Highness' old acquaintance and friendship with him, and which were formally opened by that eminent officer of the British Government on 30th October 1908, amidst a large influential gathering consisting of several European ladies and gentlemen and native Chiefs and Princes, has largely facilitated the work of administration. The location of the various offices of the State close together under one roof, equipped with all kinds of modern appliances and furniture, with telephone communication arranged between the several offices inside the Buildings and in the Districts, and the presence of Your Highness among their midst during all the office hours, have ensured a much greater despatch of work.

4. As announced in your address at the opening ceremonies of the Hill Buildings, Your Highness has generously started a Pension Fund, from which an employee of the State will receive pension on his retirement and may also make provision for a subsistence allowance to his wife and children after his death. The new pension rules as also the increments allowed in the salaries of most of the officers of the State in September last furnish abundant proof that Your Highness always recognizes merit and liberally rewards honest and faithful service.

5. In last September Your Highness attended the Railway Conference meeting held at Simla and took part in the discussions and deliberations of that august assembly on several important Railway questions. This is an indication of the zeal and interest invariably evinced by Your Highness in the successful management of your Railway ever since the date of its construction.

6. At the earnest invitation of the Jain Community Your Highness, who is the recognized patron and director of the Jain Congress, ever since its foundation, attended the 3rd Jain Shwetamber Congress meetting held at Ajmere last March. Your Highness' presence on all the three successive days of that august and influential meeting largely contributed to the success and lustre of that brilliant congregation. The high honour and the address given to Your Highness on the occasion by the representatives of the Jain Community of all India there assembled is a positive proof of the sincere respect, esteem and admiration which the entire Jain Community bear towards Your Highness as also of the significant fact that Your Highness always entertains an equal regard for all religions and their followers.

7. From Ajmer Your Highness proceeded on a pilgrimage to Shri Nath Dwara via Udeypur, where Your Highness was much pleased with the kind hospitality of His Highness the Maha Rana Saheb.

8. At Shri Nath Dwara Your Highness availed yourself of the oppor tunity personally to invite the Goswami Tikayat Maharaj Shri Gowardhanlalji and other high Waishnaw Maharajs there present, as also Goswami Shri Balkrashnlalji at Kankroli to honour with their holy presence the Waishnaw Congress which Your Highness and the Morvi Waishnaws contemplate to hold here next December. Your Highness was indeed very much pleased by paying your homage to the revered deity Shri Nathji and to the Goswami preceptors who each and all have approved of the noble idea and laudable project of Your Highness and consented to attend on the auspicious occasion.

9. This year has witnessed the success of Prince Ajitsinhji, younger Kumar Shri of Your Highness both at the Oxford University and at the law. In March last a wire conveyed the auspicious message that the Prince had successfully passed the B. A. examination with Sanscrit as second language at that high and eminent seat of learning. This cheerful news was received

with joy and acclamation throughout Morvi and this being the first instance of a native Prince having obtained such a high honour in literature at the Oxford University, Your Highness was inundated with letters and wires of congratulations from all quarters. As at University so at the law Prince Ajitsinhji has gone through almost all the ordeals of examinations qualifying a Barrister-at-law, and if, as is expected by persons who have an authority to speak on the subject, he should succeed in October next at the last of the long series of examinations which a candidate has to pass before being enrolled as a Barrister-at-law, he should return here in December as a B. A. Barrister-at-law, to the gaze and admiration of the public and sweet satisfaction of his parents and friends and the loyal subjects of Your Highness—of all classes and creeds. The Prince, who is now only 24, was a young boy when he was sent to England for taking his education and thanks to the unflinching zeal and noble care evinced in his progress and study by Your Highness, he has now obtained the high laurels and high honours for his acquisition of literature and legal lore. The reports received from time to time from the several academic authorities have now been realized by the results of the high tests to which he had been put at the series of examinations.

10. The year under report is also marked by another progressive step in education. Ten young boys have been selected from among the sons of Bhayats and Amirs of the State and are admitted in the Girasia College at Gondal, where they are reported to behave well and prosecute their studies to the satisfaction of the college authorities.

11. To foster education Your Highness has issued orders dispensing with the levy of fees in all schools in the State, on applications being received from the parents of the students alleging their inability to pay the fees.

12. The news of the sad demise of Lady Sydenham Clarke, wife of our popular and sympathetic Governor, was received with great sorrow. A wire of condolence was addressed by Your Highness to His Excellency and all schools and offices in the State were closed in memory of the event, and an extraordinary State Gazette issued to express the feelings of deep sympathy and sorrow.

13. Rao Bahadur Dulabhji Dharmshi Ved having tendered resignation on account of continued ill-health, Azam Bhanji Kanji was appointed to act as Diwan in addition to his duties as Your Highness' Private Secretary &c.

14. Mr. Kalyanray Jethabhai Baxi, whose old connections with the State are too well-known to require any comment, was selected as Huzoor Adviser of Your Highness. With his forensic knowledge of all departments, long experience and judicial acumen, Mr. Kalyanrai has been of great service to the State and his straightforwardness and exceptional qualities of both head and heart are really worthy of the highest encomium.

15. Azam Ranchodlal Sevakram, Sir Nyayadhish, was absent throughout the great part of the year under report owing to continued ill-health and his duties were discharged by the acting incumbent Azam Tribhovan Fulchand, in addition to his duties as State Agent.

CHAPTER II.

Revenue Administration.

16. The cash Vighoti or Khata Bandhi system of revenue that obtains in this State has borne beneficial results and the cultivators freely avail themselves of the Buta or Permanent lease which accords them the privilege for sale and mortgage of their tenancies.

17. Owing to want of sufficient and timely rain and the consequent leanness of the year the outturn of the crops was much below the average, being 11 annas in the rupee.

18. The "Eka Juti" system which was introduced in the preceding year whereby groups of cultivators of every village of the State have entered into a general agreement to collect and pay the entire revenues of their village in one round sum, has found favour with the cultivators as all interference from Vahiwatdars has ceased.

19. In order to further facilitate the working of the Revenue Department Your Highness has appointed 27 Patels to supervise the work of the groups of villages entrusted to them, and each of them receives a monthly stipend as remuneration for the service he renders. Nearly a year's experiment has shown that the arrangement works well and that the nominees can be expected to improve the status of their professional brethern without impairing the Darbar's interests in any way.

20. A further improvement in the Revenue Department is noticeable in the assessment fixed in the shape of an amount of money on the sugarcane plantations (Wads) on *Non-buta* lands. The assessment of a fixed rate per bigha on such plantations instead of, as it was, a share of the produce will naturally encourage the growth of sugarcane.

21. In order to relieve Your Highnees of a part of the strain of work that entailed on you personally in regard to revenue matters, your Highness has appointed as a tentative measure for one year a Committee with the Revenue Commissioner Azam Bhagwanlal as President and six able and experienced Patels as members to dispose of certain revenue matters. The Patels receive a fee of Rs. 2 per diem for the days they have to work. In important matters the Committee submits reports to your Highness for final orders.

CHAPTER III.

Protection and Justice.

Police.

22. The present strength of the Police of the State, both foot and mounted, besides the Police Superintendent, an Assistant Police Superintendent, and 5 Thandars, consists of the following:—

10 Mounted Sowars	179 Regular Police
76 Pagis	143 Police Patels
562 Pasaetas	
Total... 970	

The State Sibandi consists of the following:—

31 Irregular Sowars	11 Arabs
24 Mukranis	2 Palas
Total ... 68	

23. The maintenance of the above police establishment has amounted to Rs. 22,071-2-2 during the year of report and of the Sibundi to Rs. 8,050-9-6.

24. The following table shows the working of the Police during the year under review:—

Year.	Offenced reported.	Accused arrested.	Accused sent for trial.	Accused convicted.	Accused acquitted or discharged.	Percentage of convicted to accused arrested.	Percentage of convicted to accused sent for trial.	
1907-8	148	248	248	145	76	58·4	58·4	
1908-9	250	280	280	217	52 11 Awaiting result of trial.	77·5	77·5	

Criminal Justice.

25. There are the following 8 Courts for the administration of criminal justice:—

1 The Huzoor Secretary's Court
2 The Sar Nayayadhis Court
3 The First Class Magistrate's Court
4 The Second Class Magistrate's Court at Adhoi
5 The Tankara Mahalkari's Court
6 The Tankara Thandar's Court
7 The Wawania Thandar's Court
8 The Jetpur Thandar's Court

26. The Huzoor Court is the highest appeal court and exercises powers of reference and revision. The Sar Nyayadhish Court hears appeals from the decisions of the District Courts. The four last-mentioned Courts possess the powers of a Third Class Magistrate. Of the two Courts at Tankara the Mahalkari's Court hears only local cases, while the Thandar takes cognizance of cases that occur in the villages of that Mahal.

27. The Huzoor Court heard 8 criminal appeals during the year involving 25 persons. In 6 cases the sentences were modified and in 2 the convictions were reversed.

28. The Sar Nyayadhish Court had before it 8 Sessions cases involving 12 accused against 9 cases in the preceding year. Of these 7 cases were heard during the year. The number of accused persons involved was 9, of whom 8 were convicted and sentenced, and 1 was acquitted and discharged.

29. The number of cases disposed of by all the Criminal Courts was 603, involving 1125 persons, as against 489 involving 956 persons, showing an increase of 114 cases and of 169 persons.

30. Of the total number of 1125 accused brought to trial 359 were convicted and sentenced, and 741 were acquitted and discharged, and 25 were awaiting their trial at the end of the year.

Civil Justice.

31. There are the following 9 Civil Courts in the State.

1 The Huzoor Secretary's Court
2 The Sar Nyayadhish Court
3 The Small Cause Court
4 The Diwani Nyayadhish Court
5 The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court
6 The Tankara Mahalkari's Court
7 The Tankara Thandar's Court
8 The Wawania Thandar's Court
9 The Jetpur Thandar's Court

32. The Huzoor Secretary's Court is the highest Appeal Court. It also exercises revisionary powers and is the court of reference. The Sar Nyayadhish Court is vested with power to hear original suits valued over Rs. 1500 and to decide all appeals from the District Courts. The Diwani Nyayadhish Court has the power to hear suits valued up to Rs. 1500. The Small Cause Court hears cases to the extent of Rs 150, while the remaining courts only suits valued upto Rs. 50.

33. The subjoined table shows the original civil working of the several courts during the year under report, as compared with that of the previous year.

Number.	Courts.	Balance of 1907-08.	Filed during the year 1908-09.	Total.		Disposed of.		Balance.		Remarks.
				1907-08.	1908-09.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1907-08.	1908-09.	
1	The Sar Nyayadhish Small Cause Court	...	526	457	526	457	522	...	4	
2	The Sar Nyayadhish Court	5	11	20	16	15	5	5	11	
3	Diwani Nyayadhish...	10	105	113	115	103	105	10	10	
4	Adhoi Mahalkari's Court	...	34	44	34	44	34	...	...	
5	The Tankara Mahalkari's Court	...	37	21	37	21	37	...	...	
6	The Tankara Thandar's Court	1	49	59	50	58	50	1	...	
7	The Wawania Thandar's Court	1	39	30	40	29	35	1	5	
8	The Jetpur Thandar's Court	...	58	80	58	80	58	...	...	
	Total...	17	859	824	876	807	846	17	30	

34. The following statement shows the comparative civil appellate working of the two years for the two appellate courts.

Number.	Tribunals.	Balance	Filed during the year.	Total.		Disposed of.		Balance.		Remarks.
				1907-08.	1908-09.	1907-08.	1908-09.	1907-08.	1908-09.	
1	The Huzoor Secretary's Court	...	14	16	8	16	7	...	7	
2	The Sar Nyayadhish Court	...	2	6	2	6	2	...	...	
	Total...	...	16	22	10	22	9	...	7	

35. Thus the number of appeals disposed of during the year under review is 7, the Sar Nyayadhish Court having decided all the appeals on its file.

36. The total value of the original suits, disposed of during the year, has been ₨ 57,467-10-5, and of appeals ₨ 935-5-11, making a grand total of ₨ 58,403-0-4 against Rs. 69,222-3-1 during the preceding year, and thus showing a decrease of ₨ 10,819-2-9.

The total number of decrees executed during the year has been 1287 against 1221 in the preceding year, showing an increase of 66.

37. The Huzoor Secretary's Court had 13 cases of civil revisions and references during the year of which it disposed of 11.

Extradition.

38. The number of offenders surrendered by this State to other States was 8, while that of the accused handed over to this State was 36.

Prisons.

39. Besides the Central Jail in Morvi, there are four lock-ups, one each at Tankara, Wowania, Jetpur and Adhoi, which are the head quarters for those Districts.

40. The foll owing statement shows the total number of prisoners in the Central Jail and the lock-ups at the end of the year and the previous year, as well as the number admitted during the year under report as also the cost of their maintenance:—

Number of Jails and lock-ups	Number of prisoners.			Remaining at the end of the year	Daily average.		Total cost of maintaining the prisoners
	Remaining at the end of the last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1907-1908	1908-1909	
5	60	272	332	71	51.851	66.404	3172-13-8

Municipal Administration.

41. Morvi, Tankara, Wawania, and Adhoi each has a Municipality, maintained at the expense of the State. At Morvi the roads are watered and lighted. The cost during the year has been Rs. 5579-1-0 against Rs. 4833-15-5 during the preceding year.

42. The Public Park, close to the town, is as usual, used by the public as a resort for recreation.

43. The Fire Engine and the Hand Pump are kept in good order for use in cases of emergency.

CHAPTER IV.

Production and Distribution.

Weather and crops.

44. The monsoons in the year under report set in June. It continued to rain in the next three months but the downfall was too scanty, the total rainfall recorded throughout the year in Morvi having amounted only to 12 inches and 73 cents.

45. The following table shows the figures of total rainfall at the different head quarters of the State.

Mahal.	1907-1908.		1908-1909.		Remarks.
	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	
Morvi	28	14	12	73	
Adhoi	19	14	16	24	
Tankara	26	25	16	81	
Jetpur ... :	26	4	27	32	
Wawania	26	84	33	4	

46. There being no rain in September and subsequently the outturn of crops was poor and on the average the yield was only of 11 annas in the rupee.

Forests.

47. There are several plantations in the State, mainly consisting of Babul trees, growing both by plantation and spontaneously. The number of trees at the end of the previous year was 1,44,773. These, with 2,015 being new planted in the year under report, make a total of 1,46,788.

Trade and Manufactures.

48. The total value of imports during the year was Rs. 16,62,568-4-0 against Rs. 13,08,602-2-2 in the previous year, while that of exports was Rs. 15,68,357-2-0 against Rs. 21,46,680-14-9. The decrease in the figure of exports is evidently to be attributed to the deficiency of rainfall and to the consequent leanness of the year.

49. The chief articles of export are joowar and other sereals, cotton, wool, cotton-seeds and molasses, while those of import are cotton, woolen and silk cloth, rice of different kinds, bajri, sesamum, ghee, date, kerosine-oil, sugar, sugar-candy and drugs.

50. The chief articles of local manufacture and industries are cotton fabrics,metal utensils, ivory works, fine gold and silver and jewelled ornaments.

51. The Darbari Spinning and Weaving mill is being extended on a much larger scale than before, and a lot of machinery, has been ordered for the purpose from England.

52. Additional construction work is therefore in progress and it is expected to set the Mill at work in the next year on the arrival of the new mechinary.

53. The Railway Workshop is doing its work splendidly. In continuing to do all Railway and furniture work it affords good work to artizans and work-men and forms a source of wholesome encouragement and patronage to the working classes.

54. A more commodious and extensive building is in course of construction for the Workshops and a large stock of machinary has already been ordered out from England for the purpose.

Public Works.

55. The total expenditure incurred during the year under this head comes to Rs. 3,01,448-7-4 against Rs. 2,09,807-3-8 in the previous year.

56. The following table shows the principal works executed during the year, and the expenses incurred thereon.

No.	Description of works	Amount expended		
		Rs.	As.	Ps.
1	The Jetpur Tramway Line	5,598	4	3
2	The Navlakhi Tramway Line	9,013	9	9
3	The Tankara Tramway Line	103	11	4
4	The Hill Buildings and Furniture	1,09,654	12	4
5	Works under the Port Officer	2,308	1	1
6	The Telephone Lines	2,223	4	9
7	The Ginning Factory and Press	3,365	0	6
8	The Paneli Irrigation Works	5,168	7	6
9	The Mill Machinary	741	3	11
10	Purchase of a new Steam Launch	25,705	13	3
11	Minor works	88,434	3	10
12	Establishment charges	10,733	14	4
13	Repairs to Roads and Buildings	7,855	6	7
	Total...	3,01,448	7	4

General condition of the State and the people.

57. The relief given to orphans and decrepits during the year has cost the State Rs. 3,143-9-1 while the private relief given to the respectable poor and needy has totalled to Rs. 3,637-13-4.

58. The general health of the public has been good. Fortunately we had no visitation of plague or any other epidemic in the State, though smallpox and measles had claimed a few victims. The mortality during the year among a population of 92,777 souls was 1768 against 1841, and the number of births 2,350 against 2,079 last year.

CHAPTER V.

Revenue and Expenditure.

59. The land revenue chiefly consists of Khatabandhi, the revenue derived from it during the year under report being Rs. 5,83,011-4-0 as against Rs. 6,45,924-11-6 in the previous year, showing a decrease of Rs. 62,913-7-6, which is due to a scanty rainfall.

60. The following table shows the realization of the gross revenues of the State, as well as its expenditures for the revenue year ending 30th September 1908, as compared with the previous year, excluding Railway and Tramway figures:—

	Samvat 1963.	Samvat 1964.	Increase.	Decrease.
Revenues ...	10,07,888-2-0	9,16,914-3-10	...	90,973-14-2
Expenditure ...	5,25,094-11-11	6,71,030-6-10	1,45,935-10-11	...

61. The above table shows a decrease of Rs. 90,973-14-2 in the revenues and an increase of Rs. 1,45,935-10-11 in the expenditure.

62. The income from custom duty has come to a total of Rs. 70,474-9-10 against Rs. 52,400-13-2 in the preceding year. This shows an increase in the income by Rs. 18,073-12-8, which is due to the high prices of cotton, grain and other commodities during the year under report.

CHAPTER VI.

Vital Statistics.

Hospitals and Dispensaries.

63. The following table shows the medical relief, afforded by the State Hospital at Morvi and at the different Dispensaries, situated at the Head quarters of the several Mahals of the State, as also the cost of maintaining each of them:—

No.	Name of Hospital or Dispensary.	Patients.		Cost.			Remarks.
		Indoor	Outdoor	Rs.	a.	p.	
1	The Morvi Hospital ..	...	16,084	3,675	12	2	
2	,, Asylum ...	103	...	1,689	2	11	
3	Adhoi Dispensary ...	...	3,903	380	2	...	
4	Tankara Dispensary ...	...	3,383	437	7	3	
5	Jetpur Dispensary ...	...	1,669	407	4	6	
6	Wowania Dispensary ...	...	3,213	391	13	4	
	Total...	103	28,252	6,981	10	2	

Vaccination.

64. This work is divided into two circles so as to afford facility for its being done well and efficiently. The Vaccinators' work is supervised by the Chief Medical Officer, the Hospital Assistants of the Mahals doing the inspection duty.

65. There were 2754 persons primarily vaccinated, and were re-vaccinated during the year against 2365 and 6 respectively in the preceding year.

66. Out of 146 villages visited by the vaccinators, 122 were inspected by the Inspectors and 33 by the Superintendent.

67. The number of children inspected by the several Inspectors was 2066, while that inspected by the Superintendent was 797, making up a grand total of 2863. In addition to this the Superintendent inspected an extra number

of former vaccinated cases. Out of 2754 primary vaccinations 2693 or 97·7 per cent were successful.

Population.

68. The population of the State according to the last census of 1901 is 92,777 souls including that of the Adhoi Mahal.

69. During the year under report 2350 births and 1768 deaths were reported and recorded, as against 2079 and 1841 respectively during the previous year. Thus there is a significant increase in births and decrease in deaths.

Asylum.

70. This is a purely charitable institution, maintained by the State for the sick poor and decrepits. It is directly in charge of the Senior Hospital Assistant, Mr. Narayanrao Abaji, and is supervised by Dr. Bam, the Chief Medical Officer.

71. During the year under report 103 indoor patients were treated in the asylum and provided with board and residence, 24 major operations were performed, and several minor operations were also performed. The annual cost of maintaining it cost Rs. 1689-2-11.

CHAPTE VII.

Education.

72. Bai Shri Vakhtuba Charitable High School was attended in the year under report by 392 pupils as against 378 in the previous year. The yearly increase in the attendance shows that taste for learning English is growing day by day. The average attendance during the year was 315 against 288 and the total of expenses Rs. 8787 against Rs. 8495.

73. There is also a middle school, which was attended by 19 pupils against 12 in the preceding year.

74. The total number of primary schools is 70, against 75, attended by 2143 pupils instead of 2232. The average attendance was 1555 and cost Rs. 9729. To the High school are attached a good Library and a Laboratory. There is also a Gymnasium, Cricket and Lawn tennis– the favourite games of the present generation.

75. The results of the High School standards at the annual examination are that out of 11 candidates presented at the Matriculation examination

3 passed, in standard VI out of 18 presented 6 passed, in standard V out of 20 presented 5 passed, while standards IV, III, II and I presented 42, 60, 63 and 100, with the results that 19, 24, 19 and 32 respectively passed. The Head Master Mr. Pragjibhai Mathurbhai Patel B. A., who is a Graduate of the Bombay Univercity of old standing and great experience, takes good interest in the education and training of boys.

76. There are two Girl-schools in the State, which were attended during the year under report by 169 pupils against 145 in the preceding year. The average attendance was 112 and cost Rs. 774. The gradual increase is certainly an encouraging sign of progress of female education.

77. The Sanskrit Pathshala, called the Rawaji Pathshala, is an unique institution, where the classical language of India is taught to students by our very learned and reputed Shastri Kavi Shankerlal Maheshvar Bhatt.

78. The total amount of expenditure for the Educational Department during the year under report was Rs. 19,835, as against Rs. 20,425 during the previous year.

CHAPTER VIII.

Miscellaneous.

Printing Press.

79. The only Printing Press in the State is that of the Darbar, where the State Gazette is published every month and an amount of job work of the several offices of the State including the Railway and Tramway is done.

Library.

80. The State subscribes to numerous news papers and magazines, both English and Vernacular and a lot of books having been purchased and added to the old stock, the library in the new Hill Buildings has now become an institution of great interest.

The State Stud Department.

81. At the end of the year there were in all 194 brood mares against 210 in the previous year.

82. There are 125 horses, and out of them 3 are English, 22 are Arabs and 100 are country bred and Kathiawaris.

83. There are 6 stallions—two of them being English, one Arab, one native and two Kathiawaris and they continue to prove good sires.

84. 16 mares were covered by the stallions as against 15 last year.

There were nine stables and one sick ward. The boxes in the stables, which are built after improved models, are very roomy, clean and well-ventilated.

85. There is one Veterinary Hospital under a Veterinary Hospital Assistant to treat sick animals. This Hospital is also open to the public.

Survey.

86. The ordinary work done during the year under report by this Department was the Buta survey of lands of 15 villages, permanently leased under the system bearing that name. Much work also consisted of surveying border lands, irrigated lands, and lands mortgaged or alienated by Bhayats, Girasias and other landholders of the State.

87. Surveys in 58 villages, numbering 378 plots and measuring 5589 bighas of land, were carried out during the year at the cost of Rs. 1918-15-1 averaging to Rs. 0-6-5 per bigha, inclusive of the price of dead stock, prismatic compass and other instruments. The Survey Department also did a deal of work in connection with the boundary pillars disputes with villages of bordering States.

Tramway.

88. The capital expenditure of the Tramway system upto now has been Rs. 7,94,828-7-9, as against Rs. 5,65,834, which was the total upto the previous year.

89. The total gross earnings of the three Tramway lines, viz Tankara, Jetpur and Wowania (including the city line) have aggregated to Rs. 74,126-0-6 in the year as against Rs. 70,241-0-2; and the working expenses to Rs. 53,826-11-11 against Rs. 46,342-1-7. These leave a net profit of Rs. 20,299-4-7. Thus the capital yields a rate of 2·56 per cent as interest per annum.

CHAPTER IX.

Railway.

90. Mr. John Laker, the Acting incumbent, was Manager and in charge of the Locomotive, Carriage, Traffic and Stores Departments throughout the year. Mr. Gokaldas Rajpal Mehta, has continued to be in charge of the open line; and Mr. A. Marks in charge of the Audit and Account Departments.

91 The gross earnings for the year ending 31st December 1908

increased from Rs. 4,11,791 to 5,08,262; and the working expenses were more by Rs. 69,769 and the net earnings showed an increase of Rs. 26,702 giving a percentage of 6·08 on a capital outlay of Rs. 46,42,725.

92. The mean mileage worked during the year was 92·83.

93. No. change worth noticing has been made in the Permanent Way.

I have the honour to be,
Your Highness' most obedient servant.

Dewan Office,
15th July 1909.

BHANJI KANJI,
For Dewan Morvi State.

☞ Printed at the Morvi State Press. 40—15-7-1909.

Appendix I.

Name of high officials in the Morvi State and Residency officials showing changes in personal during the year . 190 .

Name of Officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
Azam Bhanji Kanji	In charge Dewan			
Kallianrai J. Bani	Hazur Adviser			
Ranchhodlal A. Dave	Sirnyayadhish			
Gokuldas R. Mehta	State Engineer			
Tribhovan Fulchand	First Class Magistrate			
Govindji Doda	Supdt. of Police			
Krishnarao R. Bam	Chief Medical Officer			
Vallanji Kallianjee	State Accountant			
Bhagwanlal Va:	Revenue Commrs.			
Popat Mathurbhai	Hd Master & Village School Supdt.			

Hazur Office
Morvi 5th April 1909

Sd Bhanji Kanji
for Dewan Morvi

Appendix II.

LIST OF LAWS IN FORCE IN THE MORVI STATE.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian acts.	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
Limitation act of 1886	Yes		
Court fee stamp of 1886.	no		
Stamp act of 1877	no		
Registration act of 1884	no		
Arms act of 1890.	Yes		
Rules re. Sticker's license	Yes		
Hindu Law			
Mahomedan Law			
Civil Laws other than those mentioned above are enacted by the State			

Huzur Office
Morvi dt 8-4-96

Sd/- Bhaiji Keshavji
for Dewan Morvi

The following British
Indian acts are adopted
as guidance
Indian Penal code
Criminal act
Evidence act
Contract act.
Civil procedure
Also the spirit of other
British Indian acts
as well as of the decision
of various High Courts
is taken as guidance

Huges office
Mumbai April 09

Dewan mam

Appendix III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Jhansi *State, 190* 8-9

Arm of service.	Number of fighting officers and men.						Details of force at end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			Died.	Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.				European Commissioned officers.	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cavalry	Nil													
Sappers														
Artillery														
Infantry														
Imperial Service Troops... ...														
Total...														

LIBRARY OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Maharaja Rao Bhagwat Singh
Jhansi & Bhiloq

Sd Bhagwat Singh
Maharaja

Appendix IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police, for the year 1908-9

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By Promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Subedar	1	50-0-0	600-0-0	•	•	•	•	•	1	•	
Inspector	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Jamadar	1	18-0-0	216-0-0	•	•	•	2-0-0	•	1	•	
Constable	2	22/1 12/1	408-0-0	•	•	•	2-0-0 1-0-0	•	2	•	
Hawaldar	3	18/1 15/1 14/1	540-0-0	•	•	•	1-0-0	•	2	1	
Full Nayak	2	12/2	288-0-0	•	•	•	1-0-0	•	2	•	
Second Nayak	5	10/5	600-0-0	•	•	•	•	•	4	1	
Last Nayak	18	9-8/1 9-0/15	1734-0-0	•	•	•	•	•	12	4	
Band Master	1	45-0-0	540-0-0	•	•	•	•	•	1	•	
Sepoys & Bandmen	148	5-8/6 5-11/6	14799-15-2	•	•	•	•	•	104	44	
	179	•	19725-15-2	•	•	•	8-0-0	•	129	50	

Huzur Office
Morni 30th April 09

A. Bhargava
Dewan Morni

Appendix V.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Morvi State, during the year 190 .

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (columns 4 and 5).		Percentage of convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present. year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Morvi State	198	250	248	280	248	280	145	217	76	52 / 11+	90.3	89.2	58.8	77.5	#11 pending trial

Hazur office
Morvi 8 April 09

N Bhagwan Das
Dewan Morvi

Appendix VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the State during the year 190 .

State	Amount stolen		Amount recovered		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen		Remarks.
	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	Past year	Present year	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Mani state	1424-4-3	4710-5-0	1070-8-8	2054-14-11	74·4	43·62	

Hajur Office
Mani R April 9

A Bhaskaran
Dewan Mani

Appendix VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and case awaiting trial in the Morvi State during the year 1908-09

Description of offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during past year.	Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of person apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being in save.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.									Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
								Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Sir Rajaji's Court	3	0	3	6	7	3	8	0	3	0	5	0	0	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	4	0	0	3	
First Class Magistrate's Court	40	21	61	137	223	141	183	5	50	0	65	63	0	183	230	0	0	8	29	21	15	37	8	2	0	0	0	2	8 persons committed to Sessions Court
Adhoni Mahalkari's Court	0	2	2	55	82	145	17	2	4	0	5	36	0	47	97	0	0	1	3	4	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 person committed to Sessions Court
Jamkandorna Mahalkari's do	0	0	0	46	50	93	41	0	1	0	0	10	0	11	82	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Thandir Ob Southern Division	0	44	44	119	93	228	39	0	2	0	3	34	0	39	189	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
do do Northern do	0	23	23	83	84	116	26	0	8	0	4	14	0	26	88	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	

Länder ob Enstundiviss	0	34	34	43	64	99	45	0	3	0	3	39	0	45	54	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0	3	3	3				0																				
		0	0	0	0	0	0		0	1	0	0	1	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
		0	0	0		0	0		0		0	0	0	0			0	0		0	0	0	0	0					
		0	1	1		0	1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
Total		2	0	0		0	3		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
	43	124	167	489	603	1125	359	7	71	0	85	196	0	359	741	0	0	33	32	25	18	37	10	2	2	4	0	0	25

Appendix VIII.

Statement showing the number of Offences reported and dealt with by the various courts in the Morvi State during the year 1908-9

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at end of year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial in 1905-06.					Total.								
	Past year.	Present year.		Arrested by Police	Upon warrant	On summons	Voluntary	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate	Past year.	Present year.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Sir Nyayadhish Court	17	21	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	3	.	1	8	.	.	3	
First Class Magistrate	225	376	59	191	30	141	.	.	295	441	179	57	183	8	.	20	
Adhoi Mahalkari Court	71	101	.	27	5	107	6	.	97	145	56	41	47	1	.	.	
Tankara —s—	74	84	.	10	.	83	.	.	110	93	.	82	11	.	.	.	
Southern Division Thandar	175	145	.	16	.	212	.	.	244	228	186	3	39	.	.	.	
Northern Division Thandar	163	84	.	21	.	95	.	.	168	116	88	.	26	.	.	2	
Eastern Division Thandar	60	83	.	15	.	84	.	.	81	99	43	11	45	.	.	.	
Total	785	894	62	280	35	742	6	.	995	1125	552	189	359	9	.	25	

Dewan Office
Morvi 31 Dec 1909

Ld Bhimjibhai
Dewan Morvi

Appendix IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the criminal courts in the Morvi State during the year 1908-9.

Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences.						Proceedings. quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered.		Pending.		
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.										
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
Judi. Assistant	8	.	.	9	6	16	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
Sirnyayadhish	1	.	.	.	.	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
	9	.	.	9	6	17	3	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	

Nazar Office
Morvi 9th April 09

2nd Bhanji Kanji
Dewan Morvi

Appendix X.

Civil work—nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in Morvi State 1908-9

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.							Suits disposed of during present year.					Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits for landed property.	Suits for money transaction.	Suits for other rights.	Number of Suits under Rs 100.	Number of Suits above Rs 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of Suits above Rs 500 and under Rs 1,000	Number of Suits above Rs 1,000 and under Rs. 5000.	Number of Suits above Rs. 5,000.	Exparte	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file	Otherwise disposed of.	Average Duration.	
Nyayadhish	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,78,892-7-8	1,26,692-7-8													
Small Cause Court	2		455	526	457		457																		
Nyayadhish	-	-																							
Nyayadhish	35	15			53		15		5																
Diwani Nyayadhish																									

| | | |

Appendix XI.

Civil work–Results of Applications for execution of decrees 1908-09

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
Small Cause Court	118	91	3476-3-5	608	696	24066-3-11	726	787	27542-7-4	635	746	25189-10-0	91	41	1926-13-6	28	5	8	
Sirchyayadhish Court	153	16	733-23-14-3	9	16	605-29-19-3	162	32	6389-11-4	146	21	6584-1-0	16	11	1988-7-4	1	2	8	
Diwanni Nyayadhish Court	0	53	158-61-3-6	319	312	5866-1-5	319	365	7525-4-11	266	314	6913-2-0	53	51	1571-7-7	31	7	13	

| | | |

Appendix XII.

Civil work-Number and results of appeals in Civil suits in the Morvi State 1908-9

Tribunal.	Opening balance		Filed during		Total		Disposed of during		Closing balance		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of										Average duration	
													Decision confirmed		Decision reversed		Decision amended		Cases remanded for re-trial		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
																							Y. M. D.	Y. M. D.
Judi Assistant	·	·	16	8	16	8	16	5	·	3	6-5-6 4532-4	5-4-2 890-14	6	2	1	·	6	2	1	1	2	·	0-2-5	0-3-27
Nimyadhish	1	·	5	2	6	2	6	2	·	·	246-5-1	45-4-1	1	·	2	1	-	-	·	1	3	·	1-1-25	0-3-2
	1	·	21	10	22	10	22	7	·	3	4778-9-10	935-5-11	7	2	3	1	6	2	1	2	5	·	0-4-0	0-3-19

Nazur office
Morvi 8-4-9

ad / Bhanji Kanji
Dewan Morvi.

Appendix XIII.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the jails and lock-ups in the Morvi State during the year 1908-9

Stations.	No. of Prisons	Number of prisoners No.				Daily average.		Number of Prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.				
Morvi Central Jail	1	60	231	202	291	57.156	66.152	71	3078-13-8	0-0-28	
Athoi "	1	.	11	8	11	.6	.017	.	90-0-0	6-6-4	
Jankari "	1	.	6	16	6	.4883	.0164	.	.-.-.	.-.-.	
Wavania "	1	.	12	12	12	.38	.038	.	2-0-0	.-.-.	
Jetpur "	1	.	12	9	12	.24	.031	.	2-0-0	.-.-.	
Total	5	60	272	247	332	51.851	16.0404	71	3172-13-8	0-0-27	

Huzur Office
Morvi 8-4-9

3

Sd/ Bhanji Kanji
Dewan Morvi

Appendix XIV.

Registration of documents in the Morvi State 190

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money-bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Morvi	289	288	165	176	70	74	8	6	35	22	11	10	289	288	21565256	1172474-14-6	-	-	-	-	
Adhai Mahalkari	3	9	3	8	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	3	9	1485-0-0	30624-0-0	-	-	-	-	
Jankara Mahalkari	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1	-	-	2	1	177-11-6	9200-0-0	-	-	-	-	
Do. Thandar	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	2000-0-0	-	-	-	-	-	
Jetpur Thandar	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Wavania Thandar	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	34000-0-0	-	-	-	-	
	295	300	168	184	70	74	8	6	38	26	11	10	295	300	2375154	1155797-8	-	-	-	-	

Superintendent
Morvi 8-4-9

Dy Bhaupkanji
for Dewan Morvi

Appendix XV.

Statement showing the receipts and Expenditure on account of Registraton Morvi State during the year 1908-9

Description	Past year.							Present year.							Remarks.
	Number of deeds	Value of property Rs.	a.	p.	Fees realised Rs.	a.	p.	Number of deeds	Value of property Rs.	a.	p.	Fees realised Rs.	a.	p.	
Mortgages, Sale Deeds, Wills, Money bonds etc.	295	217515	1	.	393	8	.	300	125597	9	6	363	8	.	
Total ...	295	217515	1	.	393	8	.	300	125597	9	6	363	8	.	
Deduct expenditure												306	7	8	
Next profit												57	.	4	

Nazoor office
Morvi 8/6-4-9

sd Bhagvatsinji
Dewan Morvi.

Appendix XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the Municipalities in the Morvi State during the year 190 8 9

Name.	Opening balance on 1st April	Receipts during the year		Total in current year	Expenditure during the year		Balance on the 31st March	Remarks.
		Past	Present		Past	Present		
Municipality		291-14-	300-6-5	300-6-5	4833-15-5	5579-1-		

Huzur office
Mint 5th April 1909

ad/ Khanpkanji
for Diwan Morvi

Appendix XVII.

STATEMENT OF RAINFALL IN THE MORVI STATE.

State.	April 190	May 190	June 190	July 190	August 190	September 190	October 190	November 190	December 190	January 190	February 190	March 190	Total.	Total of past year	Average of past 5 years.	Remarks.
Inch			1	3	7								12	28	26	
Cent			60	41	45	11					10		67	14	69	

Stazeor Office
Morvi 8th April 1909

M Bhagvatsanji
Ag Dewan Morvi

Appendix XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food, grains 190

Article	During March (Past year)	During March (Present year)	Remarks.
Bajri	21	21	
Jowar	23	25	
Rice	13	14	
Wheat	20	20/2	
Moog	23	21	
Gorad	21	20	
Gram	23	21	

Auzer Office
Morvi Dt 8-4-9

s/ Bhanji Kanji
for Diwan Morvi

Appendix XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 190 .

Description of work.	State Funds.						Total.	
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.		
Jelpur Tramway line	5598-4-3							
Nav-lakhi line	39556-3-8							
Jankara Tramway line	103-11-4							
Works under Port officer	2308-1-1							
Telephone lines	2283-4-9							
Ginning factory and Press	3365-0-6							
Paneli Irrigation works	5768-7-6							
Mill Machinery	741-3-11							
New office building & furniture	109654-12-4							
Purchasing a new steam launch	2570-5-3							
Minor works	88434-3-6							
Establishment charges	10773-14-4							
Repairs to Roads & buildings		7858-6-7	301448-7-4				301448-7-4	

8·4·09

M Bhanji Kanji
pr Dewan Mavji

Appendix XX.

Agricultural stock in the Morvi State during the year 1908-9

District.	year.	Horses and cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes. Male.	Buffaloes. Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and goats	With two Bullocks.	With four Bullocks.	Riding	Load carrying	
Morvi State	1908-9	177	284	14	10	125	194	27	17	4	.	.	12	.	

Hazur Office
Morvi 8-4-09

W Bhanpkar
for Dewan Morvi.

Appendix XXI.

Statement showing the excise shops and excise revenue of the Morvi State, during the year 190 .

Name of State.	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Morvi	1	3601	1	2400	1	265	-	-	3	6266	

Bazar Office
Morvi 8-4-05

Dewan Bahadur Kanji
Dewan Morvi.

Appendix XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded in the Morvi State during the year 190 .

Dispensary	Number of patients treated		Result of Indoor patients				Expenditure	Daily average	Remarks.
	Out-door	Indoor	Discharged	Absented	Died	Remaining			
Morvi State Dispensary	16084	"	"	"	"	"	Rs 3675-12-2	196-4	
Asylum	"	103	75	10	10	8	1869-2-11	11-	
Adhoi	3903	"	"	"	"	"	380-2-0	30-2	
Jandala	3383	"	"	"	"	"	437-7-3	36-04	
Jetpur	1669	"	"	"	"	"	407-4-6	15-7	
Wavania	3213	"	"	"	"	"	391-13-4	38-5	

Name of office
Morvi 8-4-09

Name & Rank

Appendix XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Morvi State for the year 1908-9

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase.	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of Population.				Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Births.		Deaths.		
										Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Morvi State	92777	2079	2357	271		1841	1768		73	22.4	25.32	19.8	19.5	

Hazur Office
Morvi 8-4-09

Dewan Morvi

Appendix XXV.

Particulars as to the schools maintained by the Morvi State for the year 1908-9.

Number of schools.		Description of schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March		Daily Average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High school.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	High School	378	392	288	315	8700	-	-	
1	1	Middle School	12	19	13	8		185	-	
75	70	Primary Schools	2232	2143	1570	1555	-	-	9729	
2	2	Girl Schools	145	169	66	112	-	-	774	
79	74		2767	2723	1937	1990	8700	185	10503	

Vazur Office
Morvi 8th April 09

M Bhaurao Kaye
Dewan Morvi

MORVI STATE.

ANNUAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT.

FOR the Year 1909-10.

MORVI.

Printed at the State Press.

1910.

No. 12 of 1910-11.

To,

His Highness Sir WAGHJI Bahadur,
G. C. I. E.,
Maharaja Thakore Saheb of MORVI.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS,

I have the honour to submit the accompanying Report on the Administration of Your Highness' State for the year ending 31st March 1910.

Your Highness'
most obedient servant
BHANJI KANJI,
For Dewan, Morvi State.

Morvi,
14 July 1910.

CHAPTER I.

General and Political.

This State has an area of about 913 square miles, *minus* the area of the villages of Junghi, Ambardi, Chandrodi and the Laliana Pati, which were transferred to Cutch under the late exchange settlement between the two States.

2. According to the census of 1901 the population of the State numbers 92,777 souls.

3. The gross revenue of the State in the year under report is Rs. 8,83,203-3-11.

4. The State pays a tribute of Rs. 9,263 annually to the British Government, a peshkashi of Rs. 49,208 to His Highness the Gaekwar and Rs. 3,088 as Zortulbi to the Junagadh State, the total amount of tribute annually payable being Rs. 61,559.

5. As in last year your Highness attended the Railway Conference meeting held at Simla in September 1909, and the knowledge there acquired of the several important Railway questions has naturally added to the zeal and interest always evinced by your Highness in the successful management of the Morvi Railway.

6. In November your Highness went to Rajkote to attend a meeting of the Rajkumar College Council.

7. In the same month your Highness was invited by the Agent to the Governor to attend meetings of the Proprietors of the Railways in Kathiawar to consider the proposals of Sir T. R. Wynne, President of the Railway Board, who was specially deputed by Government to assist in the deliberations of the meetings with regard to the future working of the Kathiawar Railways. Sir Wynne's proposals with the views of the several Railway Proprietors thereon which Government were kind enough to invite are still before Government, awaiting final orders.

8. At the invitation of the Agent to the Governor, your Highness again went to Rajkote in January on the occasion of the visit of His Excellency Sir George Clarke, the Governor of Bombay. Your Highness took part in His Excellency's reception on the 15th, in the Darbar

held by His Excellency on the 17th, in the receptions at the Residency and in the prize distribution at the Rajkumar College on the 19th.

9. Your Highness also attended the 4th Jain Shwetamber Congress meeting held at Jallunder in Punjab in March last in response to the earnest invitation of the Jain Community, who have ever borne feelings of the highest respect, esteem and admiration for your Highness.

10. Your Highness' younger son Kumar Shri Ajitsinhji having successfully passed his B. A. examination last year with Sanskrit as his second language at the University of Oxford is now earnestly devoting himself to his studies at the Bar. By dint of perseverence and assiduity he has already gone through most of the ordeals qualifying a Barrister-at-law, and it now remains for him to pass the final examination of the Bar, which will be held in October next.

11. Your Highness has sent Mr. Vakatsing Kalubhai, son of Azam Kalubhai Rajmalji, an old Officer of the State, to England at the costs of the Morvi Railway, to study the subject of Mechanical Engineering. Mr. Vakhatsinh passed his Matric at the University of Bombay and has been trained in the local workshops, and it is therefore fairly anticipated that within about a couple of years he will return to Morvi after successfully acquiring sufficient knowledge in the important line he has taken.

12. To facilitate the study of boys of Girasias and the respectable elite and gentry of the State your Highness has opened a Girasia Boarding School in Morvi. It is under the supervision of the Educational Officer of the State. Even boys from outside are admitted. Perfect arrangements are made for their diet and accomodation and every care is taken to invigourate their mental and physical powers. Though the admissions till the close of the year under report have been about 15 it is expected that owing to the immense benefits that are derived from the institution the school will soon rise in importance, especially as it affords all convenience and educational training at a fairly small cost.

13. The third Session of the Gujarat Sahitya Parishad was held at Rajkote on 28th, 29th and 30th October 1909 under the President-

ship of Dewan Bahadur Ambalal Sakerlal Desai, M. A. L. L. B., retired Chief Justice of Baroda. In connection with the preliminary Exhibition of objects of literary, historical and antiquarian interest opened by our popular Agent to the Governor, Mr. C. H. A. Hill, C. S. I., C. I. E., I. C. S., some 22 ancient literary manuscripts and 5 old coins were sent to Rajkote under your Highness' instructions, which were duly appreciated. A grant of Rs. 1500 was also generously made by your Highness to the Parishad to help it in carrying out its noble aims and projects.

14. Your Highness has conferred a liberal boon on the Bhayat Girasias of this State by issuing a Circular order, exempting their homesteads from attachment in execution of civil decrees against them.

15. For securing greater uniformity of discipline and working and improving the general organization of the Police in the State, your Highness has, with the express consent of the several subordinate Bhayats and Girasias of the State, abolished the posts of separate Police Patels in their villages and accepted to receive annual contributions from them towards the maintenance of Travelling Constables appointed for all the villages of the State together arranged in convenient groups in view of their vicinity &c. This arrangement has been well appreciated by the Bhayats and Girasias concerned and will doubtless conduce to the better consolidation of the Police in the State.

16. Your Highness has introduced rules of grade promotion in the State, and a gradation statement has been prepared under your Highness' orders, showing the minimum, mean and maximum salaries for every post in the State service. Increments have also been granted this year to the several deserving officers of the State.

17. Your Highness had at first appointed Mr. William Harper, Mechanical and Motor Engineer, on 12 months' probation on a salary of Rs. 500, and has now extended his services for a further period of six months.

18. There was no remarkable change in the personnel of the principal officers of the State except that on the demise of Azam Ranchhorlal Sewakram, Sar Nyayadhish, which occurred after a protracted illness of about 8 months, Azam Tribhowan Fulchand Doshi has continued to

act as Sar Nyayadhish, and Azam Hemchand Ramji Mehta L. C. E., has been appointed State Engineer on Azam Gokaldas Rajpal being transferred to act as Manager, Morvi Railway. In the death of Azam Ranchhorlal the State has lost a zealous, honest and straightforward officer and the State therefore deeply mourns his loss.

CHAPTER II.

Revenue Administration.

19. The Revenue year begins with 1st October and ends with 30th September. The total average rainfall for all the districts was inches 29·39, inches 16·49 more than in the preceding year, which accounts for larger outturn of cotton crops during the year.

20. The Revenue Administration of the Adhoi Mahal of the State, which is geographically situated in the Peninsula of Cutch, is conducted by a Mahalkari, and of the town of Tankara by a Wahiwatdar. As regards the rest of the territory, the revenue management is divided into two branches, viz, the Account and the Executive Branch, both of which are under the authority and supervision of the Revenue Commissioner.

The want of a direct comunication between Morvi and its Adhoi Mahal is most detrimental to the interests of that Mahal. The necessity of such communication cannot be overrated, in asmuch as without it the people of the Mahal which is absolutely isolated have no means of intercourse with the outside world. The connection by a tram line will be conducive to public good, as it will connect Kathiawar with Cutch by land and will besides remove the occasion of harassment by Cutch to detain goods in transit in the name of what it calls a frontier duty but what really is a transit duty or *chilo* relinquished by Cutch along with other States as early as in 1873. Under these circumstances the decision of Government on our appeal in the matter of the so-called frontier duty of Cutch and on the correspondence relating to the proposal to open a direct communication between Morvi and Adhoi is anxiously awaited.

21. The Account Branch is managed by the Revenue Daftari, who is helped by several Accountants, while the Executive is managed by an officer designated as Forest Superintendent, who is aided by six Divisional Wahiwatdars. The latter in their turn are assisted by 27 Mukhies.

22. The " Eka Juti " system was also introduced two years ago. Under this system certain groups of cultivators have been formed, members of each such group undertaking a joint and several liability to pay the entire revenue assessment of that group direct to the State Treasury on prescribed dates. This system too has worked with beneficial results. There now remain cultivators of only 787 Santis to form into such groups and the Revenue Commissioner sanguinely expects that seeing the manifold advantages that their brother cultivators have derived they will soon follow their example.

23. As the earlier crops did not turn out to be satisfactory, owing to want of sufficient rainfall, at the outset of the year, your Highness ordered an inquiry into the actual crop prospects of the several parts of your territories, with the result that a portion of this year's revenue assessment was suspended.

24. Altogether 320½ bighas of fallow land was brought under cultivation during the year under report.

CHAPTER III.

Protection.

Police.

25. The total Police Force of this State, during the year under report, under the control of the Police Department stands, besides the Police Superintendent, the Assistant Police Superintendent and Divisonal Thandars, the City Fouzdar and other officers, at 811, consisting of 10 regular mounted police, 197 foot police and 604 irregular police including the Village Police (Pasaetas and Pagis), Police Patels, Arabs, Makranis and the irregular mounted Police.

26. The cost of the entire Police Department in the year under report, including both the regular and irregular Police &c., amounts to Rs. 68,232-3-3.

27. The ratio of the whole Force works upto one man for every 103 men of the population and the average annual cost of each policeman comes to Rs. 87-4-3½ .

28. Of the total number of men, 221 work in the city of Morvi and its suburbs and the remaining 590 men are distributed in the Divisions and in the Adhoi Mahal.

29. During the year under report 16 men were reduced from the service and 32 were newly enrolled.

30. The number of offences reported during the year under report was 271 against 250 last year. The number of accused arrested was 336 against 280, the number of accused convicted was 201 against 217, the number of accused acquitted or discharged 113 against 52, and that of convicted from among the accused sent for trial 59·8 against 77·5.

31. The aggregate value of property alleged to have been stolen during the year under report was Rs. 4391-14-6 against Rs. 4710-5-0 last year, and that of property recovered Rs. 777-3-1 against Rs. 2054-14-11, the percentage of recoveries being 17·7 against 43·62 in the preceding year.

Criminal Justice.

32. The number and constitution of Criminal Courts in the State remain the same as in the previous year, viz, 5 Magistrates' Courts, 1 Sessions Court, besides 2 Courts of Appeal and Revision.

33. The work done by the various original courts during the year under report will appear from Appendices VII and VIII. It will be seen that the number of cases disposed of by all the Criminal Courts was 632 involving 1317 persons, as against 603 cases involving 1125 persons last year, showing an increase of 29 cases and 192 persons.

34. Of the total number of 1317 persons brought to trial 480 were convicted and sentenced, 514 were discharged without trial, 278

were acquitted, 23 were committed or otherwise referred and 22 were awaiting their trial at the end of the year.

35. The appellate Court of the Huzoor Secretary decided 8 appeals concerning 19 persons, with the result that the decisions of the lower courts were upheld in 3 cases involving 5 persons, modified in 2 cases concerning 11 persons and reversed in 3 cases affecting 3 persons, leaving 6 appeals undisposed at the end of the year (vide Appendix IX).

Civil Justice.

36. There are the following nine Civil Courts in the State:—

1 The Hazoor Secretary's Court.
2 The Sar Nyayadhish Court.
3 The Small Cause Court.
4 The Diwani Nyayadhish Court.
5 The Adhoi Mahalkari's Court.
6 The Tankara Mahalkari's Court.
7 The Tankara Thandar's Court.
8 The Wawania Thandar's Court.
9 The Jetpur Thandar's Court.

37. The Hazoor Secretary's Court is the highest Appeal Court, which also exercises powers of revision and reference. The Sar Nyayadhish Court is vested with power to hear original suits valued over Rs. 1500 and to decide all appeals from the District Courts. The Diwani Nyayadhish Court has the power to hear suits valued upto Rs. 1500. The Small Cause Court hears cases to the extent of Rs. 150, while the remaining Courts only suits valued upto Rs. 50.

38. 30 cases were left undecided at the end of the previous year. 710 new cases were filed before the Civil Courts for decision as against 859 last year. Out of these, 702 suits were disposed of as against 846 in the preceding year. Of the 710 filed during year 18 related to disputes about immovable property, 687 to pecuniary claims and 5 to miscellaneous rights. Their aggregate value was Rs. 45,829-10-2, as compared with Rs. 57,467-10-5 in the preceding year. Further details will be found in Appendix X.

39. The number of appeals presented during the year in the two appellate courts was 15 against 10 last year, which, together with the balance of the preceding year, makes a total of 18. Of these, 11 appeals, the aggregate value whereof was Rs. 1759-0-6, were disposed of, as against 7 appeals of the collective value of Rs. 935-5-11 in the preceding year. In these 11 appeals, decisions of the original Courts were confirmed in 3, in 3 the decisions were reversed, in 4 the decisions were amended and in 1 the case was remanded for retrial.

40. The number of applications for execution of decrees presented during the year was 949, which, with the balance of the previous year, comes to 1055. Out of these 918 were disposed of, 137 remaining pending at the close of the year.

41. The Huzoor Secretary's Court had 17 cases of civil revisions and references during the year, of which it disposed 14, leaving a balance of 3 pending at the close of the year.

Extradition.

42. The number of offenders surrendered by this State to other States for regular trial was 7 against 8 last year, and of those similarly handed over by other States to this State was 40 against 36 during the preceding year.

Jails.

43. There are 5 Jails and lock-ups in the State including the Central Jail in the Capital and those at the head quarters of the Districts, viz, Tankara, Wowania, Jetpur and Adhoi. The number of prisoners at the end of March 1909 was 71 and during the year under report there were 184 admissions, making a total of 255 as against 332 in the previous year. Out of these 187 were released on the expiry of their respective terms of imprisonment, leaving 68 at the close of the year.

44. The daily average of prisoners was 59·266 as against 66·404 of the previous year.

45. The gross expenditure exclusive of the charges on account of the Jail-guards at the Jails was Rs. 3,394-8-0.

Registration.

46. The number of documents presented for registration during the year was 398 against 300 last year and the value of property involved has risen from Rs. 1,25,597-9-6 to 3,40,864-10-1. The majority of these documents, viz, 241, consist of deeds of mortgage, 80 relate to transactions of sale and the rest are mostly money bonds. Appendix XIV gives the details of these documents. The fees realized rose from Rs. 363-8-0 last year to Rs. 619 this year.

Municipalities.

47. There are 4 Municipalities in the State, viz, at Morvi, Tankara, Wawania and Adhoi, all of them being maintained at the expense of the State, the most important of them being the Municipality in the Capital.

48. The total cost of the Municipalities amounted to Rs. 6,511-10-4 this year against Rs. 5579-1-0 in the preceding year.

CHAPTER IV.

Production and Distribution.

Weather and crops.

49. Appendix XVII gives particulars of rainfall in the State during the Samwat year 1965 (1909 A. D.). The rainfall was ra--ther uniformly well distributed. June gave us 1·92, which being the first fall accorded the cultivators a propitious opportunity to start sowing operations. July gave the copious showers of 17·56 which were beneficial to the young crops. However the somewhat promising prospects, fostered by the rains of August and September, were considerably marred by certain unwholesome climatic conditions and by the unseasonable showers of December. Nevertheless the prevalence of exceptionally high prices of cotton saved the situation.

50. The total rainfall recorded at the Morvi Hospital was 28·39 as against 12·73 last year, at Adhoi Dispensary 20·65 against 16·24 last year, at Tankara Dispensary 23·83 and at Jetpur 21·27.

Agriculture.

51. The area under sugarcane during the year under report was 340¼ Bighas, and the sugarcane plantations were 80, the same as last year, though the revenue derived from them has exceeded that of the last year.

52. *Chasia* wheat was sown in 3714 bighas this year, there being no such sowing in the preceding year. *Pitia* wheat was sown in 6283 *Bighas* this year against only 1388 *Bighas* in the preceding year.

53. The total area under cotton this year was *Bighas* 1,96,585.

54. There are several plantations in the State, mainly consisting of Babul trees, both by plantation and spontaneously. Babul trees were planted in 1102½ bighas this year.

Horticulture.

55. The Darbar maintains the Public Park and other gardens in Morvi and also the gardens in Tankara, Khanpur, Sawdi and Rohisala.

Manufactures and Industries.

56. The Darbari Spinning and Weaving Mill at Morvi is being now extended. The supplementary new machinery has already arrived from England and has been duly put up and will now begin to work within a few months.

57. The local Railway workshops at Morvi and Wankaner have maintained their reputation for getting out splendid Railway and furniture work. With the completion of the more extensive building which is now under construction for the Morvi Workshops and with the arrival of further machinery which is expected very shortly, the workshop will successfully meet the orders of the Railway and other Departments. The workshops naturally supply good work to artizans and workmen of the State as they form a great source of encouragement and instruction to the working classes.

58. The chief articles of local manufacture and industries are cotton fabrics, metal utensils, ivory works, fine gold thread and silver and jewelled ornaments.

Trade.

59. The Morvi Railway and the Tram Lines which form a connecting link between the capital of the State and the other centres have accorded great stimulus to trade and the opening of the Nawlakhi Bander will in due course of time enable merchants to carry on trade with far distant countries under further facilities and advantages.

60. The total value of imports during the year was Rs. 21,05,003-3-1 as against Rs. 16,62,568-4-0 in the previous year, the chief articles of import being cotton, woolen and silk cloth, rice, bajri, sesamum, ghee, sugar, kerosine oil &c.

61. The total value of exports was Rs. 14,17,441-15-3 against Rs. 15,68,357-2-0 in the preceding year, the chief articles of export being joowar and other sereals, cotton, wool, cotton-seeds and molasses.

Public Works.

62. The total expenditure during the year on Public Works, exclusive of expenditure on the Morvi Railway and Tramway Lines, amounted to Rs. 4,97,476-1-3 as against Rs. 4,74,658 in the preceding year. The main details of this expenditure will be found in Appendix XIX. It will be noticed that repairs to roads and buildings cost Rs. 23,565-7-7.

General condition of the State and the people.

63. The general health of the public has been good, and it is gratifying to note that neither plague nor any other epidemic made appearance in any part of the State during the year under report.

64. The mortality during the year among a population of 92,777 souls was 1789 against 1768, and the number of births 2563 against 2350 last year.

65. The relief given to orphans and decrepits during the year has cost the State Rs. 3801-2-2, while the private relief given to the respectable poor and needy has risen to the high amount of Rs. 11,176-10-1.

CHAPTER V.

Financial Review.

66. The following table shows the realization of the gross revenues of the State, as well as its expenditure for the revenue year ending 30th September 1909, as compared with the previous year, excluding Railway and Tramway figures:—

	Samwat 1964.	Samwat 1965.	Increase.	Decrease.
Revenues ...	9,16,914-3-10	8,83,206-3-11	...	33,707-5-11
Expenditure ...	6,71,030-6-10	9,31,391-12-6	2,60,361-5-8	...

67. The above statement shows a decrease of Rs. 30,707-5-11 in the revenues and an increase of Rs. 2,60,361-5-8 in the expenditure.

68. The income from customs duty has come to a total of Rs. 66,618- 11-1 as against Rs. 70,474-9-10 in the preceding year, thus leaving a deficit of Rs. 3855-14-7 for this year.

CHAPTER VI.

Vital Statistics and Medical Relief.

69. During the year under report the total number of Institutions that gave medical relief in the State was 6, comprising one Hospital and one Asylum at the Capital and four Dispensaries in the different Divisions of the State.

70. In all these Institutions 26,544 patients were treated during the year under notice against 28,355 in the last year, showing a decrease of 1811. The daily average attendance at the Morvi Dispensary was 181·4, at the Morvi Asylum 5·7, at the Adhoi Dispensary 40·3, at the Tankara Dispensary 28·1, at the Jetpur Dispensary 15·7 and at the Wawania Dispensary 20·8.

71. The total cost of the Institutions this year was Rs. 10,250-10-6 as against Rs. 6,981-10-2 in the preceding year.

Asylum.

72. The Morvi Asylum is a purely charitable institution, which has been maintained by the State for the sick poor and decrepits, who are both nursed and fed at the Institution. It is also under the control of the Chief Medical Officer Dr. Bam. The Asylum, situated as it is on the river bank, forms a suitable locality for performing both major and minor operations. This year the cost of maintaining this institution came to Rs. 1,996-3-6 against Rs. 1,689-2-11 last year.

Vaccination.

73. 2,804 persons were vaccinated this year, the Vaccinators' work being supervised by the Chief Medical Officer, the Hospital Assistants of the Mahals doing the inspection duty.

74. The number of chilren inspected by the several Inspectors was 1,519 and of those inspected by the Chief Medical Officer, 669

75. The cost of vaccination this year amounted to Rs. 831-0-2 as against Rs. 837-4-5 last year.

CHAPTER VII.

Education.

76. The Bai Shri Vakhtuba Charitable High School was attended in the year under report by 386 pupils as against 392 in the previous year. The average attendance during the year was 310 against 315 and the total of expense Rs. 10,187 against Rs. 8,787 in the preceding year.

77. The Middle School was attended by 28 pupils against 19 in the previous year.

78. The total number of primary schools continues to be 70, the same as last year. They were attended by 2,283 pupils as against 2,143. The average daily attendance was 1833 and they cost Rs. 10,609 as against Rs. 9,729 last year.

79. To the High School are attached a good Library and a Laboratory, as also a Gymnasium, Cricket and Lawn Tenis—the

favourite games of the present generation.

80. The results of the High School Standards at the annual examinations are that out of 13 candidates sent in at the Matriculation examination 7 passed, in standard VI out of 12 presented 6 passed, in standard V out of 27 presented 15 passed, while standards IV, III, II, and I presented 29, 42, 80 and 76, with the results that 14, 20, 28 and 38 respectively passed.

81. There are two Girls–schools in the State, which were attended during the year under report by 165 pupils as against 169 in the previous year. The daily average attendance was 132 and the education of these two schools has cost Rs. 831.

82. The Sanskrit Pathshala called the Rawaji Pathshala is an unique institution, where Sanscrit is taught to students by the very learned and reputed Shastri Kavi Shankerlal Maheshwar Bhatt.

CHAPTER VIII.

Miscellaneous

Printing Press.

83. The only Printing Press in the State is the State Press, where the State Gazette is published every month and an amount of the job work of the several Offices of the State including the Railway and Tramway is done.

Library.

84. The State subscribes to numerous papers and magazines, both English and Vernacular and a lot of books having been purchased and added to the old stock, the library in the Hill Buildings is day by day growing in interest and importance.

The State Stud Department.

85. There were in all 181 brood mares at the close of the year under report as against 194 in the previous year.

86. There were 104 horses. Out of them 1 was English, 17 Arabs and 86 Kathiawaris and country-bred.

87. There are 5 stallions, 2 of them being English, 1 Arab, 1 native and 1 Kathiawari, and they continue to prove good sires.

88. 7 Mares were covered by the stallions this year as against 16 last year.

89. There were 7 stables and 1 sick ward. The boxes in the stables are built after improved models and are very accomodative, clean and well-ventilated.

90. There is one Veterinary Hospital under a Veterinary Hospital Assistant to treat sick animals. This Hospital is also open to the public.

Survey.

91. The work done during the year under report by this Department was the Buta survey of lands of 16 villages permanenty leased under the system bearing that name.

92. Surveys were also carried out in 48 villages, numbering 193 plots and measuring 2570¼ bighas at a cost of Rs. 736-3-0 averaging to Rs. 0-4-6 per bigha.

93. The Survey Department also did a deal of work in connection with the boundary pillars disputes with villages of bordering States.

Tramway.

94. The capital expenditure of the Tramway system upto now has been Rs 7,98,165-4-7, as against Rs. 7,94,828-7-9 which was the total upto the previous year.

95. The total gross earnings of the three Tramway Lines, viz, Tankara, Jetpur and Wowania (including the city line) have aggregated to Rs. 66,299-0-8 in the year as against Rs. 74,126-0-6 in the previous year; and the working expenses to Rs. 45,011-14-0 against Rs. 53,826-11-11. These leave a net profit of Rs. 21,287-1-10. Thus the capital yields a rate of 2·66 per cent per annum.

CHAPTR IX.

Railway.

96. Azam Gokaldas Rajpal has continued as Acting Manager and Mr. A. Marks as Auditor and Accountant during the year under report.

97. The gross earnings for the year ending 31st December 1909 amounted to Rs. 4,71,830 against Rs. 5,08,262 last year, and the working expenses to Rs. 2,58,930. The net earnings amounted to Rs. 2,12,900, giving a percentage of 4·44 on the capital outlay of Rs. 47,95,497.

98. The mean mileage worked during the year was 92·83.

99. No change worth noticing has been made in the Permanent way.

I have the honour to be,
Your Highness' most obedient servant

Dewan's Office,
14th July 1910

BHANJI KANJI
For Dewan, Morvi State.

☞ Printed at the Morvi State Press. 40—12-7-1910.

APPENDIX I.

હ. પો. નં. ૧ એફ.

Name of high officials in the Morvi State and Residency officials showing changes in personal during the year 1909-10

Name of Officer.	Appointment.	Period.		Remarks.
		From	To	
Asan Bhanji Kanji	Incharge Diwan	1-4-1909	31-3-1910	
" Kalyanrai J. Bakshi	Nazar Adviser	1-4-1909	31-3-1910	
" Tribhowan Tulchan	Sirmayadhish	1-4-1909	31-3-1910	
" Hemchand R. Mehta	State Engineer	1-4-1909	31-3-1910	
" Harjiwan S. Parekh	First Class Magistrate	1-4-1909	31-3-1910	
" Govindji D. Jadav	Supdt. of Police	1-4-1909	31-3-1910	
" Krishnarao V. Bam	Chief Medi. officer	1-4-1909	31-3-1910	
" Valamji Khetanji	State Accountant	1-4-1909	31-3-1910	
" Kheswanlal Pra	Revenue Commissioner	1-4-1909	31-3-1910	
" Pragji M. Patel	Head Master & Village School Supdt.	1-4-1909	31-3-1910	

Nazar Office
8th April 1910

1131 Bhanji Kanji
for Diwan Morvi State

APPENDIX II.

LIST OF LAWS IN FORCE IN THE MORVI STATE.

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian act	Introduced during the year under report.	Remarks.
Limitation Act of 1896	yes		
Court fee Stamp of 1896	yes		
Stamp Act of 1877	yes		
Registration Act of 1884	yes		
Arms Act of 1890	yes		
Rules regarding Shikar without license	yes		
Hindu Law	"		
Mahomedan Law	"		
Until laws other than those mentioned above are enacted by the state	"		

The following British
Indian acts are adopted
as guidance.
Indian Penal code
Criminal Act
Evidence Act
Contract Act
Civil procedure

8th April 1910

Bhanji Kanji
for Diwan Muni State

Appendix III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, and other particulars of the Military Force in the Morvi State, 1909-10

Arm of service.	Number of fighting officers and men.						Details of force at end of the current year.						Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.	Remarks.
	At the end of last year.	Recruited this year	Casualties.			At the end of the current year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			Died.	Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.				European Commissioned officers.	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Cavalry														
Sappers														
Artillery	Nil						Nil.							
Infantry														
Imperial Service Troops ...														
TOTAL...														

Magnr. Office
6th April 1910.

Lt. Bhanji Khanji
for Diwan Morvi State

Appendix IV.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline and education of the Police, for the year 1909-10

Description of office.	Number.	Pay of grade.	Total cost.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By Promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Subedar	1	50	600						1		
Chief Havaldar	1	25	300				3		1		
Jemadar	2	20-15	488-8-0				2		2		
Constable	2	21-15	411-1-6				1-8		2		
Nawalder	11	16-14-12	770-1-0				1-0		3	1	
Full Nayek	2	12	287						2	1	
Second Nayek	5	10	590-11-0						4	1	
Lace Nayek	15	9, 9¼, 9½	1704-14-3						12	3	
Band Master	1	45	540						1		
Sepoys & Bandmen	152	5½ 7¼	14145-5-1						104	48	
	185		11845-8-10				7-8-0		132	53	

Hajoor Office
6th April 1910

for Diwan Mavji Bhanji Khanji

APPENDIX V.

ઙ. પો. નાં. ૫ એફ

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Morvi State, during the year 1909-10

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage of convictions (columns. 4 and 5).		Percentage of convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remark.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Morvi State	250	271.	280	336	280	336	217	201	52	113	77.5	78.2	77.5	59.8	22 pending Trial

Huzoor Office.
8th April 1910

Sd. Khanji Kaviji
for Diwan Morvi.

Appendix VI.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the State during the year 1909-10

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Morvi State	4710-5-0	4391-14-6	2054-14-11	777-3-1	43.62	17.7	

Huzoor Office
8th April 1910

Sd. Bhauji Kauji
for Diwan Morvi.

Appendix VII.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and case awaiting trial in the Morvi State during the year 1909-10

Description of offences.	Number of offences.			Number of cases disposed of during past year.	Number of cases disposed of during present year.	Number of person apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced.						Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being in save.	Number of persons died during or before trial.	Term of imprisonment.									Awaiting trial.	Remarks.
	Balance from past year.	Committed during the present year.	Total.					Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.			Under one month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	Transportation.	Capital punishment.		
								Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Sirmyadhish Court.	4	.	4	7	11	26	10	.	3	.	7	.	.	8	10	11	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	
First-Class Magistrate Court	24	35	59	223	243	446	297	11	65	.	172	47	2	297	114	.	.	20	45	70	86	26	1	.	.	.	.	14		21 persons committed to Sessions Court.
Vadhoi Mahalkari Court.	.	2	2	82	88	179	69	1	4	1	12	51	.	69	106	.	.	11	2	1	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	2		2 persons committed to Sessions Court.
Jankara Mahalkari Court	-	-	.	50	64	147	28	.	5	.	4	19	.	28	119	.	.													

| | | |

Appendix VIII.

Statement showing the number of Offences reported and dealt with by the verious courts in the Morvi State during the year 19~~2~~9-10

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at end of year	Remarks.
				Brought to trail in 191					Total.								
	Past year.	Present year.	Remaining at the end of last year	Arrested by Police	Upon warrant	On summons	Voluntary	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate	Past year	Present year	Discharged without trial	Acquitted	Convicted	Committed or referred	Died. escaped or transferred		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Sunyayadhish Court	21	37	3	-	-	-	-	23	3	26	-	11	10	-	-	5	
First Class Magistrate	376	446	20	23	35	188	-	-	441	446	15	99	297	21	-	14	
Aello Mahalka	101	127	-	50	1	126	2	-	145	179	74	32	19	2	-	2	
Jankara	84	93	-	19	3	125	-	-	93	147	-	119	28	-	-	-	

Southern Division Thanadar Circle	145	134	·	19	·	199	2	·	228	220	143	1	36	-	-	·	
Northern-do-do-do	84	116	2	24	·	180	·	·	116	26	175	13	18	-	·	·	
Eastern-do-do-do	83	83	·	21	-	72	-	·	99	83	67	3	22	-	·	1	
											2						
Total	894	1036	25	336	39	890	4	83	1185	1317	514	278	480	23	·	22	

Magistrates
Municipal Police

Asst Bhanji Kanji
for Divisional Magistrate

Appendix IX.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decision passeds by the criminal courts in the Morvi State during the year 19[illegible]9-10

Tribunals.	Number of applications	Number of persons and cases.																Remarks.
		Applications rejected.		Sentences. Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.		Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry etc. ordered,		Pending.		
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	
Huzur Secretary Court.	14	-	-	5	3	11	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	6	
The Sirnyayadhish																		
Total	14	-	-	5	3	11	2	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	15	6	

Huzur office
8th April 1910.

Nol Bhanji Kanji
for Diwan Morvi state

Appendix X.

ઇ. પો. નં. ૧૯ ઑફ્.

Civil work—nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of in Morvi State 1949 -/10

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year received by transfer or on remand.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed during present year.									Suits disposed of during present year.						Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value.	Suits re landed property.	Suits for money transaction.	Suits for other rights.	Number of Suits under Rs. 100	Number of Suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of Suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of Suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of Suits above Rs. 5,000	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised.	Struck off the file.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average Duration.	
																									y. m. d.	
Small Cause Court	-	4	526	379	526	383	522	397	4	6	1089-8-1	-	379	-	367	12	-	-	-	22	166	74	125	10918-4-8	-/1/7	
Sermyaya dhish	5	11	11	4	16	15	5	3	11	12	8225-2-	-	3	1	-	-	-	3	-	-	1	-	2	1885-2-	-/3/10	
Diwani Nyayadhish	10	10	105	87	115	97	105	79	10	18	22632-15-11	18	65	4	14	42	5	4	-	16	18	2	43	19792-8-10	-/3/2	

| | | |

APPENDIX XI.

ક. પો. નં. ૧૧ એફ.

Civil work-Results of Applications for execution of decrees 1927-28

Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for present year.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of.			Remarks.
	Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Value for present year.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
Small Cause Court	91	41	1926-13-6	696	544	21662-10-1	787	585	22589-7-7	746	529	20228-1-9	41	56	23361-6-5	46	8	2	
Sirsayadhish	16	11	18994-9-6	16	11	647761-2-5	32	22	83755-11-11	21	11	62117-7-1	11	11	21638-4-10	5	1	5	
Diwani Nyayadhish	53	57	15715-7-9	312	209	453946-6-1	365	260	611094-13-1	314	192	414221-0-6	57	68	198985-3-3	35	14	19	
Adhoi Mahalkari	-	-	-	56	54	1885-7-2	56	54	1885-7-2	56	53	1776-3-8	-	1	109-3-6				

| | | |

Appendix XII.

Civil work-Number and results of appeals in Civil suits in the Morvi State 1909-10

Tribunal.	Opening balance		Filed during		Total		Disposed of during		Closing balance		Value of appeals filed during		How disposed of.										Average duration.	
													Decision confirmed		Decision reversed		Decision amended		Cases remanded for re-trial		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of			
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
																							Y. M. D.	Y. M. D.
The Hugoor Secretary Court	·	3	8	12	8	15	5	11	3	4	890-1-9	1700-4-6	2	3	·	3	2	4	1	1	·	·	0-3-27	0-6-11
The Sirenyayadhish "	·	·	2	3	2	3	2	·	·	3	454-2 / 435-5-11	58-12-6 / 1759-0-6	·	·	1	·	·	·	1	·	·	·	0-3-2	0-0-6
Total-	·	3	10	15	10	18	7	11	3	7			2	3	1	3	2	4	2	1	·	·	·	0-6-11

Hugoor Office
8th April 1910

Sd Dhanji Kanji
for Diwan Morvi.

Appendix XIII.

ઙ. પે. નં. ૧૩ એફ.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the jails and lock-ups in the Morvi State during the year 1975-76

Stations.	No. of prisons.	Number of prisoners No.				Daily average.		Number of Prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Average period of accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.							
				Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.				
										7-h-0	
Morvi Central Jail	1	71	129	291	200	66.154	59.163	61	3242-0-0	0-1-7	
Adhoi jail	1	-	18	11	18	.617	.062	1	145-0-0	0-0-2	
Jankara jail	1	-	23	6	23	.0164	.063	5	0-0	0-0	
Wavania jail	1	-	7	12	7	.038	.019	1	6-0	0-0	
Jetpur jail	1	-	7	12	7	.031	.019	-	1-8-0	0-0	
Total	5	71	184	332	253	66.0404	59.266	68	3394-8-0	0-1-4	

Morvi Central Jail
6th April 1911

Ml Bhanji Khanji
for Diwan Morvi

Appendix XIV.

Registration of documents in the Morvi State 1909-10

Name of State.	Documents presented for registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of documents registered.		Documents of which registry has been refused.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
			Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money-bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Morvi.	288	372	176	231	74	78	6	2	22	49	10	12	288	378	112744-14	33385-8	.	.	.	.	
Adhoi Mahalkari.	9	17	8	10	.	2	.	1	1	4	.	.	9	17	30624-0	5566-4	.	.	.	.	
Jaukara Mahalkari.	1	6	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	6	.	.	1	6	920-00	843-00	.	.	.	.	
Dhandar Northern S.D.	.	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	175-0-0	.	.	.	.	
Dhandar Southern S.D.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	.	3400-0	.	.	.	.	.	
Dhandar Eastern S.D.	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	.	.	.	2	435-0-0	.	.	.	.	.	
	300	398	184	241	74	80	6	3	26	62	10	12	300	398	125547-98	34088-12	.	.	.	.	

Huzur Office
8th April 1910

Lo Bhanji Kanji
for Diwan Morvi.

Appendix XV.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration Morvi State during the year 1915-16

Description	Past year.							Present year.							Remarks.
	Number of deeds	Value of property Rs.	a.	p.	Fees realised Rs.	a.	p.	Number of deeds	Value of property Rs.	a.	p.	Fees realised Rs.	a.	p.	
Mortgage, Sale, Deed. Will, Money bonds, &c.	300	125597	9	6	363	8	-	398	340864	10	1	619	-	-	
Total ...	300	125597	9	6	363	8	-	398	340864	10	1	619	-	-	
Deduct expenditure...					306	7	8					306	14	1	
Next profit...					57	-	4					312	1	11	

Hajar Office
8th April 1916

Nol Bhanji Khanji
for Diwan Morvi

Appendix XVI.

Receipts and expenditure of the municipalities in the Morvi State during the year 1910-11

Name.	Opening balance. on 1st April.	Receipts during the year.		Total in current year.	Expenditure during the year.		Balance on the 31st March.	Remarks.
		Past.	Present.		Past.	Present.		
Municipality		300-6-6	264-12-6	264-12-6	557-1-0	656-12-4		

Nagoor office
8th April 1911.

Vol Bhanji Hanji
for Diwan Morvi State

Appendix XVII.

STATEMENT OF RAINFALL IN THE MORVI STATE

State.	April 191	May 191	June 191	July 191	August 191	September 191	October 191	November 191	December 191	January 191	February 191	March 191	Total.	Total of past year	Average of past 5 years.	Remarks.
Anek - Cash																
"																
"																
			1	92												
			17	56												
			5	29												
			5	54												
													30	59		
													12	67		
													21	16		

Anjoor Office
8th April 1910

Sd Bhanji Kanji
for Diwan Morvi

Appendix XVIII.

Statement as to prices of staple food, grains 1925-10

Article.	During March (Past year.)			During March (Present year.)			Remarks.
Bajri	1	21	.	1	26	.	
Jowar	1	25	.	1	35	.	
Rice	1	14	.	1	15	.	
Wheat	1	20/2	.	1	23	.	
[illegible]	1	21	.	1	26	.	
Arad	1	20	.	1	23	.	
Gram.	1	21	.	1	30	.	

Head Office
6th April 1910

No 1 Bhanji Khanji
for Diwan Municipality

Appendix XIX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1909-10.

Description of work.	State Funds.						Total.
	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	
Naolakhi Line & transfer from the Grant	16335-13-4						
Works under Port Officer.	2102-3-3						
Telephone Lines.	3385-12-11						
Ginning factory & Press.	16177-3-9						
Pauli Irrigation works including canal and pipe line	4347-2-8						
Mill Machinary	28908-9-9						
New Office Building & furniture	9303-5-6						
Minor Works	12000-2-1						
Establishment Charges	13245-4-5						
Repairs to Roads & Buildings		23565-7-7	497476-1-3			~~497476-1-3~~	497476-1-3

Anjoor Office.
~~8~~ April 1910

S. D. Bhanji Kanji
for Diwan Morvi.

Appendix XX.

ઇ. પો. નં. ૨૦ એફ.

Agricultural stock in the Morvi State during the year 1910

District.	Year.	Horses and cattle.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies	Asses.	Sheep and goats	With two Bullocks.	With four Bullocks.	Riding	Load carrying	
				Male.	Female.										
Morvi state	1909	186	233	20	74	104	187	23	13	35	-	-	12	-	

Hagoon office
8th April 1910

Nr. Bhanji Kanji
for Diwan Morvi

Appendix XXI.

Statement showing the excise shops and excise revenue of the Morvi State, during the year 1909.-10

Name of State.	Country Spirit.		Opium.		Ganja.		Tari.		Total.		Remarks.
	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue.	Number of shops.	Revenue	Number of shops.	Revenue.	
Morvi.	1	3501	1	2650	1	151	-	-	3	6302	

Huzoor Office
8th April 1910

Sd. Bhanji Kanji
for Diwan Morvi.

Appendix XXIII.

Statement of medical relief afforded in the Morvi State during the year 1909-10

Dispensary.	Number of patients treated		Result of Indoor patients				Expenditure.	Daily average	Remarks
	Out-door	In-door	Discharged	Absented	Died	Remaining			
Morvi State Dispensary	16573	-	-	-	-	-	6039-7-3	181.4	
Asylum	-	73	48	19	6	-	1996-3-6	5.7	
Adhoi	2722	-	-	-	-	-	674-1-10	40.3	
Tankara	2713	-	-	-	-	-	600-3-5	28.10	
Jetpur	2136	-	-	-	-	-	362-2-6	15-7	
Wawania	2329	-	-	-	-	-	578-8-0	20.8	

Hajoor Office
8th April 1910

Ini Bhanji Kanji
for Diwan Morvi

Appendix XXIV.

Vital statistics of the Morvi State for the year 1920-21

Name.	Population.	Births.		Increase	Decrease.	Deaths.		Increase.	Decrease.	Ratio per 1,000 of Population				Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.			Past year.	Present year.			Births.		Deaths		
										Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year	
Morvi state	92777	2356	2574	168	.	1768	1526	.	242	25·32	27·1	19·05	16·4	

Hagoor Office
8th April 1920

Vol Bhanji Kanji
for Diwan Morvi state

Appendix XXV.

Particulars as to the schools maintained by the Morvi State for the year 191

Number of schools.		Description of schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March		Daily Average attendance.		Expenditure.			Remarks.
Past year.	Present year.		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	High school.	Secondary.	Primary.	
1	1	High schools	392	386	315	310	10187	.	.	
1	1	Middle schools	19	28	8	21	.	189	.	
70	70	Primary schools	2143	2283	1555	1833	.	.	10609	
2	2	Girl schools	169	165	112	132	.	.	831	

Mayor's Office
8th April 1910

Nal Bhanji Hanji
for Diwan Morvi State

00134892

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